



**Data Validation (DV) Report**  
**for TESS ID 100100827**  
**Sectors 2 - 2**

This Data Validation Report was produced in the  
TESS Science Processing Operations Center (SPOC) Pipeline  
at NASA Ames Research Center

04-Oct-2018 16:30:48 Z

# Contents

<b>1</b>	<b>Summary</b>	<b>1</b>
<b>2</b>	<b>Survey Image</b>	<b>2</b>
<b>3</b>	<b>Flux Time Series</b>	<b>3</b>
<b>4</b>	<b>Dashboards</b>	<b>5</b>
<b>5</b>	<b>Pixel Level Diagnostics</b>	<b>7</b>
5.1	Planet Candidate 1 . . . . .	7
5.2	Planet Candidate 2 . . . . .	11
5.3	Difference Image TIC Key . . . . .	15
<b>6</b>	<b>Phased Light Curves</b>	<b>16</b>
<b>7</b>	<b>Planet Candidate 1</b>	<b>20</b>
7.1	Model Fitter: All Transits . . . . .	20
7.2	Model Fitter: Reduced Parameter Fit Results . . . . .	25
7.3	Model Fitter: Trapezoidal Fit Results . . . . .	27
7.4	Validation Tests . . . . .	29
7.4.1	Weak Secondary Test . . . . .	29
7.4.2	Eclipsing Binary Discrimination Test . . . . .	29
7.4.3	Bootstrap Test . . . . .	30
7.4.4	Ghost Diagnostic Test . . . . .	30
7.4.5	Validation Test Figures . . . . .	31
<b>8</b>	<b>Planet Candidate 2</b>	<b>35</b>
8.1	Model Fitter: All Transits . . . . .	35
8.2	Model Fitter: Reduced Parameter Fit Results . . . . .	38
8.3	Model Fitter: Trapezoidal Fit Results . . . . .	40
8.4	Validation Tests . . . . .	42
8.4.1	Weak Secondary Test . . . . .	42
8.4.2	Eclipsing Binary Discrimination Test . . . . .	42
8.4.3	Bootstrap Test . . . . .	43
8.4.4	Ghost Diagnostic Test . . . . .	43
8.4.5	Validation Test Figures . . . . .	44
<b>Appendices</b>		<b>48</b>
<b>A</b>	<b>Planet Candidate 1</b>	<b>48</b>
A.1	Model Fitter: All Transits . . . . .	48
A.2	Model Fitter: Odd & Even Transits . . . . .	50
A.3	Eclipsing Binary Discrimination Test . . . . .	55
<b>B</b>	<b>Planet Candidate 2</b>	<b>56</b>
B.1	Model Fitter: All Transits . . . . .	56

B.2 Model Fitter: Odd & Even Transits . . . . .	58
B.3 Eclipsing Binary Discrimination Test . . . . .	63
<b>C Alerts</b>	<b>64</b>

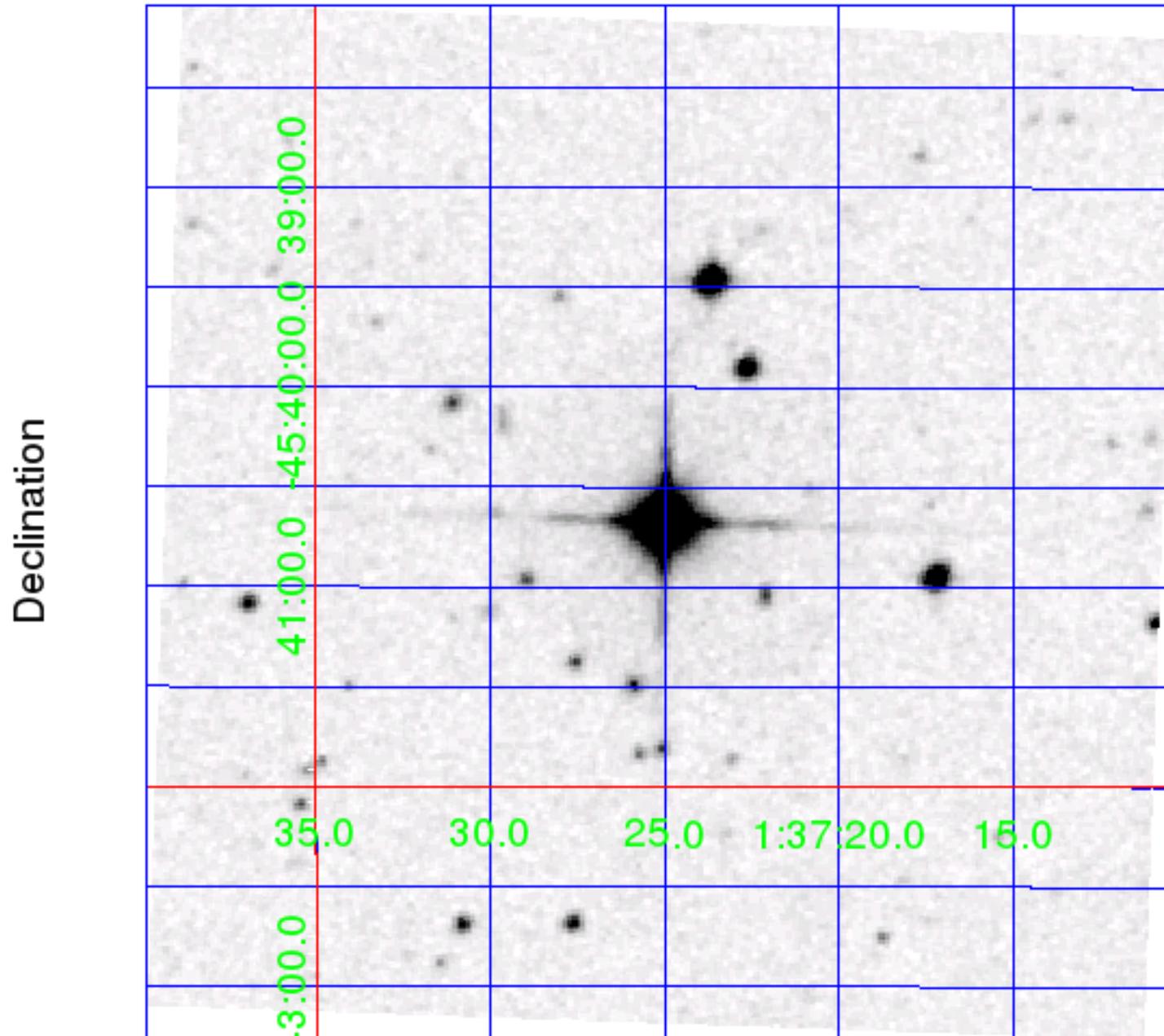
# 1 Summary

Target Properties	Value	Uncertainty	Units	Provenance
Catalog ID	100100827			
TOI ID	-			
TESS Name	-			
RA	24.35431400	0	degrees	TIC7
Dec	-45.67789600	0	degrees	TIC7
Magnitude	8.833	0.017		TIC7
Radius	1.230	0.000	Solar radii	TIC7
Effective Temperature	6400	0	Kelvin	TIC7
log(g)	4.366	0	cm/sec <sup>2</sup>	TIC7
[M/H]	0.100	0.1	Solar metallicity	TIC7
Stellar Density	0.689	0.000	Solar density	TIC7-Derived
Limb Darkening Coefficient 1	0.4841			
Limb Darkening Coefficient 2	0.34123			
Limb Darkening Coefficient 3	-0.24725			
Limb Darkening Coefficient 4	0.046075			
Number of Planet Candidates	2			
TOI Model	-			
TESS Names Model	-			
External TCE Model	-			
Software Revision	spoc-3.3.37-20181001			
Date Report Generated	04-Oct-2018 16:30:48 Z			

Sector	Target Table	Camera/ CCD	Crowding Metric	Flux Fraction
2	129	2:2	0.9922	0.8947

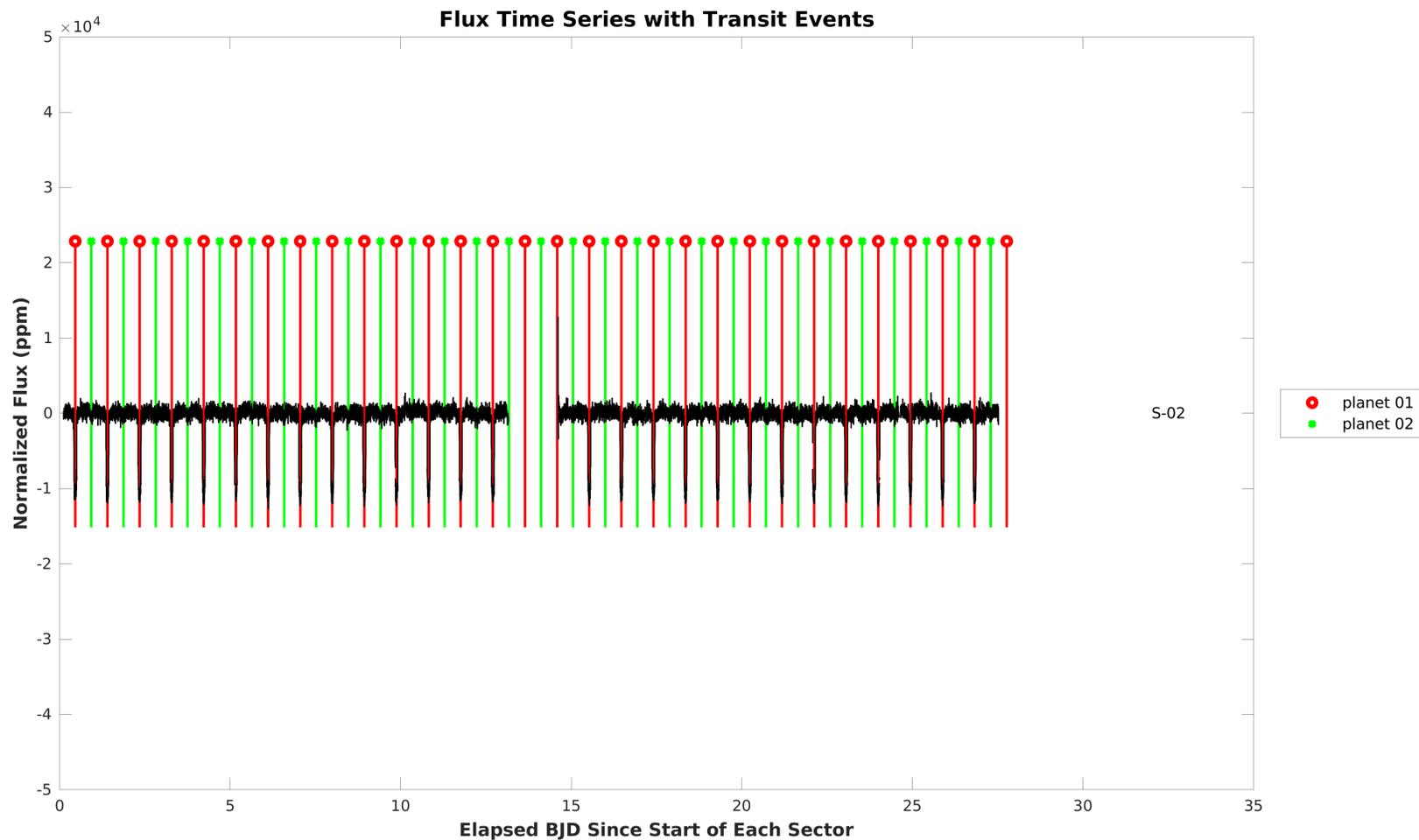
Planet Candidate	TOI ID	TESS Name	TOI Correlation	Period (days)	Period Ratio	Epoch (BTJD)	Semi-major Axis (AU)	Radius (Re)	Seff	Teq (K)	False Alarm	Suspected EB
1	-	-	-	0.941	1.00	1354.458	0.02	13.0	5449.4	2191	0.00e+00	false
2	-	-	-	0.942	1.00	1354.928	0.02	2.5	5448.9	2191	8.49e-28	false

## 2 Survey Image

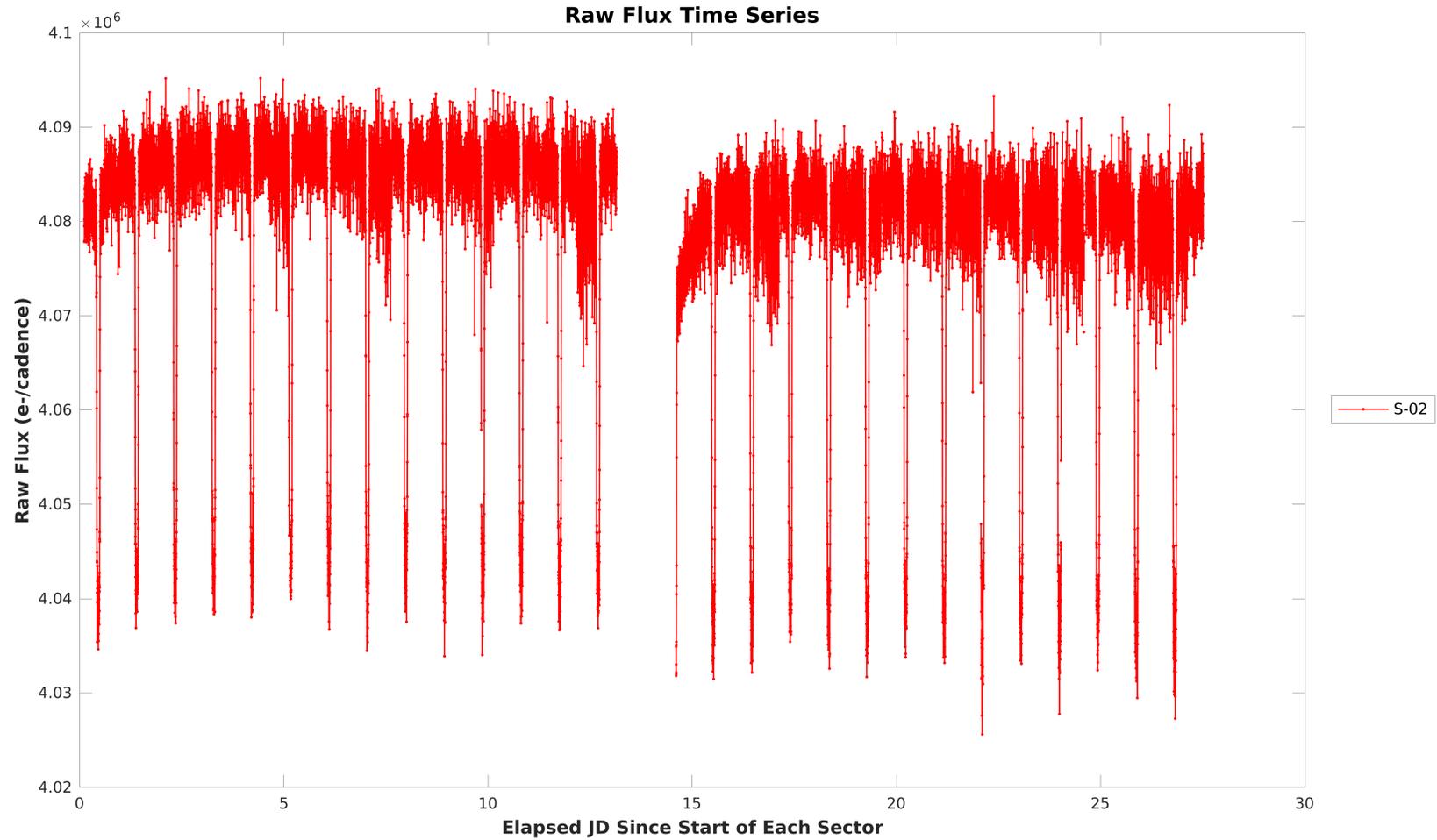


Digitized Sky Survey (DSS) red image. The 5' x 5' image is centered on the J2000 coordinates of target (100100827).

### 3 Flux Time Series



Summary plot of sector-stitched flux time series and transits for target 100100827, marked with DV fitted epoch/period (or TPS epoch/period if fit was not successful). Transits of identified planets are labeled with epoch BTJD and orbital period. For the data of sector 2, target table 129, start BJD is 2458354. Open `./summary-plots/0000000100100827-00-flux-dv-fit-02-129.fig`



Summary plot of raw flux time series. For the data of sector 2, target table 129, start JD is 2458354.  
Open `./summary-plots/0000000100100827-00-raw-flux-02-129.fig`

## 4 Dashboards

## Planet Candidate 1

<b>Model Fitter</b>	<b>Stellar Radius</b> 1.2 ± 0.0 Solar units		<b>Core Aperture Correlation Statistic</b> Value = 254.36 Significance = 100.00%		<b>Ghost Diagnostic Test</b>	
	Period = 0.9 ± 0.0 days Depth = 10682 ± 30 ppm Planet Radius = 13.0 ± 0.0 Earth radii Semi-major Axis = 0.0 ± 0.0 AU Effective Stellar Flux = 5449.4 ± 0.0 Equilibrium Temperature = 2191 ± 0 Kelvin Chi-squared/DoF = 0.8 SNR = 360.8		<b>Halo Aperture Correlation Statistic</b> Value = 70.98 Significance = 100.00%  <b>Core/Halo Ratio</b> Ratio = 3.58			
<b>Eclipsing Binary Discrimination Test</b>	<b>Odd-Even Depth Comparison Statistic</b> Value = 2.25e+00 Significance = 13.40%		<b>Offsets Relative to Out of Transit Centroid</b> Source RA Offset = 3.74e-01 ± 2.50e+00 arcsec (0.15 $\sigma$ ) Source Dec Offset = -6.65e-01 ± 2.50e+00 arcsec (-0.27 $\sigma$ ) Source Offset Distance = 7.63e-01 ± 2.50e+00 arcsec (0.31 $\sigma$ )  <b>Offsets Relative to TIC Position</b> Source RA Offset = -1.10e+00 ± 2.50e+00 arcsec (-0.44 $\sigma$ ) Source Dec Offset = -7.04e-01 ± 2.50e+00 arcsec (-0.28 $\sigma$ ) Source Offset Distance = 1.30e+00 ± 2.50e+00 arcsec (0.52 $\sigma$ )		<b>Difference Image Centroid Offsets</b>	
	<b>Shorter Period Comparison Statistic</b> Value = <i>N/A</i> Significance = <i>N/A</i>	<b>Longer Period Comparison Statistic</b> Value = 2.44e-07 Significance = 0.04%	False Alarm = 0.00e+00 Transit Count = 29 Max Multiple Event Statistic = 357.1		<b>Bootstrap Test</b>	

Summary of model fitter results and validation test results for target 100100827, planet candidate 1. In general, green denotes that the candidate is likely a planet, while red denotes that the candidate is unlikely to be a planet. Cyan denotes that no data is available. The color of the Model Fitter block is: green, when the SNR of the fit is greater than or equal to 10; yellow, if the SNR is greater than or equal to 7.1 but less than 10; red, if the SNR is less than 7.1 or if the fitter failed. The color of the Ghost Diagnostic Test and Eclipsing Binary Discrimination Test blocks are: green, when the significance is within 2-sigma; yellow, when the significance is between 2- and 3-sigma; red when the significance is greater than 3-sigma. The color of the Difference Image Centroid Offsets block is: green, when the max offset distance sigma is less than or equal to 2; yellow, when the max sigma is between 2 and 3; red when the max sigma is greater than 3. The color of the Bootstrap Test block is green whenever the false alarm probability is less than  $10^{-12}$ , low enough to limit the total number of false alarms from a four year mission to less than one. If the false alarm probability is greater than  $10^{-12}$ , the color of the Bootstrap Test block is: green, when the false alarm probability is less than or equal to the CCDF of a Gaussian distribution at the observed maximum multiple event statistic; yellow when the false alarm probability is between 1 and 2 times that of a Gaussian distribution at the max multiple event statistic; and red when the false alarm probability is more than 2 times that of a Gaussian distribution at the max multiple event statistic.

## Planet Candidate 2

Model Fitter	<b>Stellar Radius</b> $1.2 \pm 0.0$ Solar units		<b>Core Aperture Correlation Statistic</b> Value = 9.90 Significance = 100.00%	Ghost Diagnostic Test
	Period = $0.9 \pm 0.0$ days Depth = $387 \pm 22$ ppm Planet Radius = $2.5 \pm 1.2$ Earth radii Semi-major Axis = $0.0 \pm 0.0$ AU Effective Stellar Flux = $5448.9 \pm 0.6$ Equilibrium Temperature = $2191 \pm 0$ Kelvin Chi-squared/DoF = 0.8 SNR = 18.5		<b>Halo Aperture Correlation Statistic</b> Value = 1.46 Significance = 92.76%  <b>Core/Halo Ratio</b> Ratio = 6.79	
Eclipsing Binary Discrimination Test	<b>Odd-Even Depth Comparison Statistic</b> Value = 1.10e-01 Significance = 73.98%		<b>Offsets Relative to Out of Transit Centroid</b> Source RA Offset = $-2.81e+00 \pm 2.57e+00$ arcsec ( $-1.10 \sigma$ ) Source Dec Offset = $-2.07e-01 \pm 2.63e+00$ arcsec ( $-0.08 \sigma$ ) Source Offset Distance = $2.82e+00 \pm 2.57e+00$ arcsec ( $1.10 \sigma$ )  <b>Offsets Relative to TIC Position</b> Source RA Offset = $-4.29e+00 \pm 2.57e+00$ arcsec ( $-1.67 \sigma$ ) Source Dec Offset = $-2.43e-01 \pm 2.63e+00$ arcsec ( $-0.09 \sigma$ ) Source Offset Distance = $4.29e+00 \pm 2.57e+00$ arcsec ( $1.67 \sigma$ )	Difference Image Centroid Offsets
	<b>Shorter Period Comparison Statistic</b> Value = 2.44e-07 Significance = 0.04%	<b>Longer Period Comparison Statistic</b> Value = <i>N/A</i> Significance = <i>N/A</i>	False Alarm = 8.49e-28 Transit Count = 29 Max Multiple Event Statistic = 14.7	

Summary of model fitter results and validation test results for target 100100827, planet candidate 2. In general, green denotes that the candidate is likely a planet, while red denotes that the candidate is unlikely to be a planet. Cyan denotes that no data is available. The color of the Model Fitter block is: green, when the SNR of the fit is greater than or equal to 10; yellow, if the SNR is greater than or equal to 7.1 but less than 10; red, if the SNR is less than 7.1 or if the fitter failed. The color of the Ghost Diagnostic Test and Eclipsing Binary Discrimination Test blocks are: green, when the significance is within 2-sigma; yellow, when the significance is between 2- and 3-sigma; red when the significance is greater than 3-sigma. The color of the Difference Image Centroid Offsets block is: green, when the max offset distance sigma is less than or equal to 2; yellow, when the max sigma is between 2 and 3; red when the max sigma is greater than 3. The color of the Bootstrap Test block is green whenever the false alarm probability is less than  $10^{-12}$ , low enough to limit the total number of false alarms from a four year mission to less than one. If the false alarm probability is greater than  $10^{-12}$ , the color of the Bootstrap Test block is: green, when the false alarm probability is less than or equal to the CCDF of a Gaussian distribution at the observed maximum multiple event statistic; yellow when the false alarm probability is between 1 and 2 times that of a Gaussian distribution at the max multiple event statistic; and red when the false alarm probability is more than 2 times that of a Gaussian distribution at the max multiple event statistic.

## 5 Pixel Level Diagnostics

To reduce clutter, the catalog IDs in the difference images have been replaced by indices representing distance from the target star. The mapping between the indices and the catalog IDs is found in a table at the end of this section.

### 5.1 Planet Candidate 1

#### Multi-Sector Average PRF Fit of the Difference Images

Mean offset from the PRF fit to the out of transit image

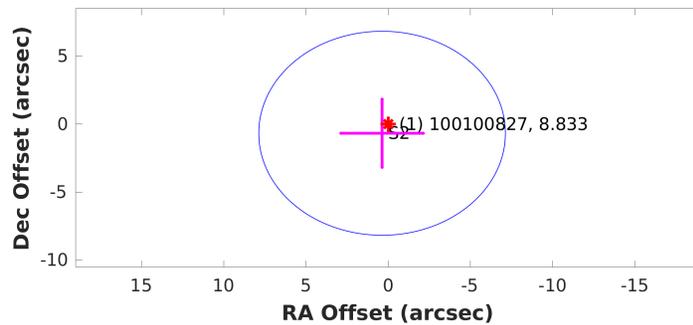
	RA	Dec	Units
Offset	$0.3738 \pm 2.50e + 00$	$-0.6654 \pm 2.50e + 00$	arcseconds
Offset/ $\sigma$	0.15	-0.27	
Offset Distance	$0.7632 \pm 2.50e + 00$		arcseconds
Offset Distance/ $\sigma$	0.31		
$3\sigma$ Radius	7.5007		arcseconds

Mean offset from the TIC RA and Dec

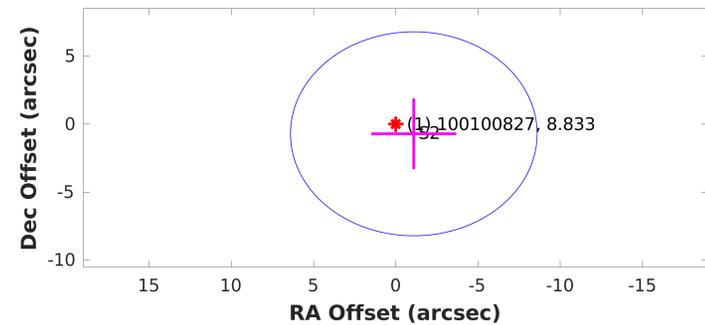
	RA	Dec	Units
Offset	$-1.0966 \pm 2.50e + 00$	$-0.7044 \pm 2.50e + 00$	arcseconds
Offset/ $\sigma$	-0.44	-0.28	
Offset Distance	$1.3034 \pm 2.50e + 00$		arcseconds
Offset Distance/ $\sigma$	0.52		
$3\sigma$ Radius	7.5005		arcseconds

#### Planet Candidate 1

Offsets Relative to Out of Transit Centroid



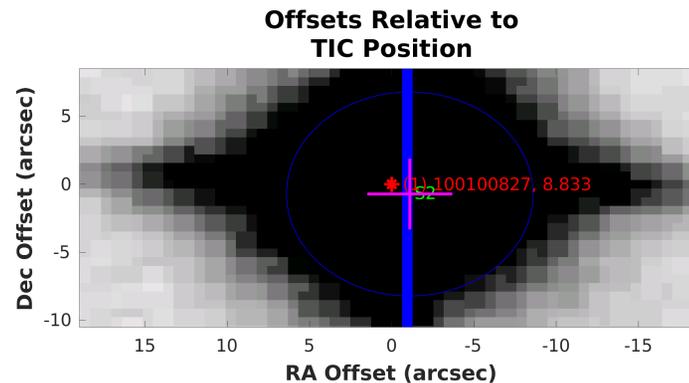
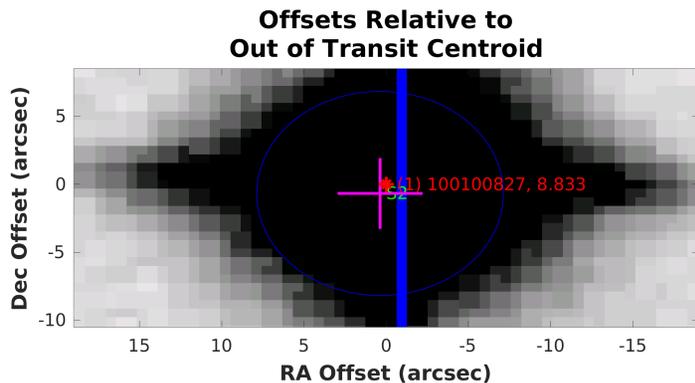
Offsets Relative to TIC Position



Difference image centroid offsets for target 100100827, planet candidate 1. Left: difference image PRF centroid offsets in RA and Dec with respect to the per sector out-of-transit centroids for the given target. Right: difference image PRF centroid offsets in RA and Dec with respect to the TIC coordinates of the given target. Symbol key: green cross: per sector centroid offsets with 1-sigma error bars in RA and Dec; magenta cross: robust weighted mean offset over all sectors with 1-sigma error bars in RA and Dec; blue circle: 3-sigma radius of confusion for weighted mean offset; red asterisk: location of target star; blue asterisk: location of other TIC objects in the neighborhood. TIC ID and magnitude are noted in the text associated with each marked object. A constant error term of 2.5000 arcseconds has been added in quadrature to the computed uncertainty in the RA and Dec components of the robust mean offset.

Open `./planet-01/difference-image/0000000100100827-01-difference-image-centroid-offsets.fig`

## Planet Candidate 1



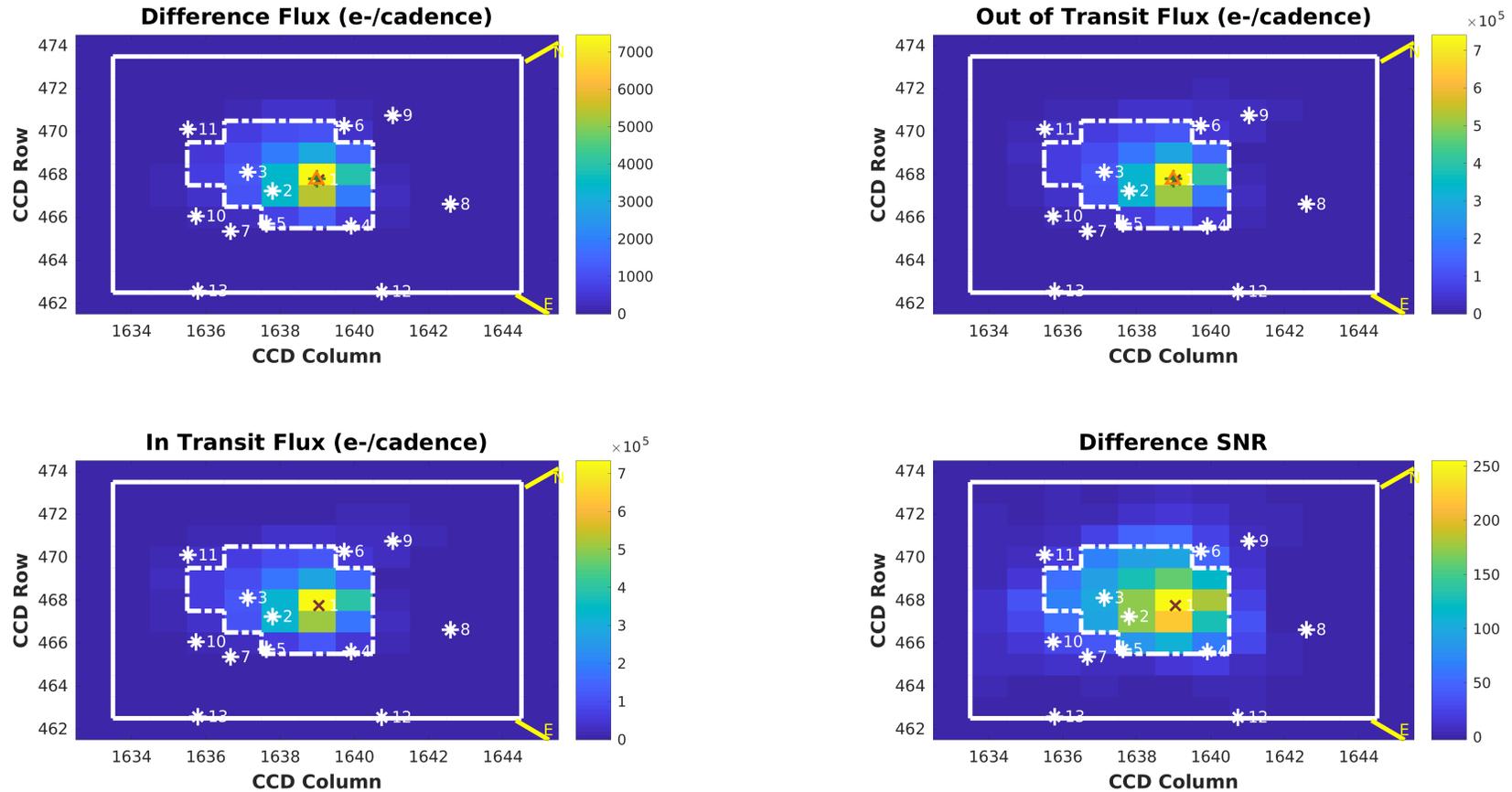
Difference image centroid offsets for target 100100827, planet candidate 1, displayed on survey image for given target. Left: difference image PRF centroid offsets in RA and Dec with respect to the per sector out-of-transit centroids for the given target. Right: difference image PRF centroid offsets in RA and Dec with respect to the TIC coordinates of the given target. Symbol key: green cross: per sector centroid offsets with 1-sigma error bars in RA and Dec; magenta cross: robust weighted mean offset over all sectors with 1-sigma error bars in RA and Dec; blue circle: 3-sigma radius of confusion for weighted mean offset; red asterisk: location of target star; blue asterisk: location of other TIC objects in the neighborhood. TIC ID and magnitude are noted in the text associated with each marked object. A constant error term of 2.5000 arcseconds has been added in quadrature to the computed uncertainty in the RA and Dec components of the robust mean offset.

Open `./planet-01/difference-image/0000000100100827-01-difference-image-centroid-offsets-survey.fig`

## Difference Image Summary Metrics

Number of Difference Images	Number of Metrics	Number of Good Metrics	Fraction of Good Metrics	Quality Threshold
1	1	1	1.0000	0.70

**Difference Image**  
**Planet Candidate 1 / Sector 2 / Target Pixel Table 129**



Difference image for target 100100827, planet candidate 1, sector 2, target pixel table 129. Upper left: difference between mean flux out-of-transit and in-transit; upper right: mean out-of-transit flux; lower left: mean in-transit flux; lower right: difference between mean flux out-of-transit and in-transit after normalizing by the uncertainty in the difference for each pixel. The optimal aperture is outlined with a white dash-dotted line in each panel and the target mask is outlined with a solid white line. Symbol key: x: target position from TIC RA and Dec converted to CCD coordinates via motion polynomials; \*: position of nearby TIC objects converted to CCD coordinates via motion polynomials; +: PRF-fit location of target from out-of-transit image; triangle: PRF-fit location of transit source from the difference image. Number of transits = 25; number of valid in-transit cadences = 1284; number of in-transit cadence gaps = 21; number of valid out-of-transit cadences = 3388; number of out-of-transit cadence gaps = 42. Difference image quality metric = 1.00 (good).

Open `./planet-01/difference-image/0000000100100827-01-difference-image-02-129.fig`

## PRF Fit of the Difference Image

## Offset from the PRF fit to the out of transit image

	Row	Column	Units	RA	Dec	Units
Out of Transit Image Centroid	$467.81 \pm 9.92e - 06$	$1638.99 \pm 9.15e - 06$	pixels	$24.35391850 \pm 9.57e - 07$	$-45.67780104 \pm 1.01e - 06$	degrees
Difference Image Centroid	$467.77 \pm 1.81e - 03$	$1638.98 \pm 1.70e - 03$	pixels	$24.35406711 \pm 9.78e - 06$	$-45.67798587 \pm 1.04e - 05$	degrees
Offset	$-0.0369 \pm 1.81e - 03$	$-0.0095 \pm 1.70e - 03$	pixels	$0.3738 \pm 2.48e - 02$	$-0.6654 \pm 3.76e - 02$	arcseconds
Offset/ $\sigma$	-20.35	-5.62		15.09	-17.68	
Offset Distance	$0.0381 \pm 1.82e - 03$		pixels	$0.7632 \pm 3.57e - 02$		arcseconds
Offset Distance/ $\sigma$	20.95			21.39		

## Offset from the TIC RA and Dec converted to pixels via motion polynomials

	Row	Column	Units	RA	Dec	Units
TIC Reference Centroid	$467.75 \pm 1.89e - 04$	$1639.05 \pm 1.52e - 04$	pixels	$24.35450311 \pm 0.00e + 00$	$-45.67779019 \pm 0.00e + 00$	degrees
Difference Image Centroid	$467.77 \pm 1.81e - 03$	$1638.98 \pm 1.70e - 03$	pixels	$24.35406711 \pm 9.78e - 06$	$-45.67798587 \pm 1.04e - 05$	degrees
Offset	$0.0163 \pm 1.82e - 03$	$-0.0649 \pm 1.71e - 03$	pixels	$-1.0966 \pm 2.46e - 02$	$-0.7044 \pm 3.75e - 02$	arcseconds
Offset/ $\sigma$	8.93	-38.02		-44.60	-18.80	
Offset Distance	$0.0669 \pm 1.70e - 03$		pixels	$1.3034 \pm 2.81e - 02$		arcseconds
Offset Distance/ $\sigma$	39.34			46.31		

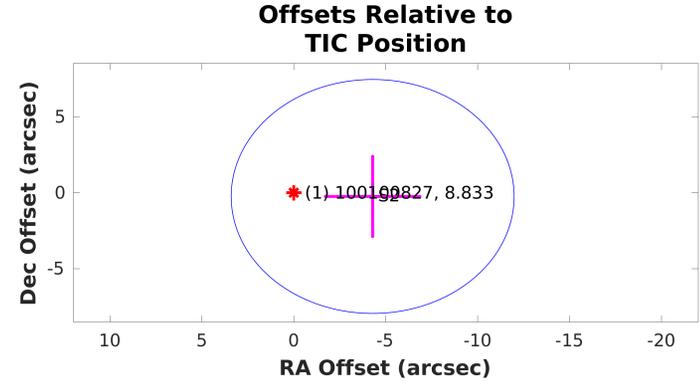
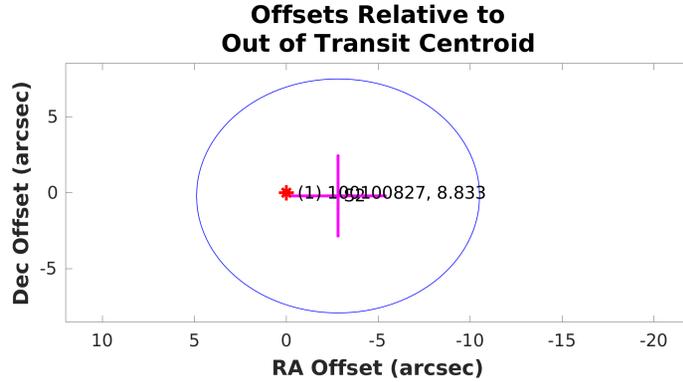
## 5.2 Planet Candidate 2

## Multi-Sector Average PRF Fit of the Difference Images

Mean offset from the PRF fit to the out of transit image			
	RA	Dec	Units
Offset	$-2.8140 \pm 2.57e + 00$	$-0.2074 \pm 2.63e + 00$	arcseconds
Offset/ $\sigma$	-1.10	-0.08	
Offset Distance	$2.8217 \pm 2.57e + 00$		arcseconds
Offset Distance/ $\sigma$	1.10		
$3\sigma$ Radius	7.6980		arcseconds

Mean offset from the TIC RA and Dec			
	RA	Dec	Units
Offset	$-4.2862 \pm 2.57e + 00$	$-0.2426 \pm 2.63e + 00$	arcseconds
Offset/ $\sigma$	-1.67	-0.09	
Offset Distance	$4.2930 \pm 2.57e + 00$		arcseconds
Offset Distance/ $\sigma$	1.67		
$3\sigma$ Radius	7.6975		arcseconds

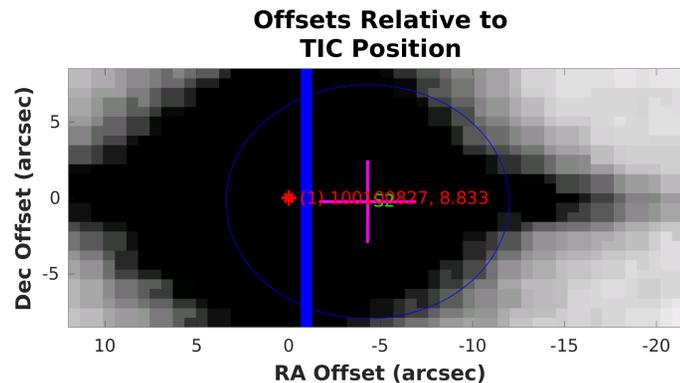
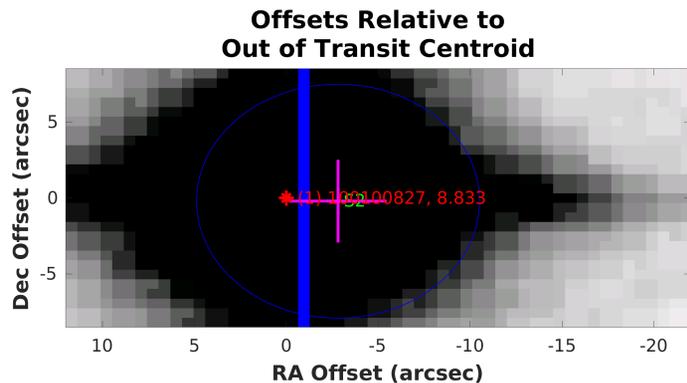
## Planet Candidate 2



Difference image centroid offsets for target 100100827, planet candidate 2. Left: difference image PRF centroid offsets in RA and Dec with respect to the per sector out-of-transit centroids for the given target. Right: difference image PRF centroid offsets in RA and Dec with respect to the TIC coordinates of the given target. Symbol key: green cross: per sector centroid offsets with 1-sigma error bars in RA and Dec; magenta cross: robust weighted mean offset over all sectors with 1-sigma error bars in RA and Dec; blue circle: 3-sigma radius of confusion for weighted mean offset; red asterisk: location of target star; blue asterisk: location of other TIC objects in the neighborhood. TIC ID and magnitude are noted in the text associated with each marked object. A constant error term of 2.5000 arcseconds has been added in quadrature to the computed uncertainty in the RA and Dec components of the robust mean offset.

Open `./planet-02/difference-image/0000000100100827-02-difference-image-centroid-offsets.fig`

## Planet Candidate 2



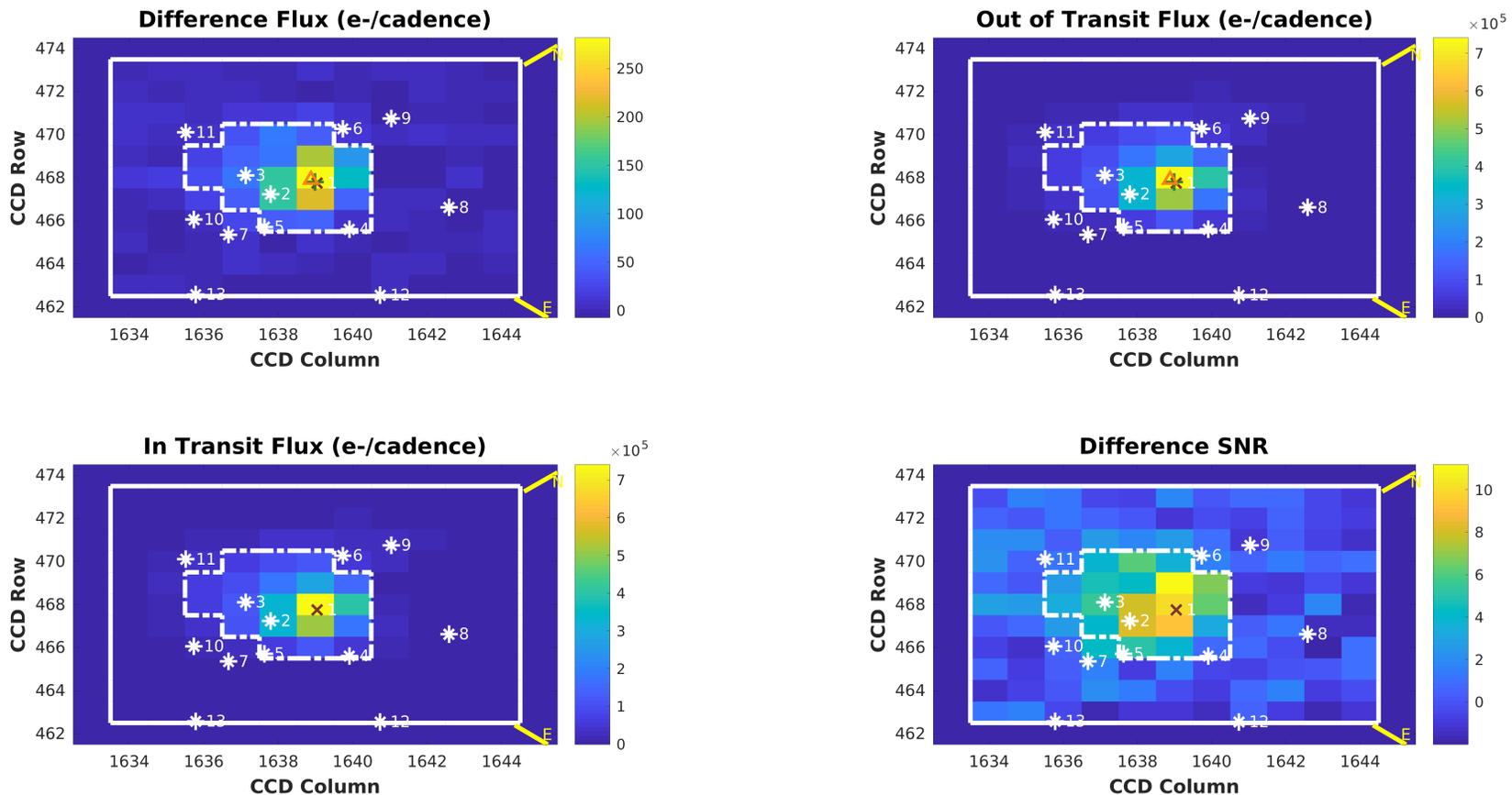
Difference image centroid offsets for target 100100827, planet candidate 2, displayed on survey image for given target. Left: difference image PRF centroid offsets in RA and Dec with respect to the per sector out-of-transit centroids for the given target. Right: difference image PRF centroid offsets in RA and Dec with respect to the TIC coordinates of the given target. Symbol key: green cross: per sector centroid offsets with 1-sigma error bars in RA and Dec; magenta cross: robust weighted mean offset over all sectors with 1-sigma error bars in RA and Dec; blue circle: 3-sigma radius of confusion for weighted mean offset; red asterisk: location of target star; blue asterisk: location of other TIC objects in the neighborhood. TIC ID and magnitude are noted in the text associated with each marked object. A constant error term of 2.5000 arcseconds has been added in quadrature to the computed uncertainty in the RA and Dec components of the robust mean offset.

Open `./planet-02/difference-image/0000000100100827-02-difference-image-centroid-offsets-survey.fig`

## Difference Image Summary Metrics

Number of Difference Images	Number of Metrics	Number of Good Metrics	Fraction of Good Metrics	Quality Threshold
1	1	1	1.0000	0.70

**Difference Image**  
**Planet Candidate 2 / Sector 2 / Target Pixel Table 129**



Difference image for target 100100827, planet candidate 2, sector 2, target pixel table 129. Upper left: difference between mean flux out-of-transit and in-transit; upper right: mean out-of-transit flux; lower left: mean in-transit flux; lower right: difference between mean flux out-of-transit and in-transit after normalizing by the uncertainty in the difference for each pixel. The optimal aperture is outlined with a white dash-dotted line in each panel and the target mask is outlined with a solid white line. Symbol key: x: target position from TIC RA and Dec converted to CCD coordinates via motion polynomials; \*: position of nearby TIC objects converted to CCD coordinates via motion polynomials; +: PRF-fit location of target from out-of-transit image; triangle: PRF-fit location of transit source from the difference image. Number of transits = 26; number of valid in-transit cadences = 1453; number of in-transit cadence gaps = 17; number of valid out-of-transit cadences = 3417; number of out-of-transit cadence gaps = 67. Difference image quality metric = 0.98 (good).

Open `./planet-02/difference-image/0000000100100827-02-difference-image-02-129.fig`

## PRF Fit of the Difference Image

## Offset from the PRF fit to the out of transit image

	Row	Column	Units	RA	Dec	Units
Out of Transit Image Centroid	$467.81 \pm 9.88e - 06$	$1638.99 \pm 9.11e - 06$	pixels	$24.35391783 \pm 9.57e - 07$	$-45.67779997 \pm 1.01e - 06$	degrees
Difference Image Centroid	$467.90 \pm 4.37e - 02$	$1638.88 \pm 3.61e - 02$	pixels	$24.35279907 \pm 2.29e - 04$	$-45.67785758 \pm 2.29e - 04$	degrees
Offset	$0.0971 \pm 4.37e - 02$	$-0.1106 \pm 3.61e - 02$	pixels	$-2.8140 \pm 5.77e - 01$	$-0.2074 \pm 8.26e - 01$	arcseconds
Offset/ $\sigma$	2.22	-3.06		-4.88	-0.25	
Offset Distance	$0.1471 \pm 4.06e - 02$		pixels	$2.8217 \pm 5.67e - 01$		arcseconds
Offset Distance/ $\sigma$	3.62			4.98		

## Offset from the TIC RA and Dec converted to pixels via motion polynomials

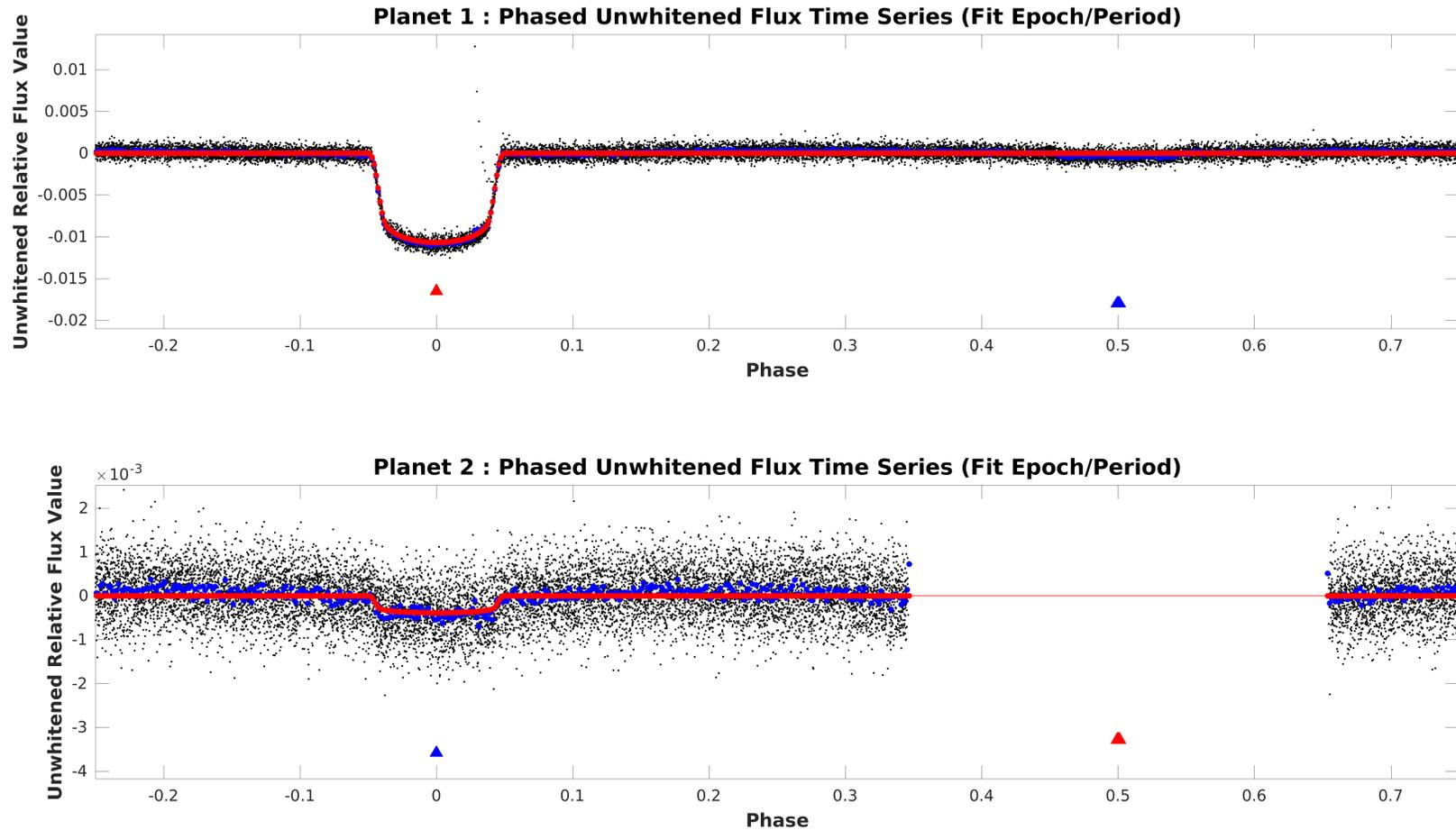
	Row	Column	Units	RA	Dec	Units
TIC Reference Centroid	$467.75 \pm 1.89e - 04$	$1639.05 \pm 1.52e - 04$	pixels	$24.35450311 \pm 0.00e + 00$	$-45.67779019 \pm 0.00e + 00$	degrees
Difference Image Centroid	$467.90 \pm 4.37e - 02$	$1638.88 \pm 3.61e - 02$	pixels	$24.35279907 \pm 2.29e - 04$	$-45.67785758 \pm 2.29e - 04$	degrees
Offset	$0.1504 \pm 4.37e - 02$	$-0.1658 \pm 3.61e - 02$	pixels	$-4.2862 \pm 5.76e - 01$	$-0.2426 \pm 8.26e - 01$	arcseconds
Offset/ $\sigma$	3.44	-4.59		-7.44	-0.29	
Offset Distance	$0.2239 \pm 4.07e - 02$		pixels	$4.2930 \pm 5.69e - 01$		arcseconds
Offset Distance/ $\sigma$	5.49			7.55		

### 5.3 Difference Image TIC Key

Index	Catalog ID	Mag	RA (degrees)	Dec (degrees)	Distance (arcsec)
1	100100827	8.833	24.35450311	-45.67779019	0.00
2	100100833	19.044	24.35061700	-45.68485300	27.24
3	100100831	18.271	24.34226770	-45.68406999	38.19
4	100100830	18.453	24.37076629	-45.68285273	44.78
5	100100836	17.819	24.35798363	-45.69160020	50.48
6	100100825	14.264	24.34452253	-45.66501374	52.40
7	100100838	17.366	24.35474826	-45.69687358	68.70
8	100100826	17.066	24.37959000	-45.66808300	72.13
9	100100823	12.655	24.34892609	-45.65789829	72.97
10	100100839	17.792	24.34596332	-45.69780161	75.18
11	100100829	12.496	24.32283037	-45.68258732	81.52
12	100100835	18.253	24.39181466	-45.69171413	106.40
13	100100844	16.368	24.36512354	-45.71147473	124.17
14	100100840	17.613	24.39526600	-45.69788400	125.48
15	100100845	16.191	24.37852907	-45.71141498	135.30
16	100100842	17.511	24.39786917	-45.70145392	138.40
17	100100846	17.008	24.32829901	-45.71260014	141.59

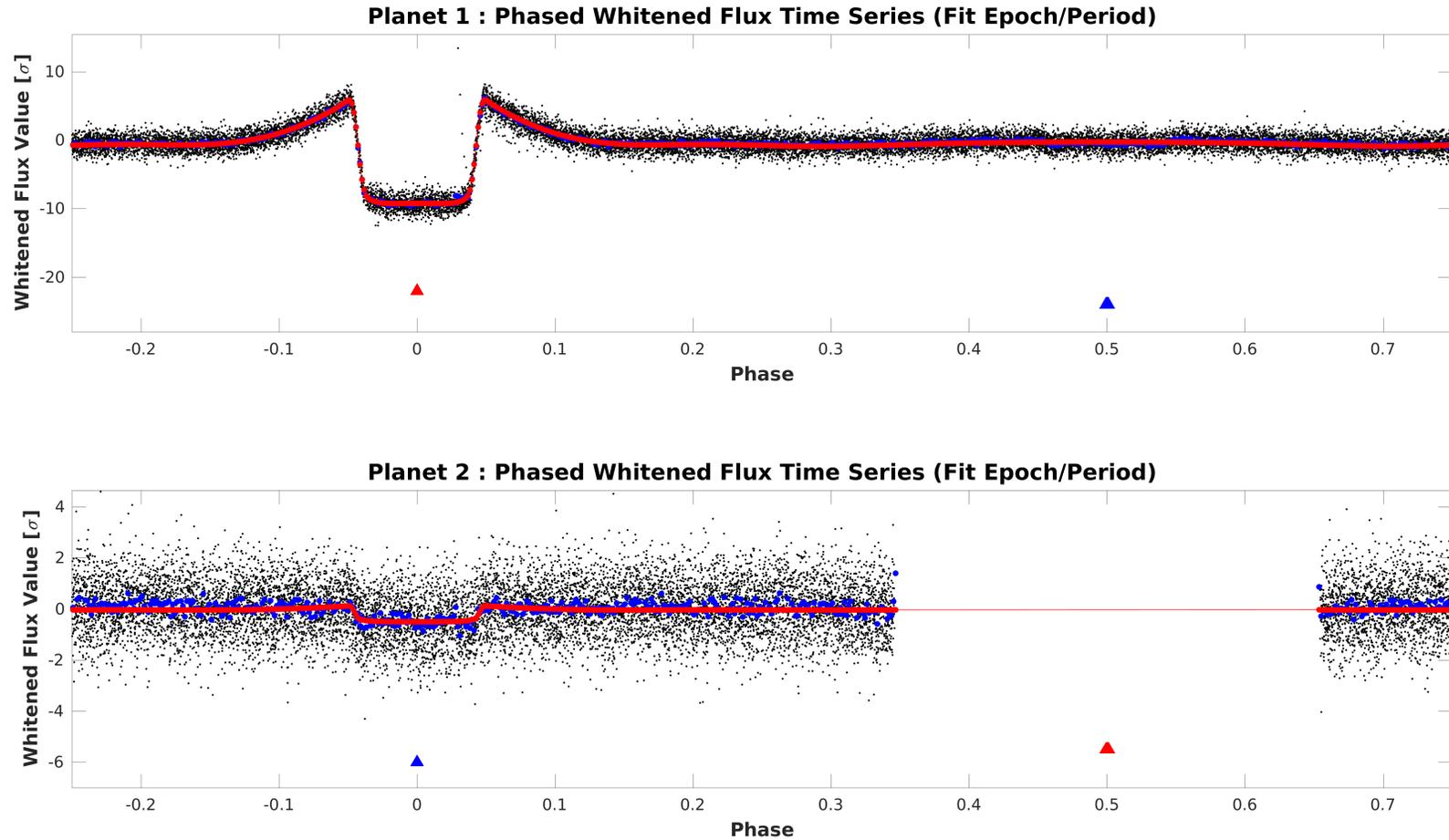
RA, Dec and Distances are corrected for proper motion. This table may not contain all of the objects shown.

## 6 Phased Light Curves



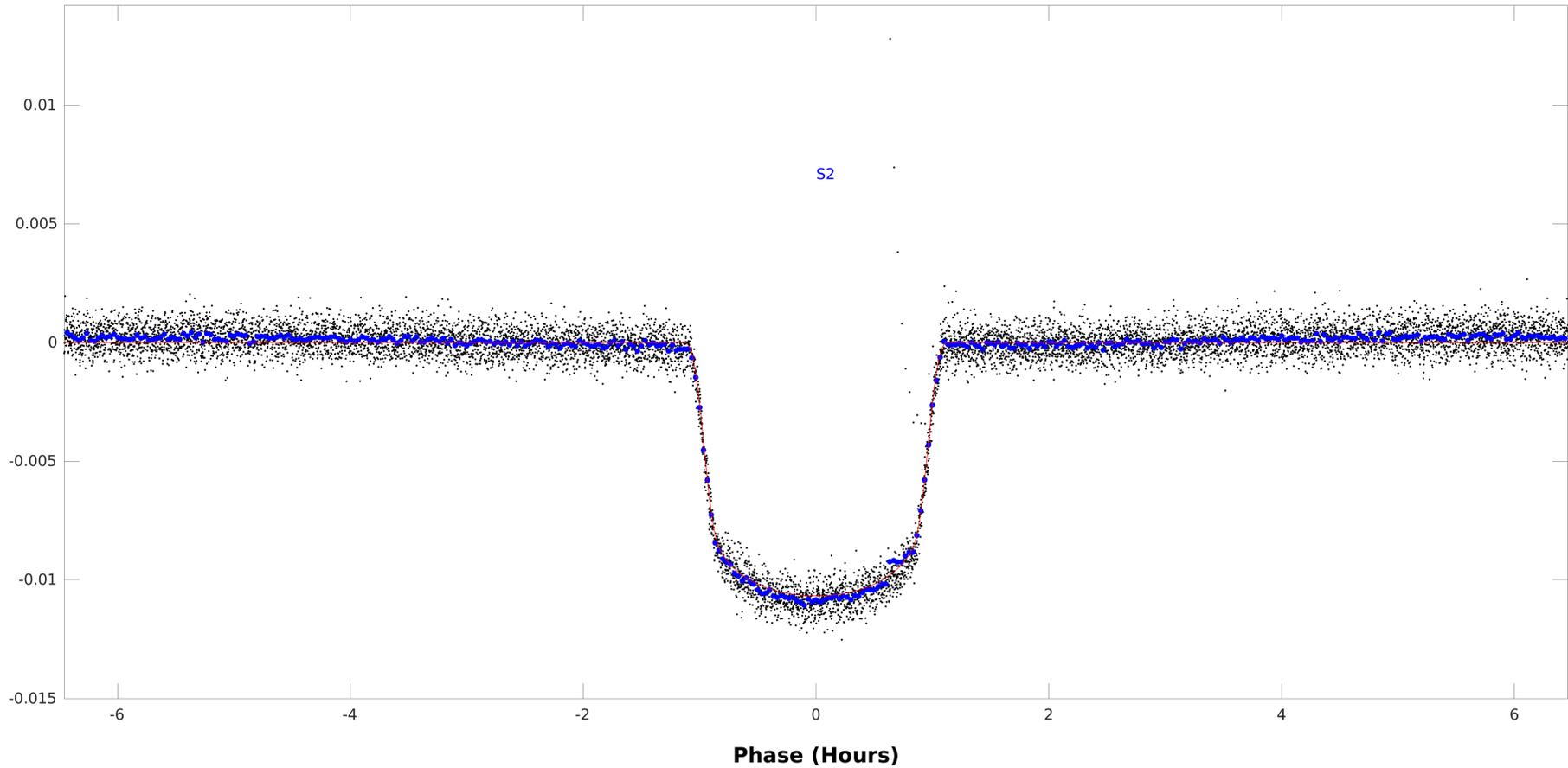
Phased unwhitened flux time series is plotted in black dots. When all transits fit completed with full or secondary convergence, the phase is determined with the fitted epoch and period; otherwise, the phase is determined with the TPS epoch and period. The values of the phased unwhitened flux time series averaged in one cadence wide bins are plotted in bigger blue dots. When all transits fit completes with full or secondary convergence, the averaged values of the phased unwhitened fitted model light curve are plotted in red dots. Transit event markers in different colors indicate the locations of the transits of all planet candidates. The transits of the same planet candidate are labeled with the markers of the same color, for example, blue markers for transits of plane candidate #1, red markers for transits of planet candidate #2, etc.

Open `./summary-plots/0000000100100827-01-phased-unwhitened-flux-time-series.fig`

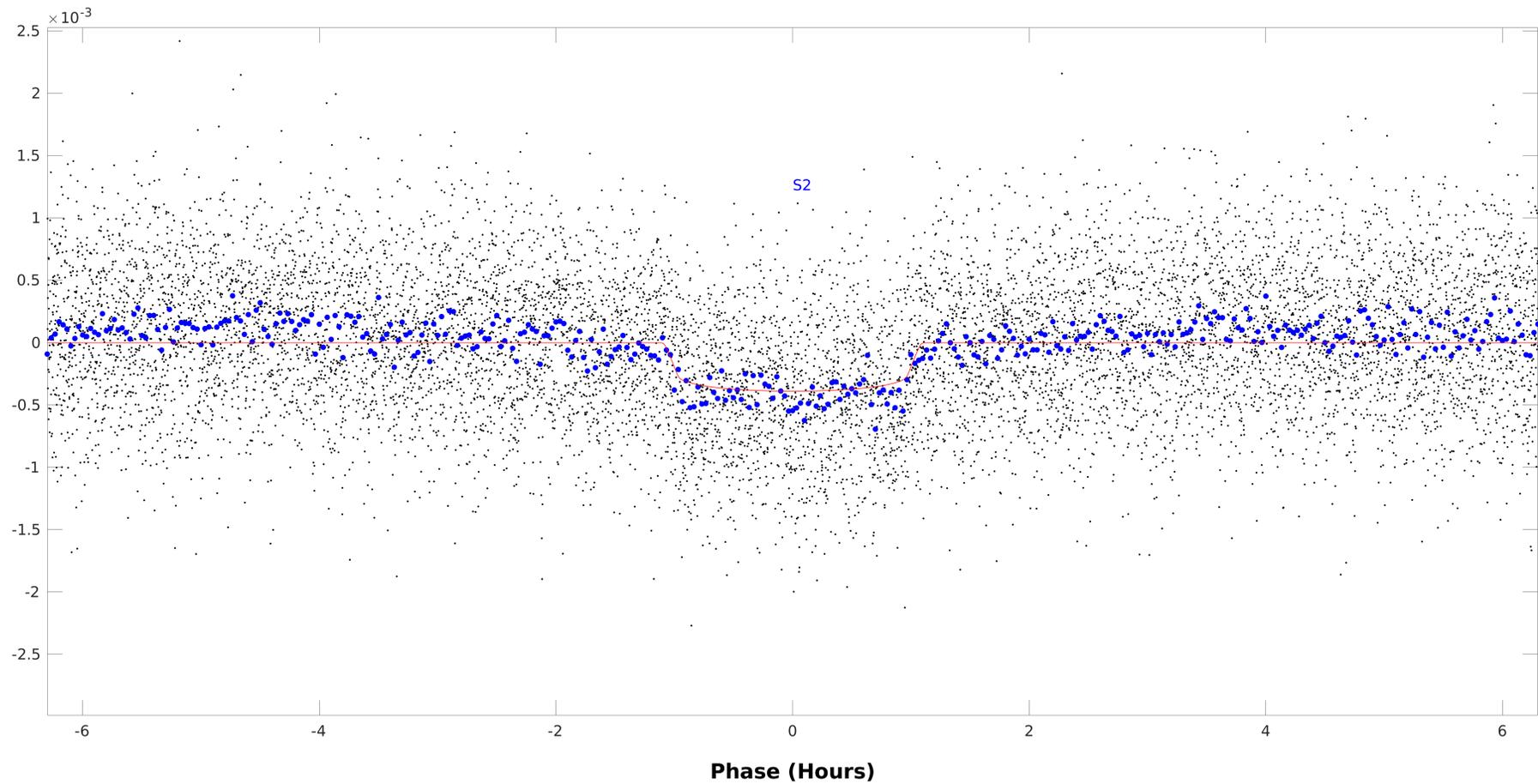


Phased whitened flux time series is plotted in black dots. When all transits fit completed with full or secondary convergence, the phase is determined with the fitted epoch and period; otherwise, the phase is determined with the TPS epoch and period. The values of the phased whitened flux time series averaged in one cadence wide bins are plotted in bigger blue dots. When all transits fit completes with full or secondary convergence, the averaged values of the phased whitened fitted model light curve are plotted in red dots. Transit event markers in different colors indicate the locations of the transits of all planet candidates. The transits of the same planet candidate are labeled with the markers of the same color, for example, blue markers for transits of plane candidate #1, red markers for transits of planet candidate #2, etc.

Open `./summary-plots/0000000100100827-01-phased-whitened-flux-time-series.fig`

**Planet: 1 Phased Unwhitened Flux Time Series by Sector**

Phased unwhitened flux time series by sector for target 100100827, planet candidate 1. Period = 0.94146 days; transit epoch = 1354.4579 BTJD.  
Open `./summary-plots/0000000100100827-01-phased-unwhitened-flux-time-series-by-sector.fig`

**Planet: 2 Phased Unwhitened Flux Time Series by Sector**

Phased unwhitened flux time series by sector for target 100100827, planet candidate 2. Period = 0.94152 days; transit epoch = 1354.9277 BTJD.  
Open `./summary-plots/000000100100827-02-phased-unwhitened-flux-time-series-by-sector.fig`

## 7 Planet Candidate 1

### 7.1 Model Fitter: All Transits

Model Characteristic	Name
Transit Model	mandel-agol_geometric_transit_model
Limb Darkening Model	claret_tess_nonlinear_limb_darkening_model

TCE Parameter	Value	Units
Trial Transit Pulse Duration	2.0	hours
Transit Epoch	1354.4519780	TJD
Orbital Period	0.9416430	days
Maximum SES	76.3	
Maximum MES	357.1	
Robust Statistic	324.6	
Chi Square Goodness of Fit Statistic (DoF)	4950.3 (1569)	
Chi Square2 Statistic (DoF)	661.2 (8701.2)	
Threshold for Desired PFA		

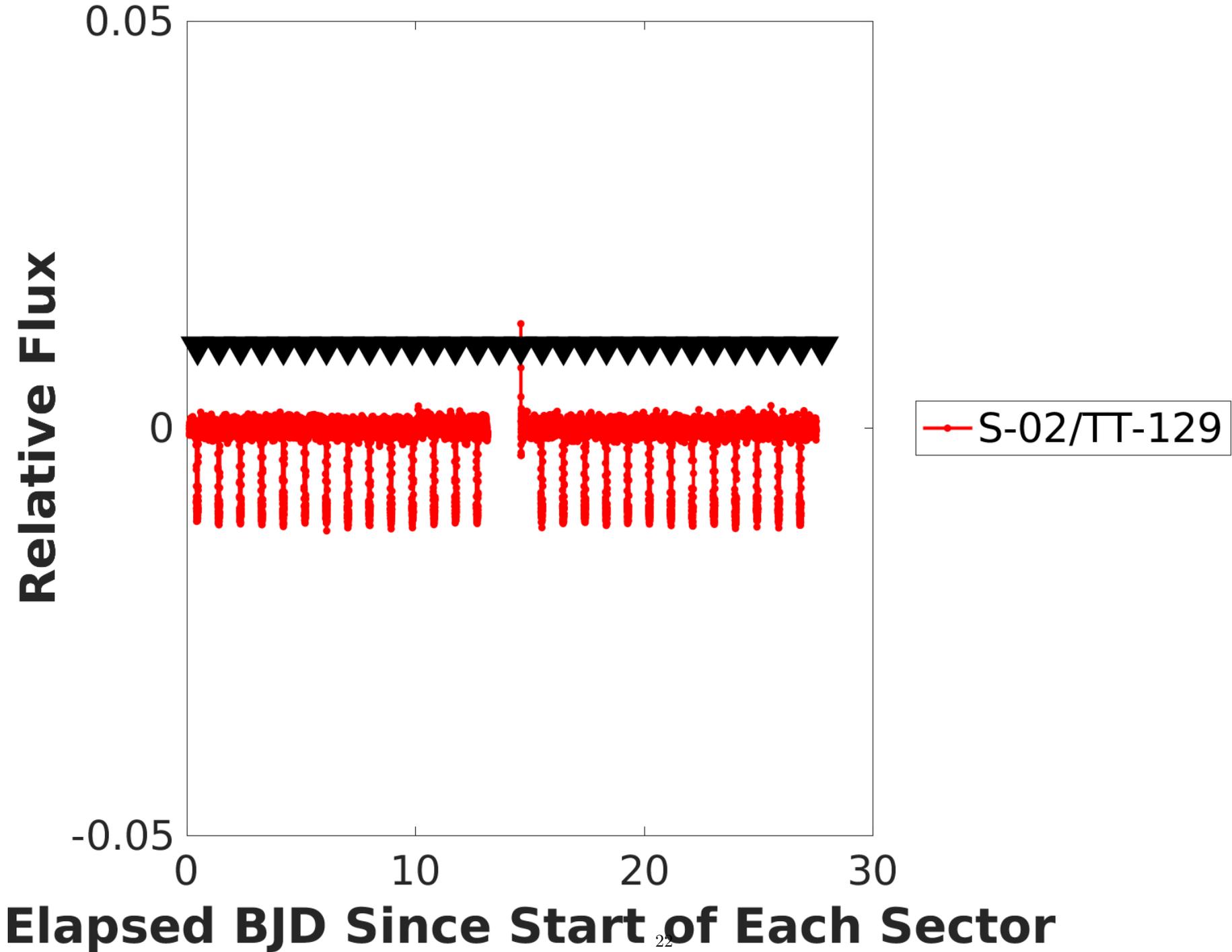
DoF: Degrees of Freedom

Parameter	Value	Uncertainty	Units
SNR	360.8		
Orbital Period	0.9414569	4.0587e-06	days
Transit Epoch	1354.4578845	6.3984e-05	BTJD
Impact Parameter	0.0979	1.4099e-01	
Planet Radius to Star Radius Ratio	0.0966489	2.6796e-04	
Semi-major Axis to Star Radius Ratio	3.7052	4.7831e-02	
Planet Radius	12.9779	3.5981e-02	Earth radii
Semi-major Axis	0.0204	5.8712e-08	AU
Effective Stellar Flux	5449.3862	3.1323e-02	Goldilocks
Equilibrium Temperature	2191	3.1490e-03	Kelvin
Stellar Density	0.7710	2.9858e-02	Solar density
Transit Depth	10682	2.9813e+01	ppm
Transit Duration	2.1530	5.9570e-03	hours
Transit Ingress Duration	0.1958	5.9563e-03	hours
Eccentricity	0.0000	0.0000e+00	
Peri Longitude	0.0000	0.0000e+00	degrees
Model Chi Square Statistic (DoF)	7019.3 (8580.4)		
Model Chi Square Goodness of Fit Statistic (DoF)	984.9 (1900)		
Model Chi Square2 Statistic (DoF)	14.7 (27)		

DoF: Degrees of Freedom

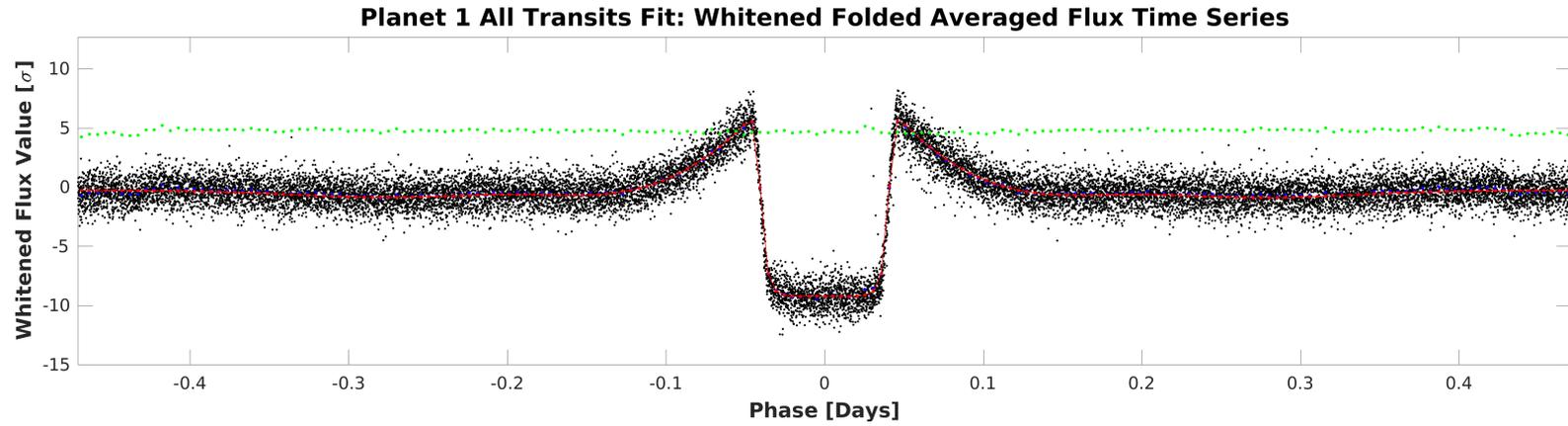


# : Unwhitened Unfolded Flux Time Series



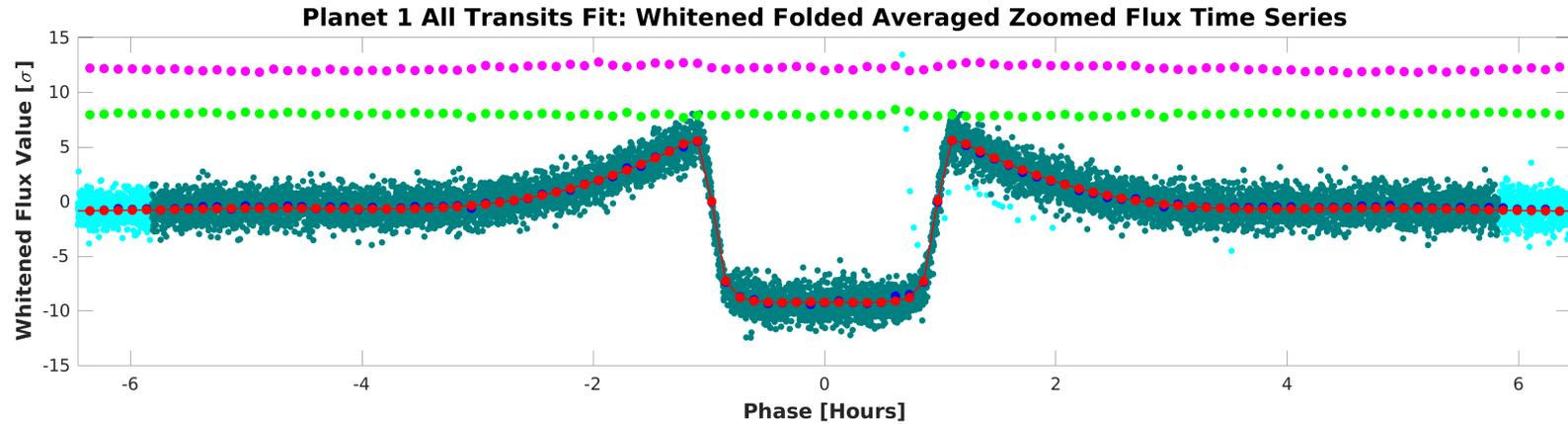
Flux time series for CatId 100100827, Planet candidate 1 in the unwhitened domain. For the data of Sector-02/TargetTableId-129, start BJD is 2458354. Transit event markers indicate the location of transits of the given planet candidate. All transits fit completed with full convergence.

Open `./planet-01/planet-search-and-model-fitting-results/all-transits-fit/0000000100100827-01-all-unwhitened-02-129.fig`



Folded flux time series for CatId 100100827, Planet candidate 1 in the whitened domain is plotted in black dots. Values are averaged into 1 cadence wide bins. The blue dots represent the averaged values of the folded flux time series; the red dots represent the averaged values of the folded model light curve of the all transits fit; the green dots are the averaged folded fit residuals, vertically offset for clarity. All transits fit completed with full convergence.

Open `./planet-01/planet-search-and-model-fitting-results/all-transits-fit/0000000100100827-01-all-whitened.fig`



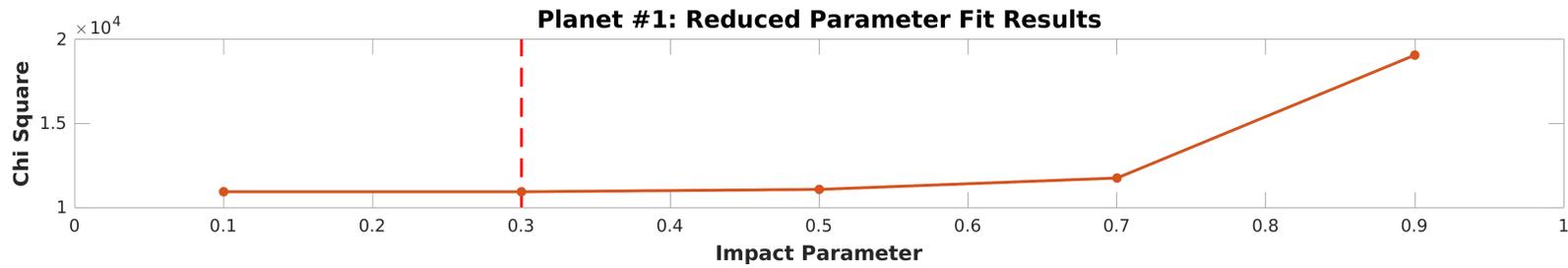
Folded flux time series for CatId 100100827, Planet candidate 1 in the whitened domain, zoomed on the transit. The flux data whose robust weights are larger/smaller than 0.1 are plotted in dark green/cyan dots, respectively. Values are averaged into 1 cadence wide bins. The blue dots represent the averaged values of the folded flux time series; the red dots represent the averaged values of the fitted model light curve of the all transits fit; the green dots are the averaged folded fit residuals, vertically offset for clarity. Magenta dots are the averaged values of the folded flux time series, with a phase shift of 0.5 relative to the blue dots, vertically offset for clarity. All transits fit completed with full convergence.

Open `./planet-01/planet-search-and-model-fitting-results/all-transits-fit/0000000100100827-01-all-whitened-zoomed.fig`

## 7.2 Model Fitter: Reduced Parameter Fit Results

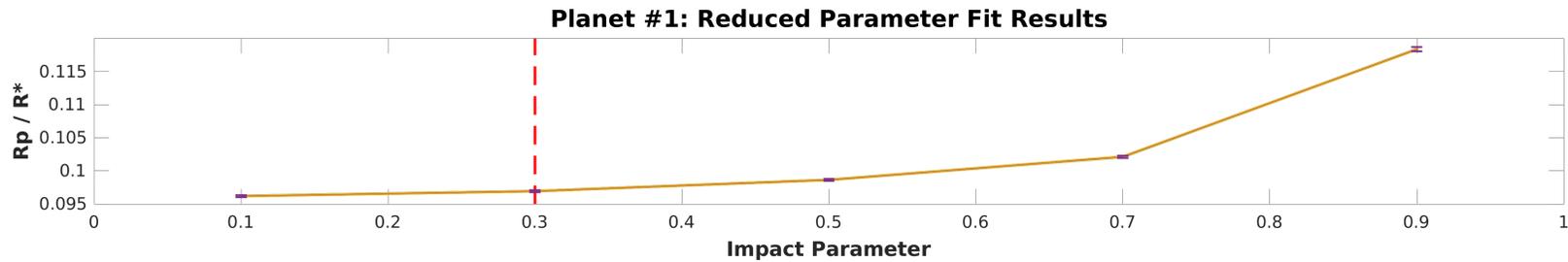
Impact Parameter	SNR	Model Chi Square	Planet Radius to Star Radius	Uncert	Semi-major Axis to Star Radius	Uncert	Transit Depth (ppm)	Uncert	Transit Duration (hours)	Uncert
0.10	367.1	10938.5	0.0962158	1.4855e-04	3.7022	3.4855e-03	10586	3.2502e+01	2.1535	2.1179e-03
0.30	367.2	10937.0	0.0969569	1.4991e-04	3.5615	3.4339e-03	10611	3.2622e+01	2.1712	2.2050e-03
0.50	376.4	11076.8	0.0986593	1.4991e-04	3.2620	3.3510e-03	10664	3.2204e+01	2.2177	2.4471e-03
0.70	365.2	11753.6	0.1021313	1.6698e-04	2.7576	3.4785e-03	10764	3.4921e+01	2.3363	3.3304e-03
0.90	339.1	19059.9	0.1183732	3.1568e-04	2.0066	5.0338e-03	11814	5.3553e+01	2.7272	8.7924e-03

Highlighted row is the best reduced-parameter model fit.



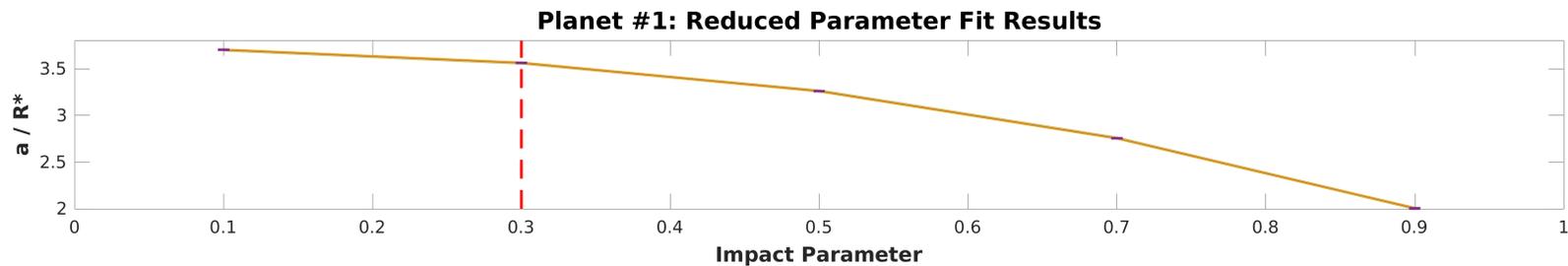
Model chi squares of reduced parameter fits vs. impact parameter for CatId 100100827, Planet candidate 1. The fit result with the minimum chi square is marked with a dashed line in the plot.

Open `./planet-01/planet-search-and-model-fitting-results/reduced-parameter-fits/0000000100100827-01-reduced-fits-chi-square.fig`



Ratios of planet radius to star radius of reduced parameter fits vs. impact parameter for CatId 100100827, Planet candidate 1. The fit result with the minimum chi square is marked with a dashed line in the plot.

Open `./planet-01/planet-search-and-model-fitting-results/reduced-parameter-fits/0000000100100827-01-reduced-fits-rp-over-rstar.fig`



Ratios of semimajor axis to star radius of reduced parameter fits vs. impact parameter for CatId 100100827, Planet candidate 1. The fit result with the minimum chi square is marked with a dashed line in the plot.

Open `./planet-01/planet-search-and-model-fitting-results/reduced-parameter-fits/0000000100100827-01-reduced-fits-a-over-rstar.fig`

### 7.3 Model Fitter: Trapezoidal Fit Results

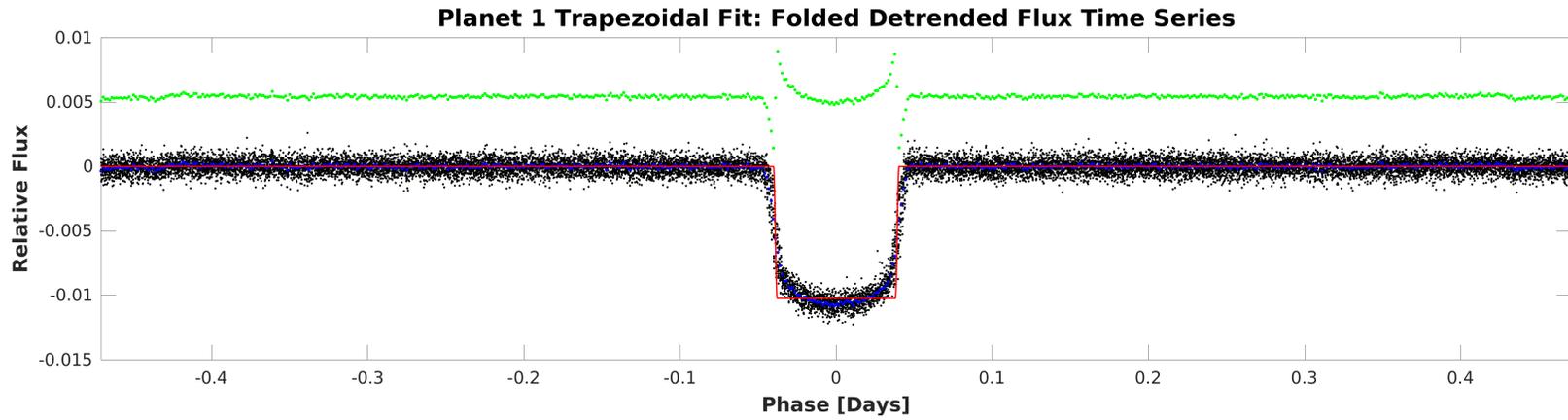
Model Characteristic	Name
Transit Model	trapezoidal_model
Limb Darkening Model	

TCE Parameter	Value	Units
Trial Transit Pulse Duration	2.0	hours
Transit Epoch	1354.4519780	TJD
Orbital Period	0.9416430	days
Maximum SES	76.3	
Maximum MES	357.1	
Robust Statistic	324.6	
Chi Square Goodness of Fit Statistic (DoF)	4950.3 (1569)	
Chi Square2 Statistic (DoF)	661.2 (8701.2)	
Threshold for Desired PFA		

DoF: Degrees of Freedom

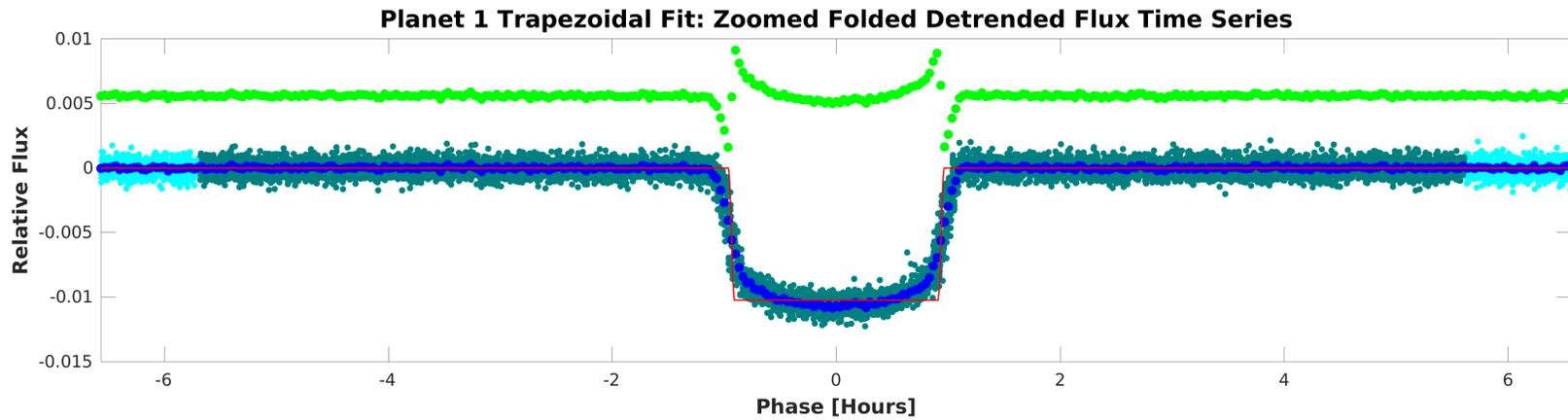
Parameter	Value	Uncertainty	Units
SNR	682.8		
Orbital Period	0.9416430		days
Transit Epoch	1354.4552551		BTJD
Transit Depth	10237		ppm
Transit Duration	2.1885		hours
Transit Ingress Duration	0.3155		hours
Model Chi Square Statistic (DoF)	22674.4 (9138)		

DoF: Degrees of Freedom



Folded detrended flux time series for CatId 100100827, Planet candidate 1 and folded trapezoidal model light curve.

Open `./planet-01/planet-search-and-model-fitting-results/trapezoidal-model-fit/0000000100100827-01-all-trapezoidal.fig`



Zoomed folded detrended flux time series for CatId 100100827, Planet candidate 1 and folded trapezoidal model light curve.

Open `./planet-01/planet-search-and-model-fitting-results/trapezoidal-model-fit/0000000100100827-01-all-trapezoidal-zoomed.fig`

## 7.4 Validation Tests

The Centroid Test and Eclipsing Binary Discrimination Test are chi-squared hypothesis tests. For these tests, a significance of 100% favors a planet, while 0% indicates an unlikely planet.

### 7.4.1 Weak Secondary Test

Result	Value	Uncertainty	Units	Statistic in Sigmas	Significance (%)
Orbital Period	0.94164		days		
Transit Duration	2		hours		
Maximum MES	357.1				
Secondary Phase	0.47083		days		
Secondary MES	14.7				
Minimum Phase	0.55278		days		
Minimum MES	-6.8				
Median MES	-1.3				
MAD MES	1.2949				
Robust Statistic	12.9				
Secondary Depth	350.5	2.6812e+01	ppm		
Geometric Albedo	0.5	3.6644e-02		-14.2532	100.00
Planet Effective Temperature	2817	5.4015e+01	Kelvin	11.5776	0.00

### 7.4.2 Eclipsing Binary Discrimination Test

Result	Value	Value in Sigmas	Significance (%)
Odd Even Transit Depth Comparison Statistic	2.2455e+00	1.4985	13.40
Longer Period Comparison Statistic	2.4425e-07	0.0005	0.04

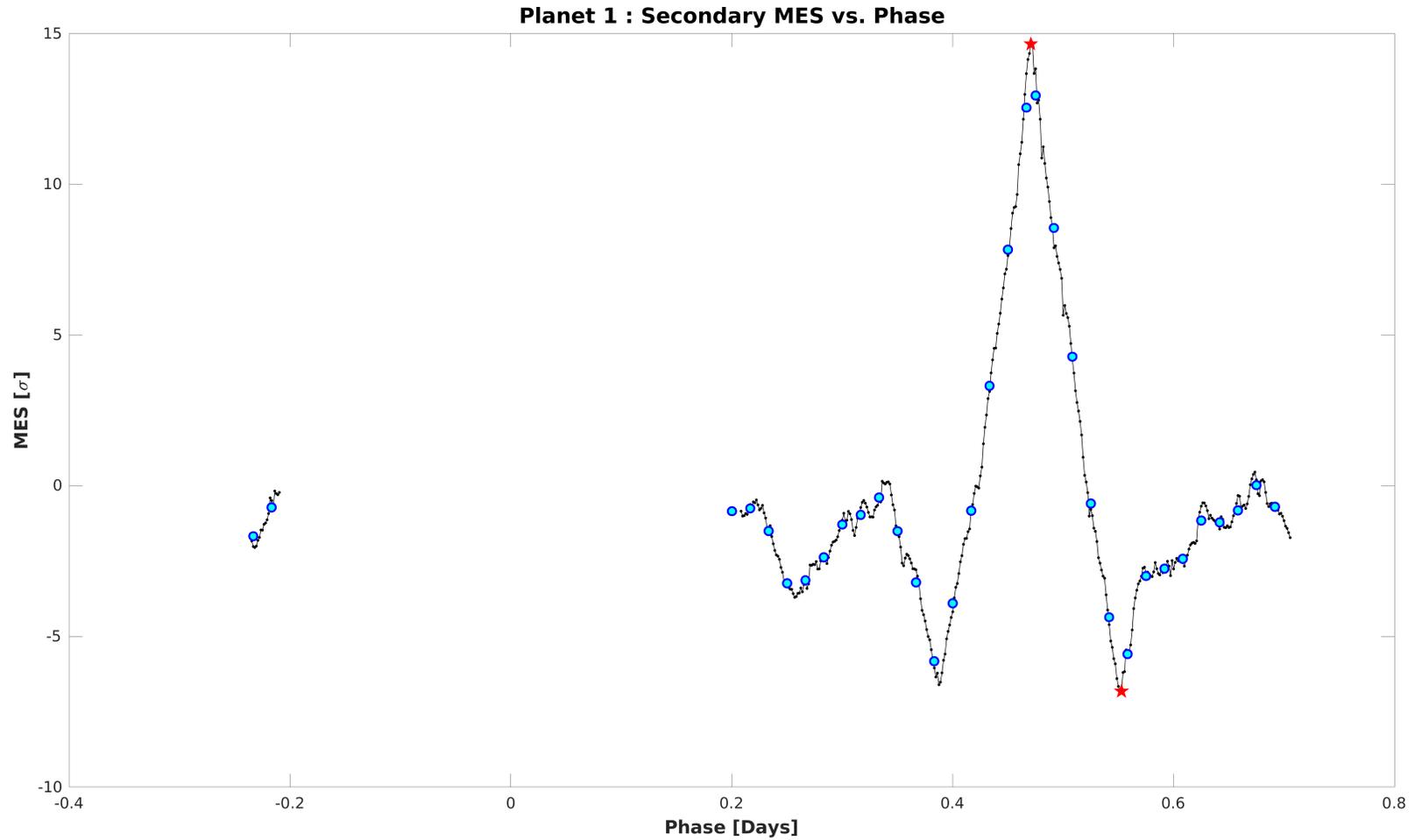
**7.4.3 Bootstrap Test**

<b>Result</b>	<b>Value</b>
False Alarm Probability	0.0000e+00
Bootstrap Threshold for Desired PFA	8.9
MES Mean	-2.16
MES Standard Deviation	1.55
Transit Count	29

**7.4.4 Ghost Diagnostic Test**

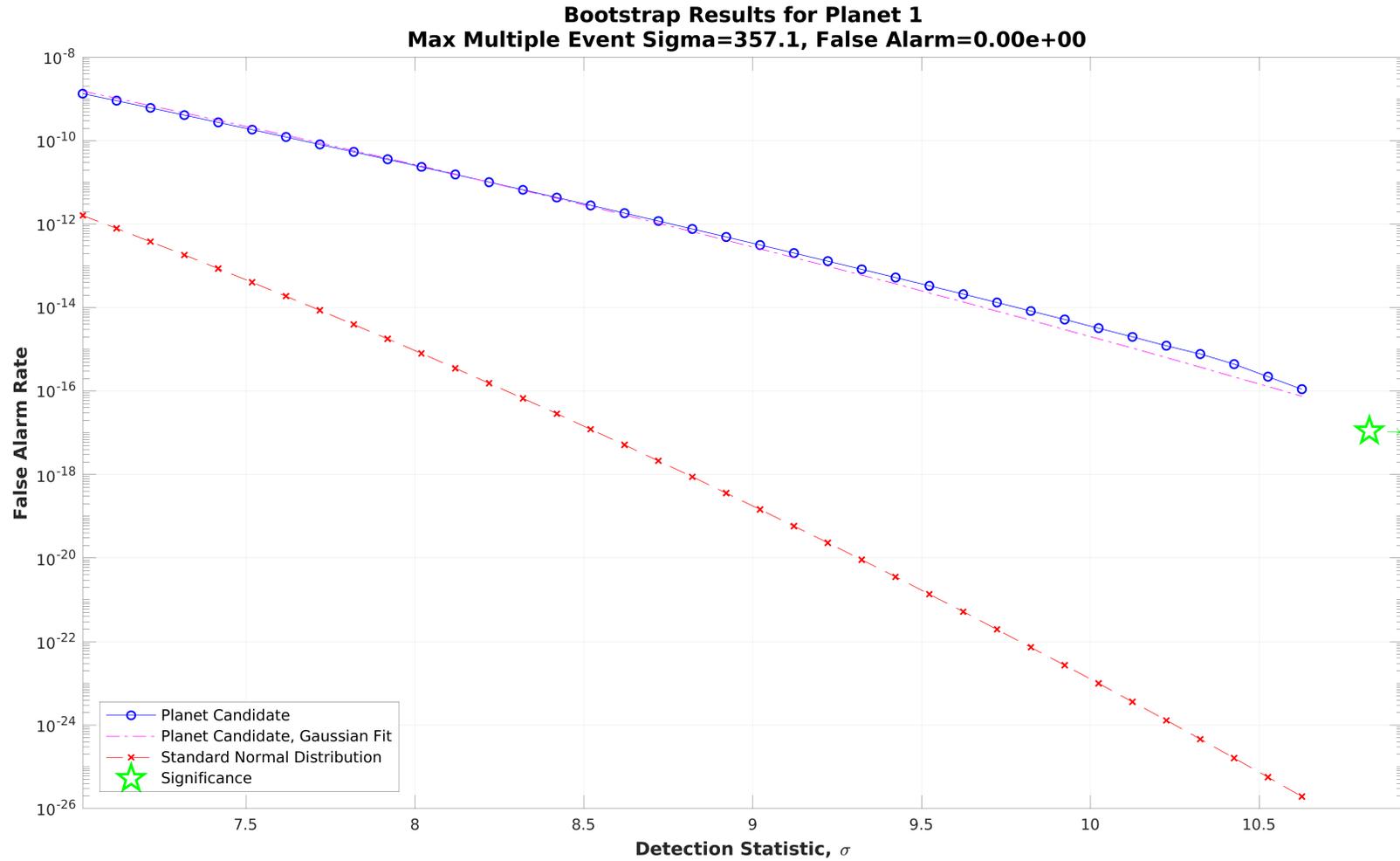
<b>Result</b>	<b>Value</b>	<b>Significance (%)</b>
Maximum MES	357.1	
SNR	360.8	
Core Aperture Statistic	2.5436e+02	100.00
Halo Aperture Statistic	7.0983e+01	100.00
Ratio of Core/Halo Aperture Statistics	3.5834e+00	

## 7.4.5 Validation Test Figures



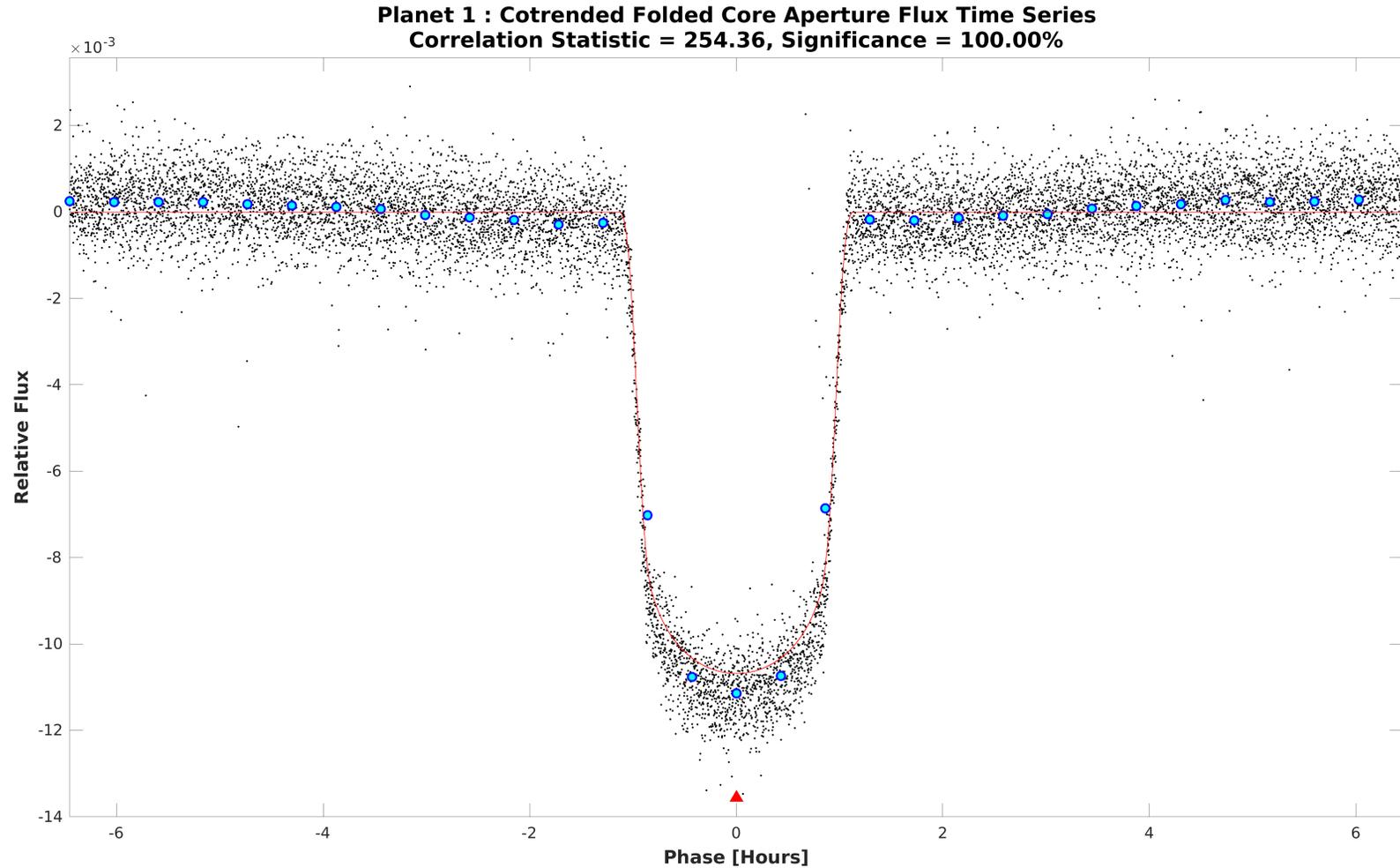
The primary event has been set to zero and both the max and min of the resulting MES vs. Phase are marked with a red star. The best matched pulse duration in hours is 2. The maximum secondary MES and corresponding phase are 14.6528 and 0.47083 days respectively. The minimum secondary MES and corresponding phase are -6.8197 and 0.55278 days respectively.

Open `./planet-01/report-summary/0000000100100827-01-weak-secondary-diagnostic.fig`



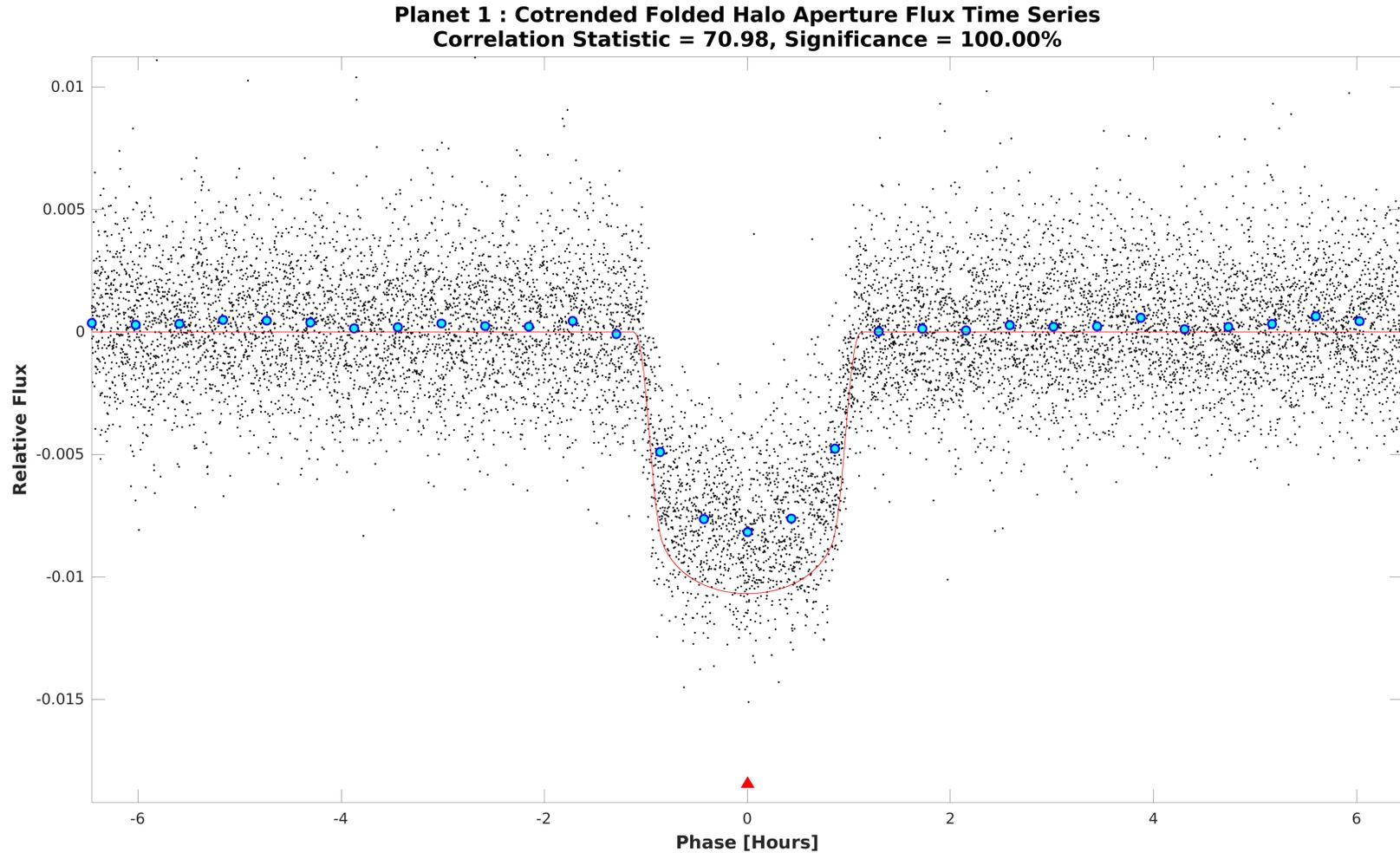
Bootstrap results for target 100100827, planet 1. Cumulative sum of the probabilities (derived from the histogram of counts) from upper tail to the search transit threshold; false alarm probability is indicated by the star. The Gaussian equivalent threshold for this false alarm probability is Inf. The threshold on this distribution that achieves the same false alarm rate as a 7.1 sigma threshold on a Gaussian distribution is 8.8743.

Open `./planet-01/bootstrap-results/0000000100100827-01-bootstrap-false-alarm.fig`



Optical ghost diagnostic core aperture flux time series for target 100100827, planet candidate 1. The unwhitened time series is phase folded at the orbital period associated with the planet candidate and centered on the epoch of the first transit. The time series was first cotrended against spacecraft engineering data, motion proxies, and/or cotrending basis vectors (CBVs) to remove systematic effects. Flux time series data represent the mean per pixel flux in the core or haloaperture; phase folded data points are shown in the figure with black dots. Binned and averaged phase folded flux values are marked with filled blue circles. The unwhitened transit model light curve is displayed in the figure with a red line. The value and significance of the core aperture correlation statistic are displayed in the figure title if the statistic was successfully computed.

Open `./planet-01/ghost-diagnostic-results/000000100100827-01-core-unwhitened-cotrended-zoomed-model.fig`



Optical ghost diagnostic halo aperture flux time series for target 100100827, planet candidate 1. The unwhitened time series is phase folded at the orbital period associated with the planet candidate and centered on the epoch of the first transit. The time series was first cotrended against spacecraft engineering data, motion proxies, and/or cotrending basis vectors (CBVs) to remove systematic effects. Flux time series data represent the mean per pixel flux in the core or haloaperture; phase folded data points are shown in the figure with black dots. Binned and averaged phase folded flux values are marked with filled blue circles. The unwhitened transit model light curve is displayed in the figure with a red line. The value and significance of the halo aperture correlation statistic are displayed in the figure title if the statistic was successfully computed.

Open `./planet-01/ghost-diagnostic-results/000000100100827-01-halo-unwhitened-cotrended-zoomed-model.fig`

## 8 Planet Candidate 2

### 8.1 Model Fitter: All Transits

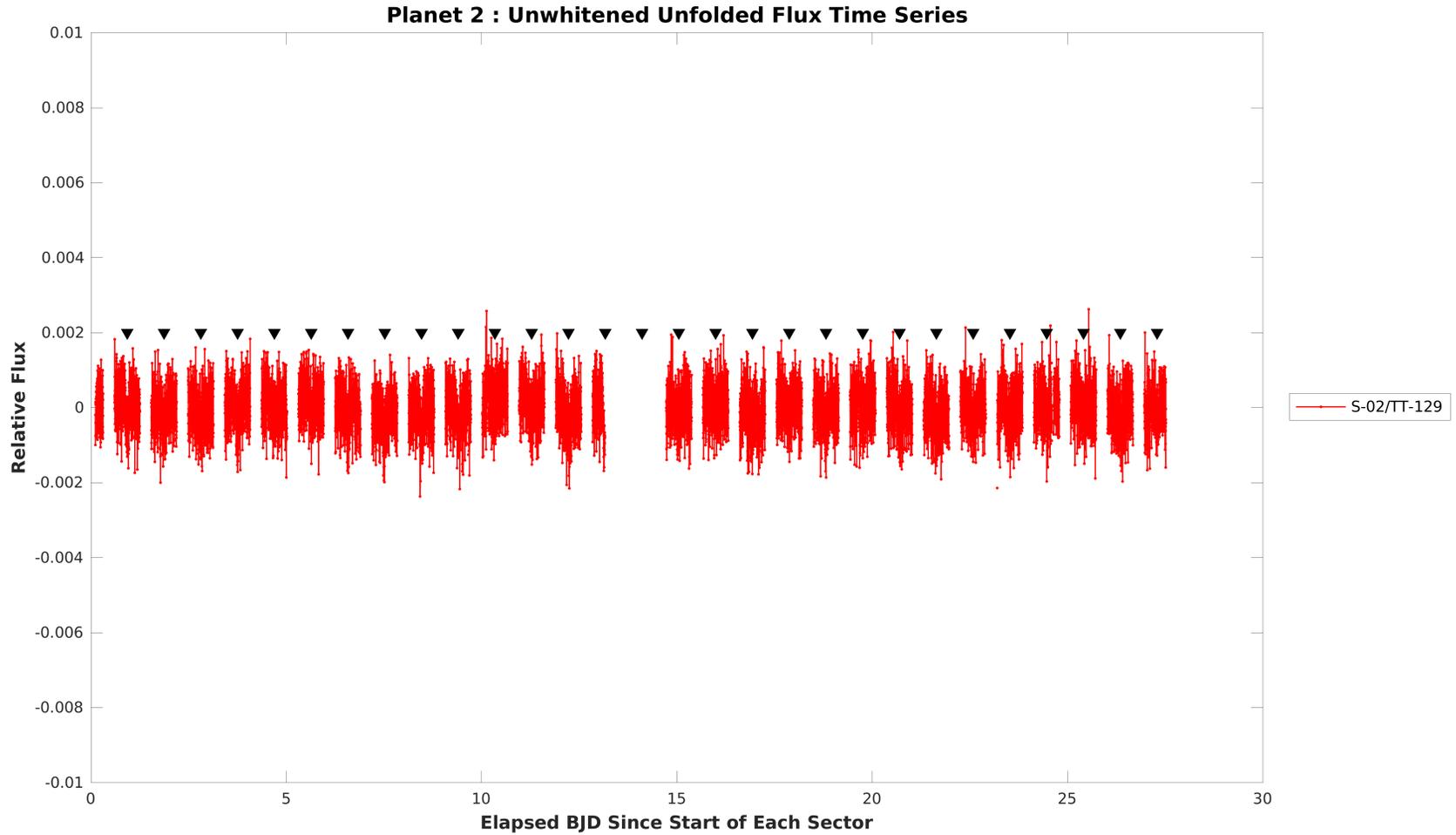
Model Characteristic	Name
Transit Model	mandel-agol_geometric_transit_model
Limb Darkening Model	claret_tess_nonlinear_limb_darkening_model

TCE Parameter	Value	Units
Trial Transit Pulse Duration	2.0	hours
Transit Epoch	1354.9228112	TJD
Orbital Period	0.9416430	days
Maximum SES	7.0	
Maximum MES	14.7	
Robust Statistic	19.2	
Chi Square Goodness of Fit Statistic (DoF)	1585.3 (1596)	
Chi Square2 Statistic (DoF)	36.8 (55.6)	
Threshold for Desired PFA		

DoF: Degrees of Freedom

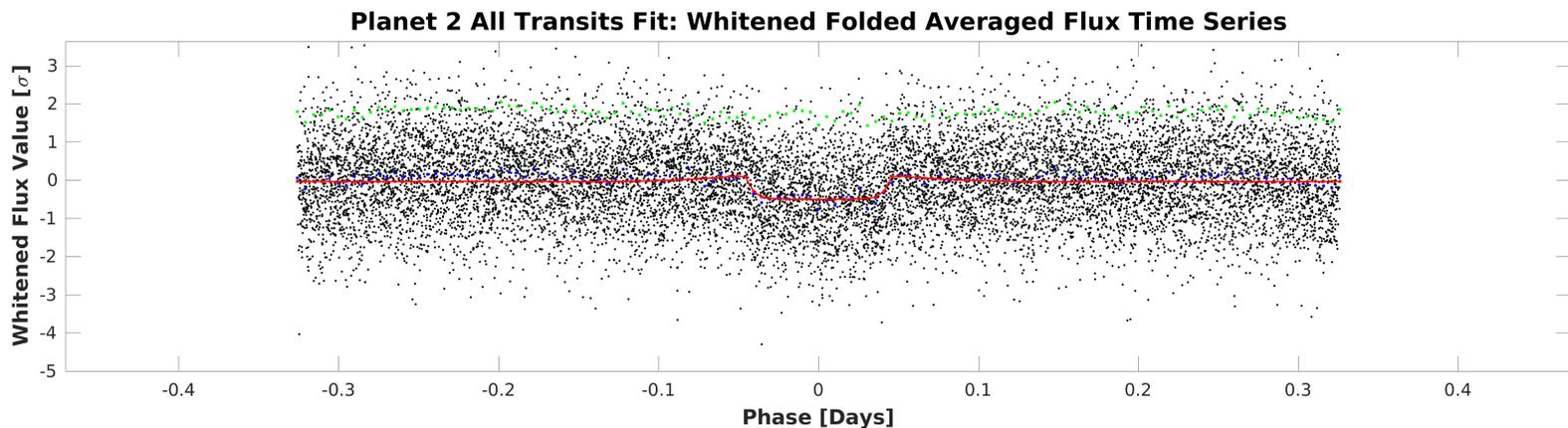
Parameter	Value	Uncertainty	Units
SNR	18.5		
Orbital Period	0.9415188	8.0771e-05	days
Transit Epoch	1354.9277155	1.2393e-03	BTJD
Impact Parameter	0.3211	8.7560e+00	
Planet Radius to Star Radius Ratio	0.0185338	8.8323e-03	
Semi-major Axis to Star Radius Ratio	3.3742	9.6084e+00	
Planet Radius	2.4887	1.1860e+00	Earth radii
Semi-major Axis	0.0204	1.1684e-06	AU
Effective Stellar Flux	5448.9083	6.2327e-01	Goldilocks
Equilibrium Temperature	2191	6.2661e-02	Kelvin
Stellar Density	0.5822	4.9739e+00	Solar density
Transit Depth	387	2.1635e+01	ppm
Transit Duration	2.0995	2.6815e-01	hours
Transit Ingress Duration	0.0437	2.9415e-01	hours
Eccentricity	0.0000	0.0000e+00	
Peri Longitude	0.0000	0.0000e+00	degrees
Model Chi Square Statistic (DoF)	7068.7 (8349.9)		
Model Chi Square Goodness of Fit Statistic (DoF)	1098.3 (1854)		
Model Chi Square2 Statistic (DoF)	22.1 (27)		

DoF: Degrees of Freedom



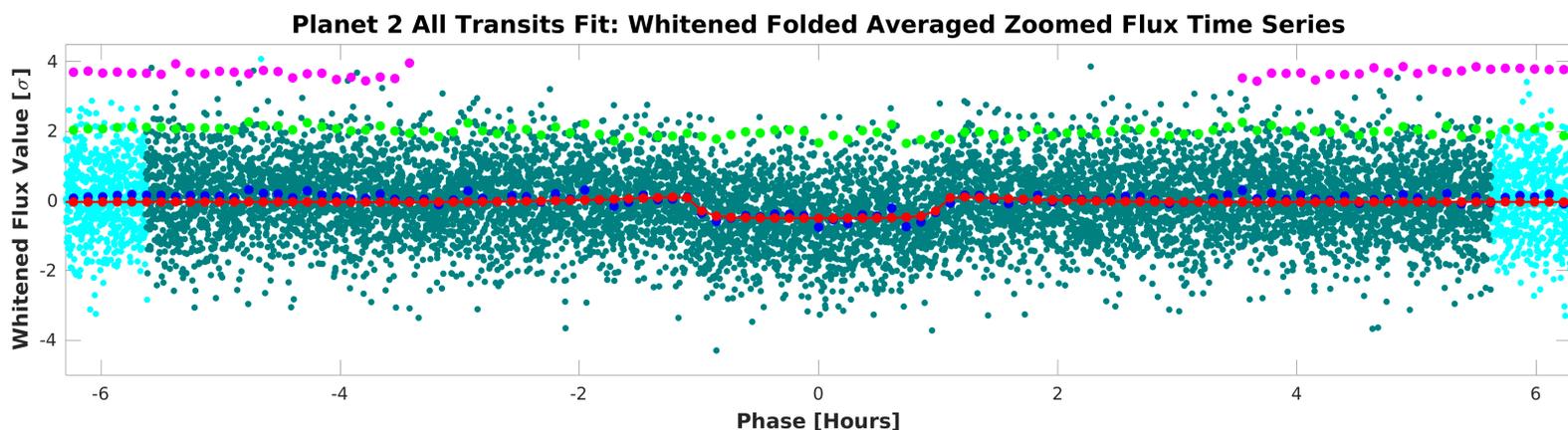
Flux time series for CatId 100100827, Planet candidate 2 in the unwhitened domain. For the data of Sector-02/TargetTableId-129, start BJD is 2458354. Transit event markers indicate the location of transits of the given planet candidate. All transits fit completed with full convergence.

Open `./planet-02/planet-search-and-model-fitting-results/all-transits-fit/0000000100100827-02-all-unwhitened-02-129.fig`



Folded flux time series for CatId 100100827, Planet candidate 2 in the whitenened domain is plotted in black dots. Values are averaged into 1 cadence wide bins. The blue dots represent the averaged values of the folded flux time series; the red dots represent the averaged values of the folded model light curve of the all transits fit; the green dots are the averaged folded fit residuals, vertically offset for clarity. All transits fit completed with full convergence.

Open `./planet-02/planet-search-and-model-fitting-results/all-transits-fit/0000000100100827-02-all-whitenened.fig`



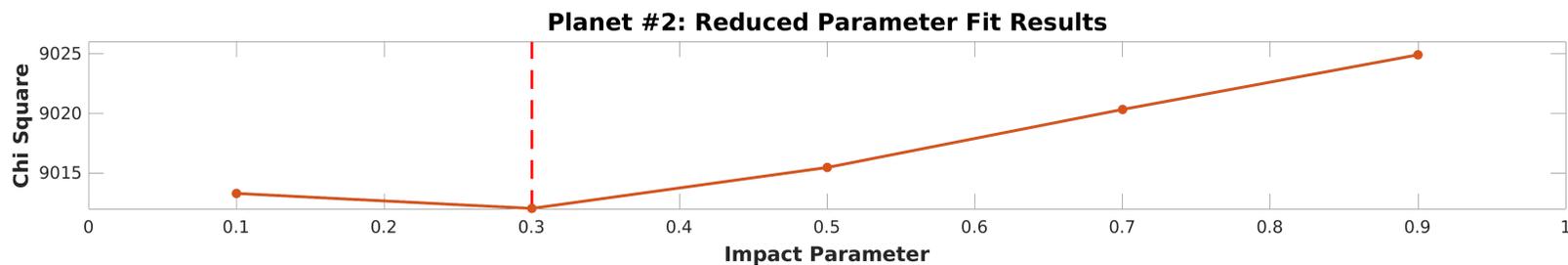
Folded flux time series for CatId 100100827, Planet candidate 2 in the whitenened domain, zoomed on the transit. The flux data whose robust weights are larger/smaller than 0.1 are plotted in dark green/cyan dots, respectively. Values are averaged into 1 cadence wide bins. The blue dots represent the averaged values of the folded flux time series; the red dots represent the averaged values of the fitted model light curve of the all transits fit; the green dots are the averaged folded fit residuals, vertically offset for clarity. Magenta dots are the averaged values of the folded flux time series, with a phase shift of 0.5 relative to the blue dots, vertically offset for clarity. All transits fit completed with full convergence.

Open `./planet-02/planet-search-and-model-fitting-results/all-transits-fit/0000000100100827-02-all-whitenened-zoomed.fig`

## 8.2 Model Fitter: Reduced Parameter Fit Results

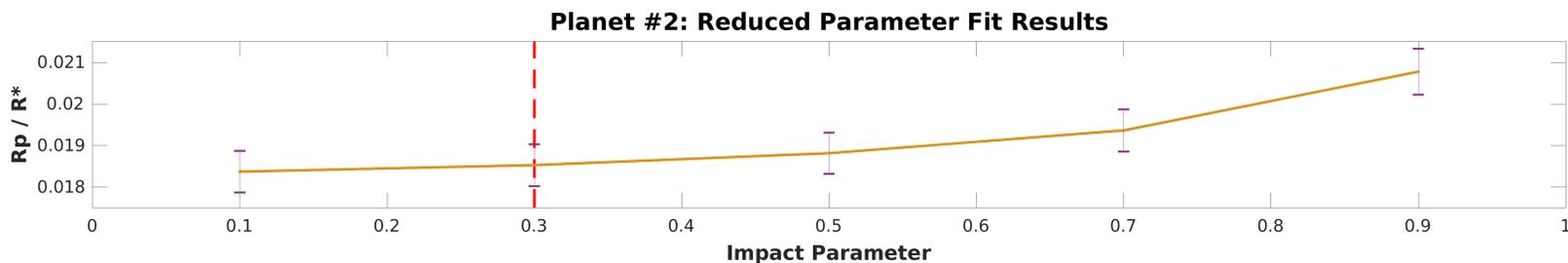
Impact Parameter	SNR	Model Chi Square	Planet Radius to Star Radius	Uncert	Semi-major Axis to Star Radius	Uncert	Transit Depth (ppm)	Uncert	Transit Duration (hours)	Uncert
0.10	19.2	9013.3	0.0183687	4.9837e-04	3.5429	6.2251e-02	386	2.0846e+01	2.0874	3.7683e-02
0.30	19.2	9012.0	0.0185275	5.0446e-04	3.4070	6.0165e-02	388	2.1011e+01	2.0922	3.8226e-02
0.50	19.3	9015.5	0.0188139	4.9829e-04	3.1224	5.2256e-02	388	2.0463e+01	2.1013	3.7044e-02
0.70	19.4	9020.3	0.0193609	5.1098e-04	2.6314	4.2898e-02	388	2.0368e+01	2.1323	3.8389e-02
0.90	19.3	9024.9	0.0207764	5.5225e-04	1.7858	2.8291e-02	387	2.0428e+01	2.2841	4.9822e-02

Highlighted row is the best reduced-parameter model fit.



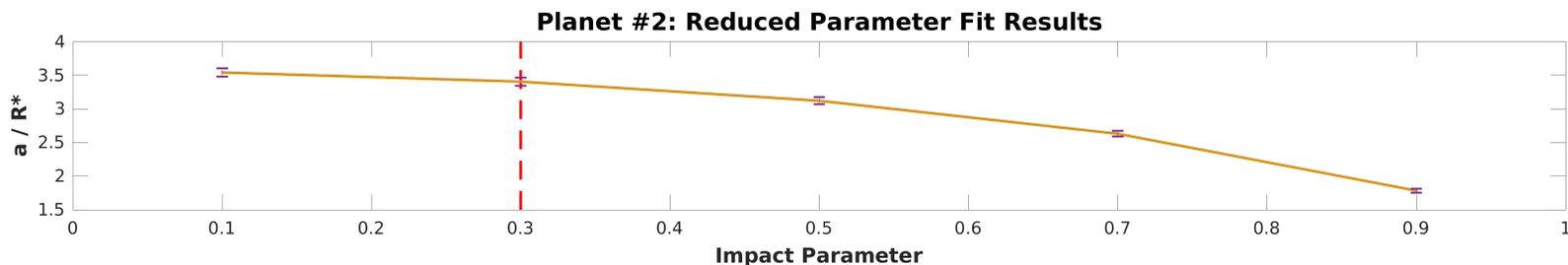
Model chi squares of reduced parameter fits vs. impact parameter for CatId 100100827, Planet candidate 2. The fit result with the minimum chi square is marked with a dashed line in the plot.

Open `./planet-02/planet-search-and-model-fitting-results/reduced-parameter-fits/0000000100100827-02-reduced-fits-chi-square.fig`



Ratios of planet radius to star radius of reduced parameter fits vs. impact parameter for CatId 100100827, Planet candidate 2. The fit result with the minimum chi square is marked with a dashed line in the plot.

Open `./planet-02/planet-search-and-model-fitting-results/reduced-parameter-fits/0000000100100827-02-reduced-fits-rp-over-rstar.fig`



Ratios of semimajor axis to star radius of reduced parameter fits vs. impact parameter for CatId 100100827, Planet candidate 2. The fit result with the minimum chi square is marked with a dashed line in the plot.

Open `./planet-02/planet-search-and-model-fitting-results/reduced-parameter-fits/0000000100100827-02-reduced-fits-a-over-rstar.fig`

### 8.3 Model Fitter: Trapezoidal Fit Results

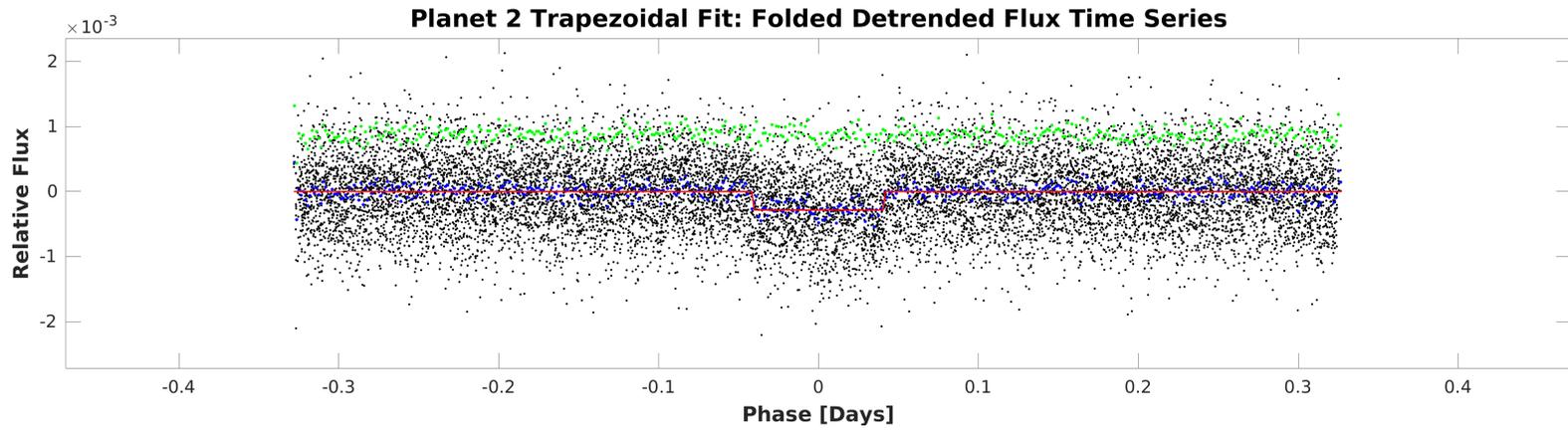
Model Characteristic	Name
Transit Model	trapezoidal_model
Limb Darkening Model	

TCE Parameter	Value	Units
Trial Transit Pulse Duration	2.0	hours
Transit Epoch	1354.9228112	TJD
Orbital Period	0.9416430	days
Maximum SES	7.0	
Maximum MES	14.7	
Robust Statistic	19.2	
Chi Square Goodness of Fit Statistic (DoF)	1585.3 (1596)	
Chi Square2 Statistic (DoF)	36.8 (55.6)	
Threshold for Desired PFA		

DoF: Degrees of Freedom

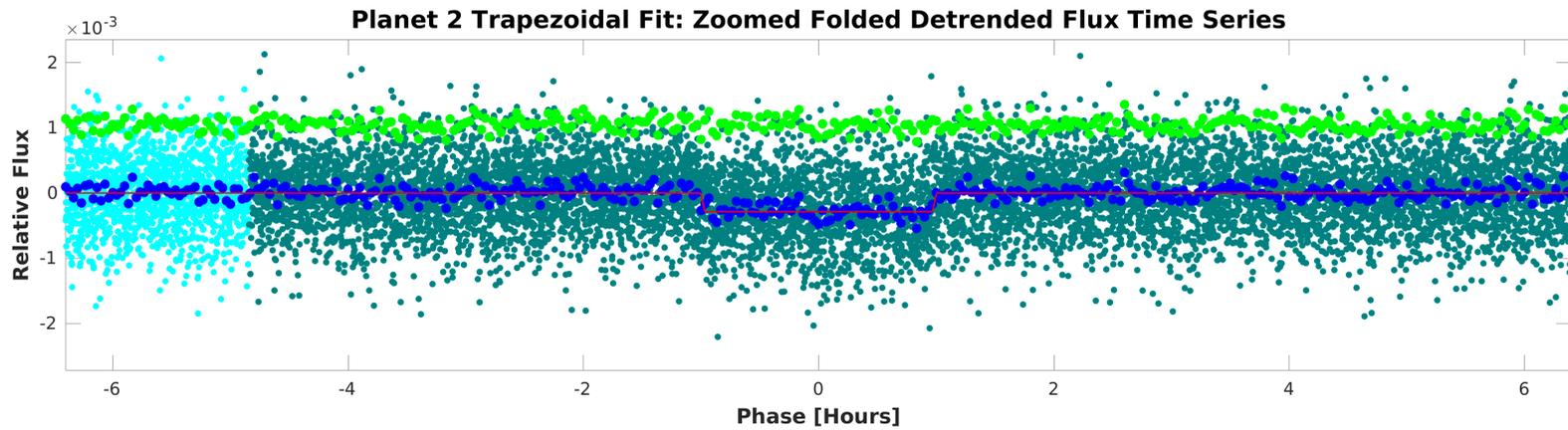
Parameter	Value	Uncertainty	Units
SNR	20.5		
Orbital Period	0.9416430		days
Transit Epoch	1354.9268065		BTJD
Transit Depth	285		ppm
Transit Duration	2.1336		hours
Transit Ingress Duration	0.1638		hours
Model Chi Square Statistic (DoF)	13051.6 (9141)		

DoF: Degrees of Freedom



Folded detrended flux time series for CatId 100100827, Planet candidate 2 and folded trapezoidal model light curve.

Open `./planet-02/planet-search-and-model-fitting-results/trapezoidal-model-fit/0000000100100827-02-all-trapezoidal.fig`



Zoomed folded detrended flux time series for CatId 100100827, Planet candidate 2 and folded trapezoidal model light curve.

Open `./planet-02/planet-search-and-model-fitting-results/trapezoidal-model-fit/0000000100100827-02-all-trapezoidal-zoomed.fig`

## 8.4 Validation Tests

The Centroid Test and Eclipsing Binary Discrimination Test are chi-squared hypothesis tests. For these tests, a significance of 100% favors a planet, while 0% indicates an unlikely planet.

### 8.4.1 Weak Secondary Test

Result	Value	Uncertainty	Units	Statistic in Sigmas	Significance (%)
Orbital Period	0.94164		days		
Transit Duration	2		hours		
Maximum MES	14.7				
Secondary Phase	0.30553		days		
Secondary MES	3.5				
Minimum Phase	0.69581		days		
Minimum MES	-6.4				
Median MES	-1.7				
MAD MES	2.0665				
Robust Statistic	2.4				
Secondary Depth	53.0	2.2828e+01	ppm		
Geometric Albedo	2.0	2.0551e+00		0.4695	31.94
Planet Effective Temperature	4011	1.0488e+03	Kelvin	1.7352	4.14

### 8.4.2 Eclipsing Binary Discrimination Test

Result	Value	Value in Sigmas	Significance (%)
Odd Even Transit Depth Comparison Statistic	1.1034e-01	0.3322	73.98
Shorter Period Comparison Statistic	2.4425e-07	0.0005	0.04

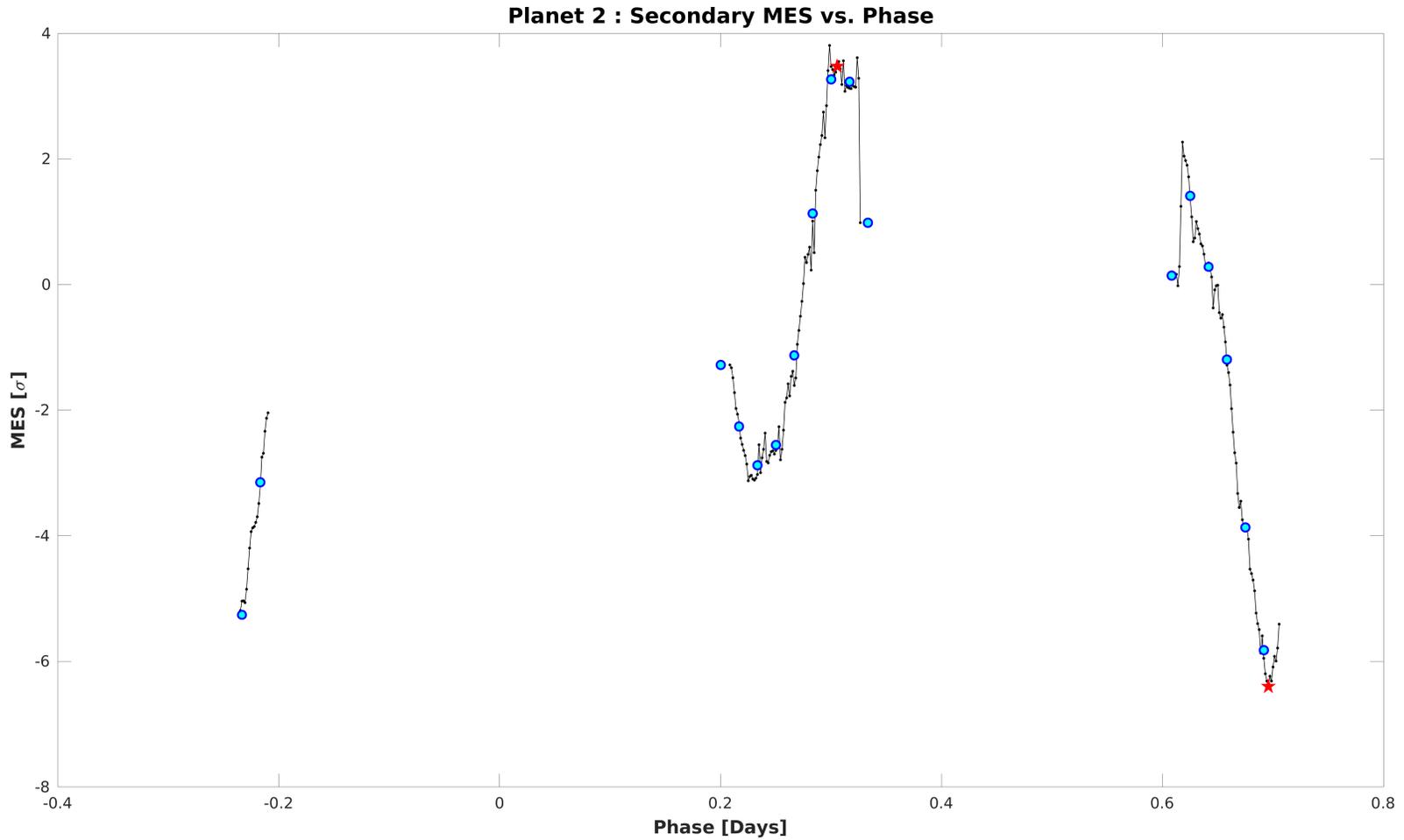
**8.4.3 Bootstrap Test**

<b>Result</b>	<b>Value</b>
False Alarm Probability	8.4883e-28
Bootstrap Threshold for Desired PFA	8.9
MES Mean	-2.16
MES Standard Deviation	1.55
Transit Count	29

**8.4.4 Ghost Diagnostic Test**

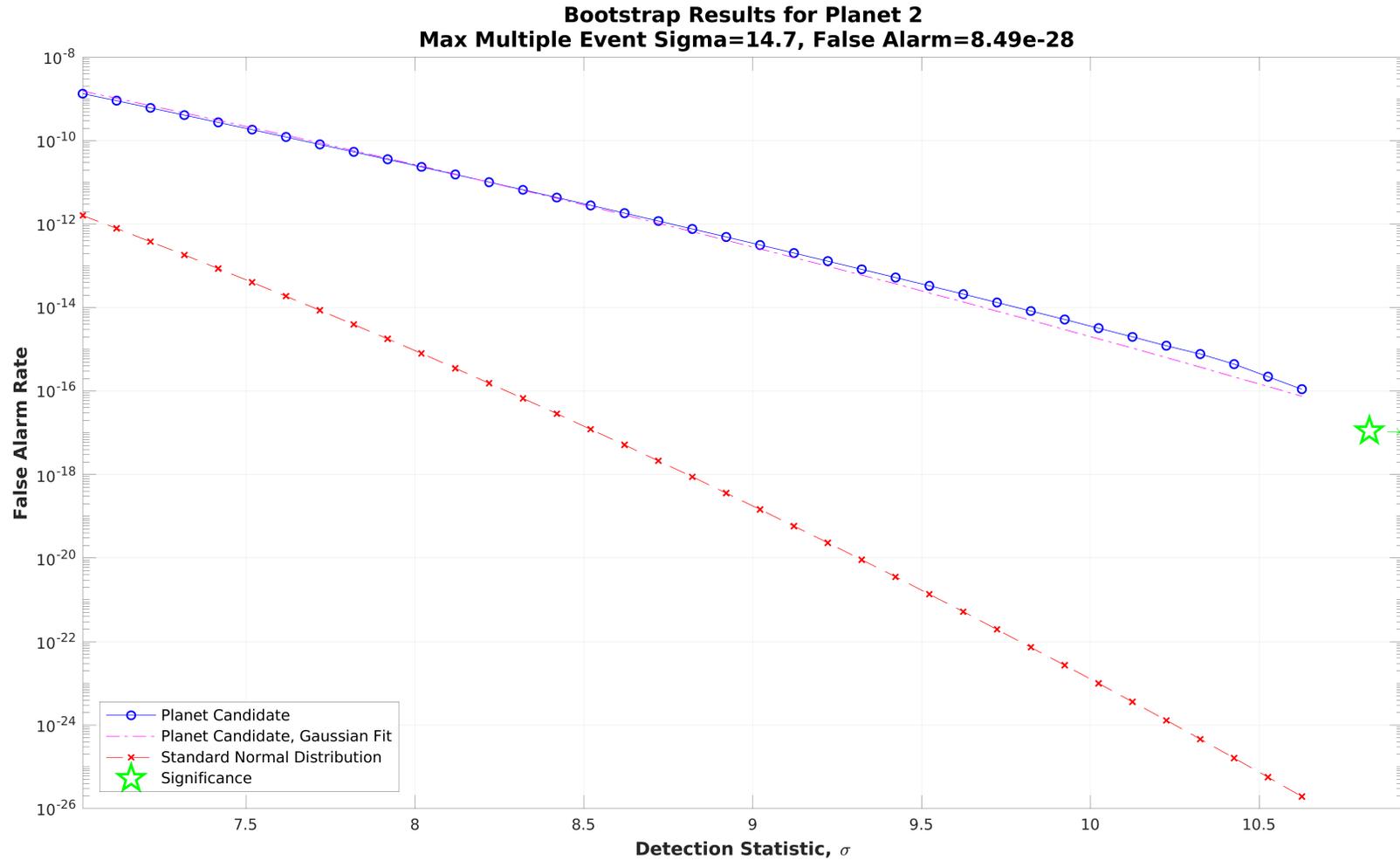
<b>Result</b>	<b>Value</b>	<b>Significance (%)</b>
Maximum MES	14.7	
SNR	18.5	
Core Aperture Statistic	9.8982e+00	100.00
Halo Aperture Statistic	1.4583e+00	92.76
Ratio of Core/Halo Aperture Statistics	6.7875e+00	

## 8.4.5 Validation Test Figures



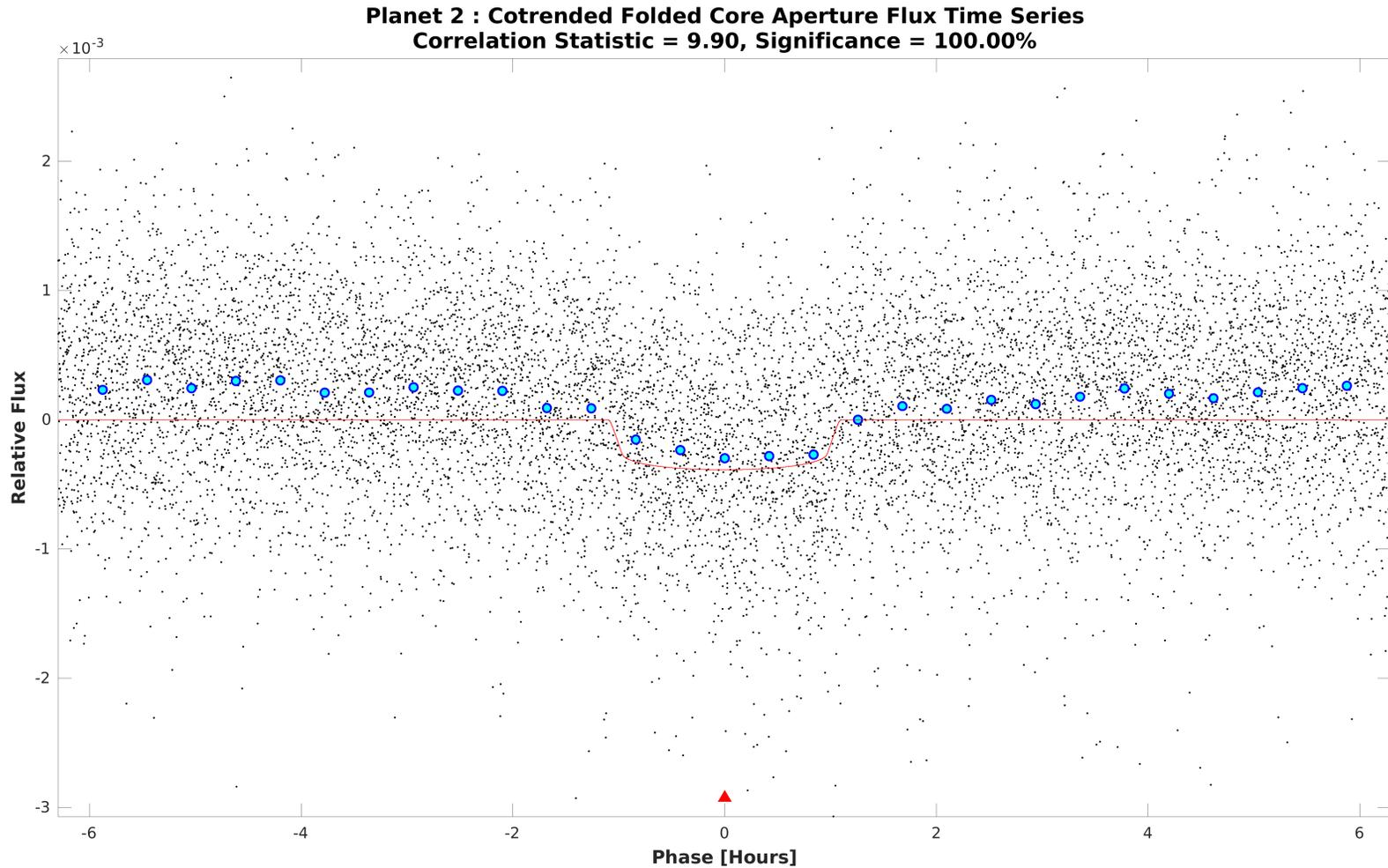
The primary event has been set to zero and both the max and min of the resulting MES vs. Phase are marked with a red star. The best matched pulse duration in hours is 2. The maximum secondary MES and corresponding phase are 3.4774 and 0.30553 days respectively. The minimum secondary MES and corresponding phase are -6.3974 and 0.69581 days respectively.

Open `./planet-02/report-summary/0000000100100827-02-weak-secondary-diagnostic.fig`



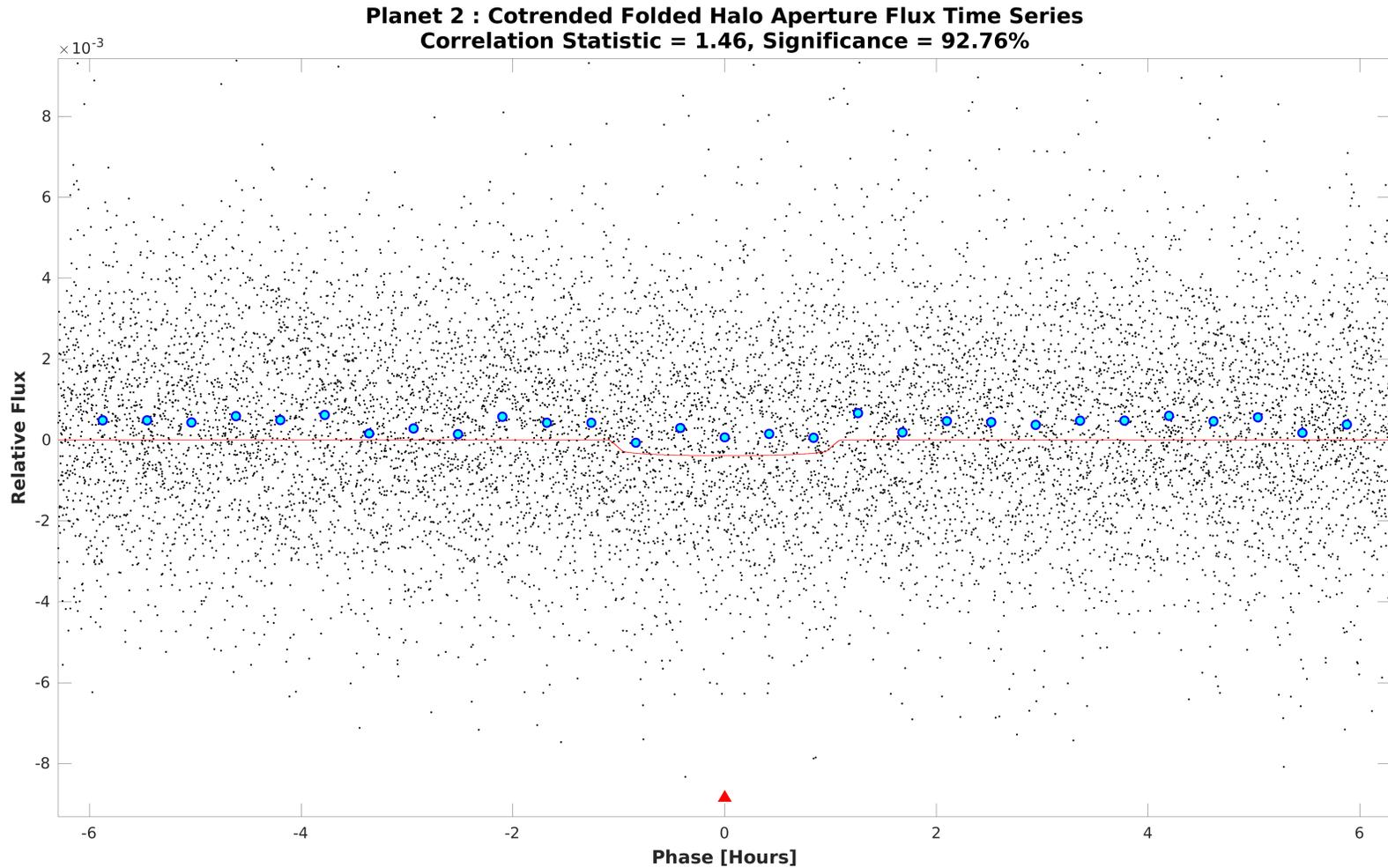
Bootstrap results for target 100100827, planet 2. Cumulative sum of the probabilities (derived from the histogram of counts) from upper tail to the search transit threshold; false alarm probability is indicated by the star. The Gaussian equivalent threshold for this false alarm probability is 10.8647. The threshold on this distribution that achieves the same false alarm rate as a 7.1 sigma threshold on a Gaussian distribution is 8.8743.

Open `./planet-02/bootstrap-results/0000000100100827-02-bootstrap-false-alarm.fig`



Optical ghost diagnostic core aperture flux time series for target 100100827, planet candidate 2. The unwhitened time series is phase folded at the orbital period associated with the planet candidate and centered on the epoch of the first transit. The time series was first cotrended against spacecraft engineering data, motion proxies, and/or cotrending basis vectors (CBVs) to remove systematic effects. Flux time series data represent the mean per pixel flux in the core or haloaperture; phase folded data points are shown in the figure with black dots. Binned and averaged phase folded flux values are marked with filled blue circles. The unwhitened transit model light curve is displayed in the figure with a red line. The value and significance of the core aperture correlation statistic are displayed in the figure title if the statistic was successfully computed.

Open `./planet-02/ghost-diagnostic-results/0000000100100827-02-core-unwhitened-cotrended-zoomed-model.fig`

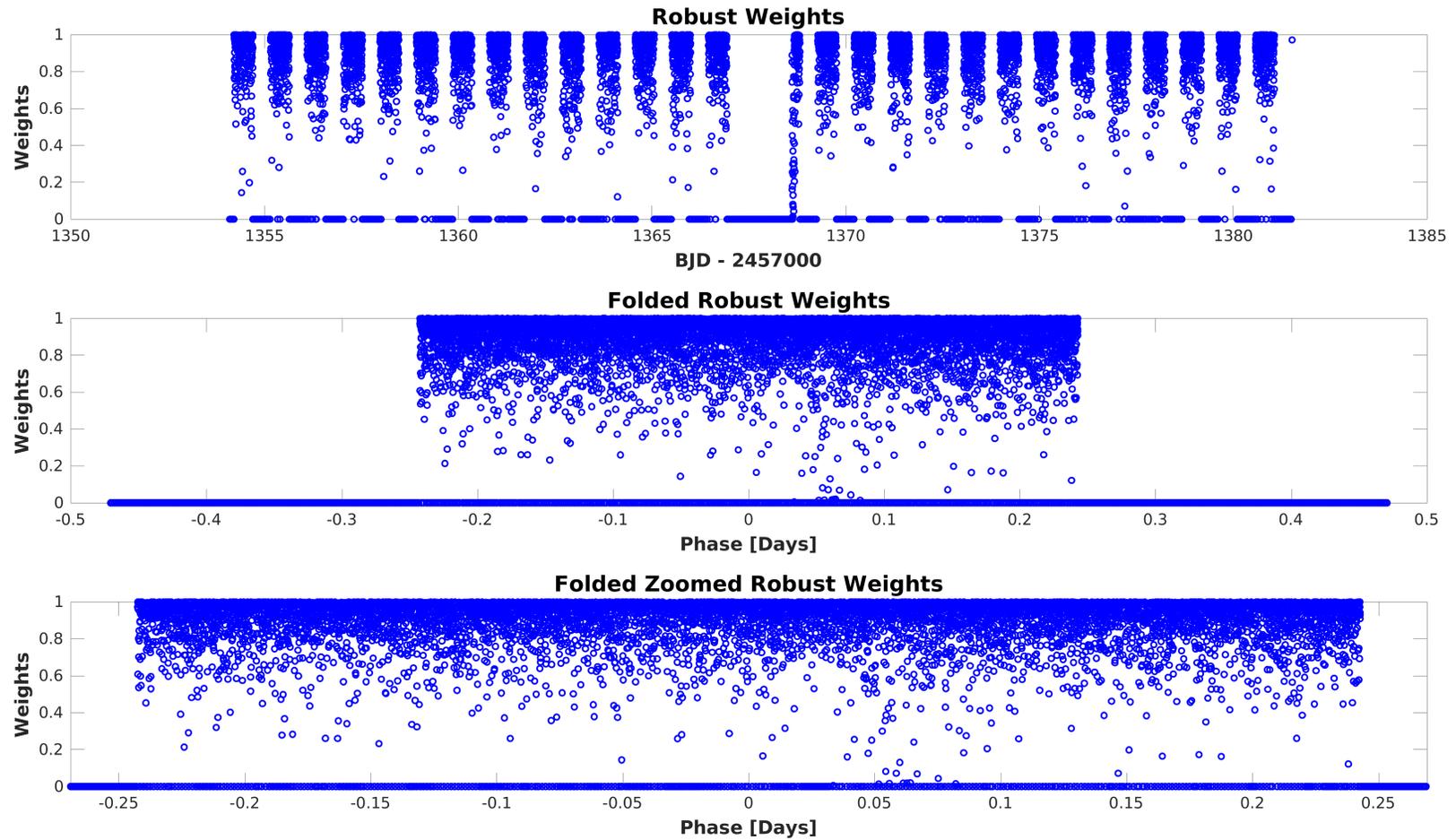


Optical ghost diagnostic halo aperture flux time series for target 100100827, planet candidate 2. The unwhitened time series is phase folded at the orbital period associated with the planet candidate and centered on the epoch of the first transit. The time series was first cotrended against spacecraft engineering data, motion proxies, and/or cotrending basis vectors (CBVs) to remove systematic effects. Flux time series data represent the mean per pixel flux in the core or haloaperture; phase folded data points are shown in the figure with black dots. Binned and averaged phase folded flux values are marked with filled blue circles. The unwhitened transit model light curve is displayed in the figure with a red line. The value and significance of the halo aperture correlation statistic are displayed in the figure title if the statistic was successfully computed.

Open `./planet-02/ghost-diagnostic-results/000000100100827-02-halo-unwhitened-cotrended-zoomed-model.fig`

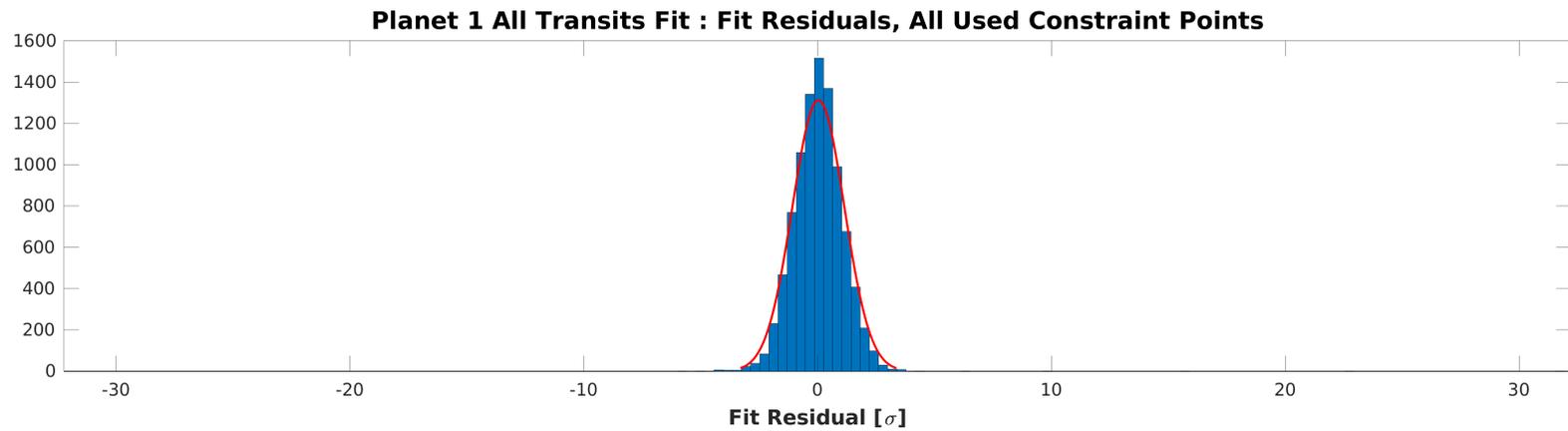
## Appendix A Planet Candidate 1

### A.1 Model Fitter: All Transits



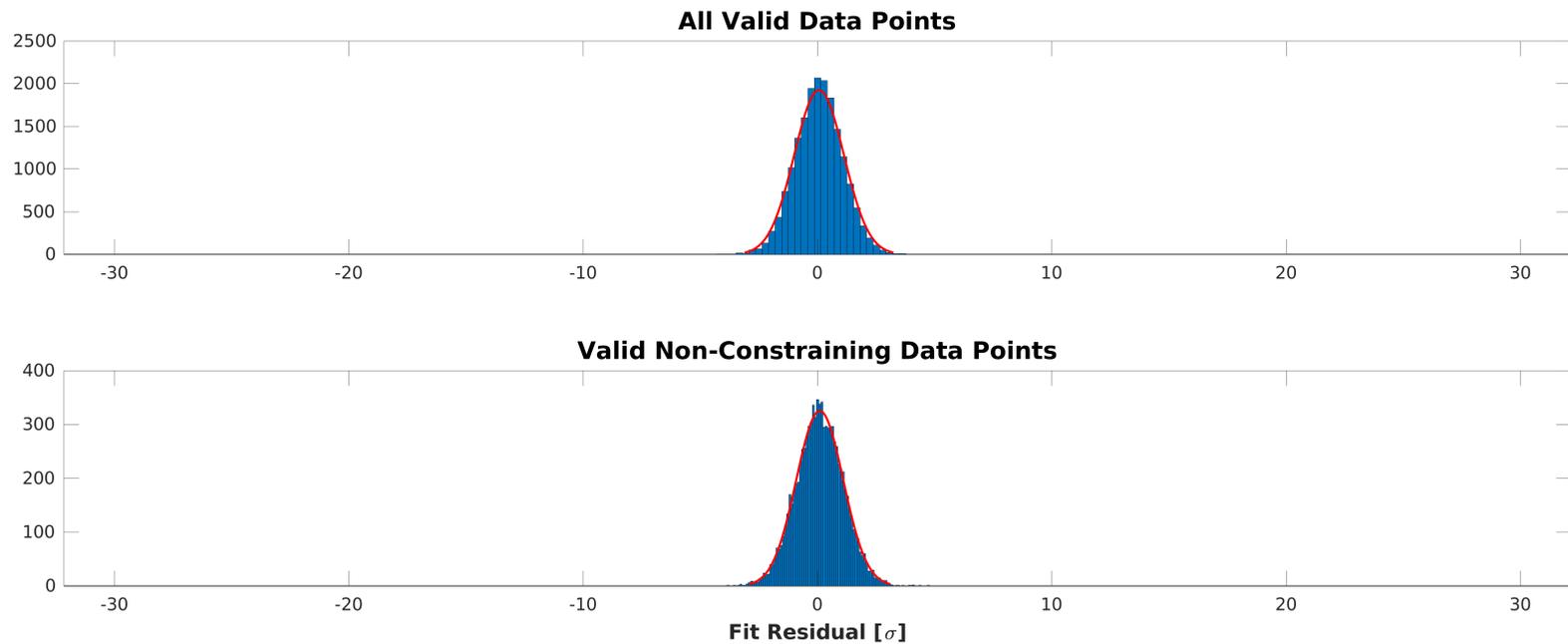
Robust weights distribution for CatId 100100827, Planet candidate 1. Top plot: all data points. Middle plot: all data points, folded per the fitted period and epoch. Bottom plot: all data points, folded and zoomed.

Open `./planet-01/planet-search-and-model-fitting-results/all-transits-fit/0000000100100827-01-all-robust-weights.fig`



Fit residuals distribution for CatId 100100827, Planet candidate 1. Only the valid data points used to constrain the fit are shown here. A Gaussian fit to the histogram is shown in red.

Open `./planet-01/planet-search-and-model-fitting-results/all-transits-fit/0000000100100827-01-all-histo-used.fig`



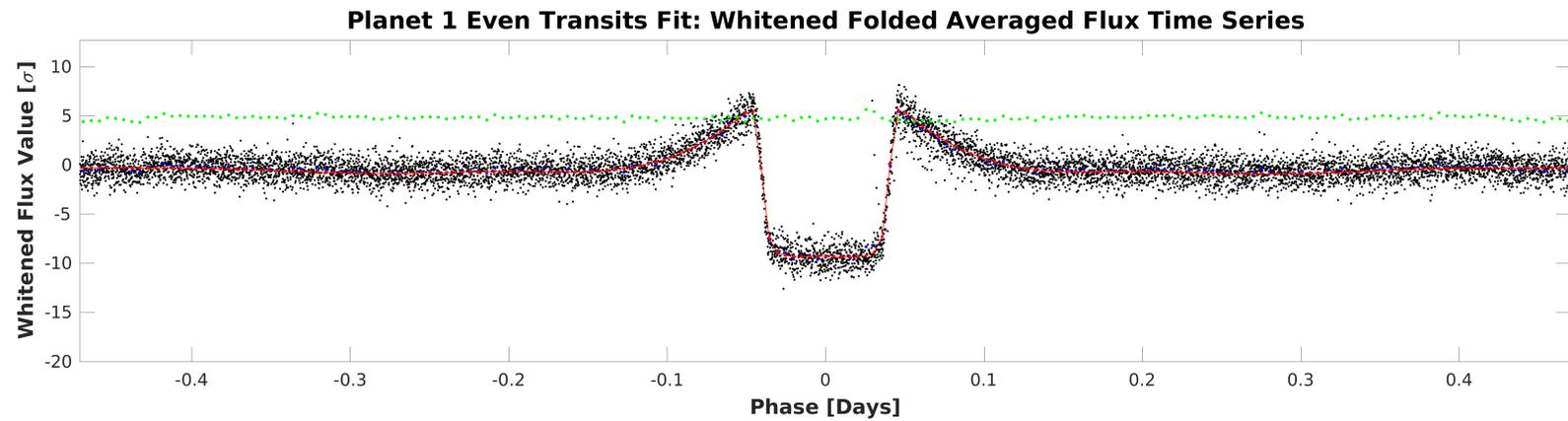
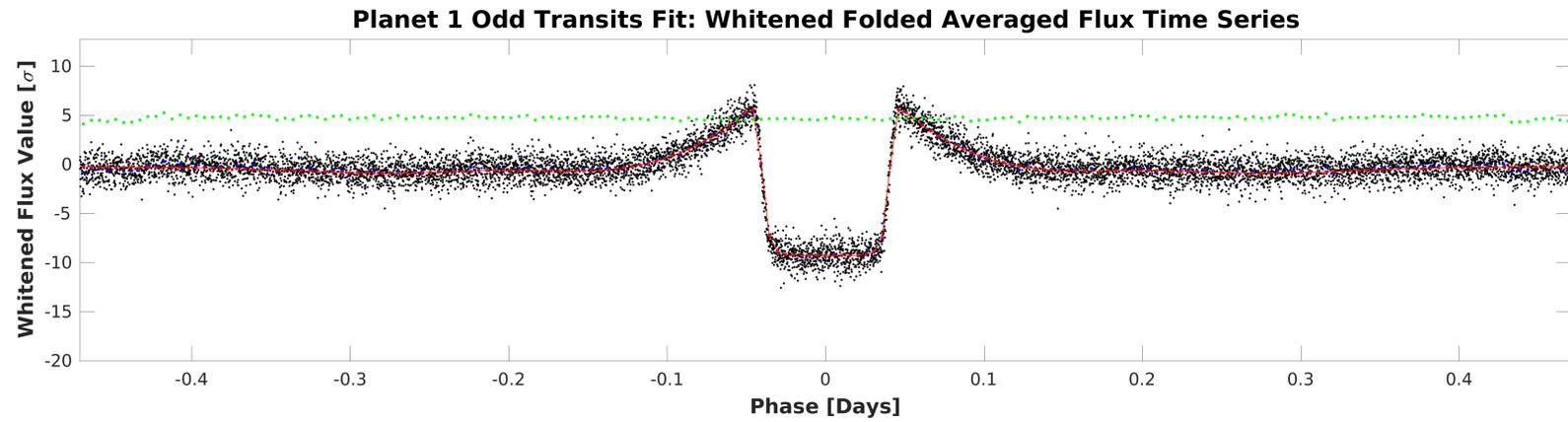
Fit residuals distribution for CatId 100100827, Planet candidate 1. Top plot: all valid data. Bottom plot: valid data not used to constrain fit (due to distance from a transit). Gaussian fits to the histograms are shown in red.

Open `./planet-01/planet-search-and-model-fitting-results/all-transits-fit/0000000100100827-01-all-histo-all-and-unused.fig`

## A.2 Model Fitter: Odd &amp; Even Transits

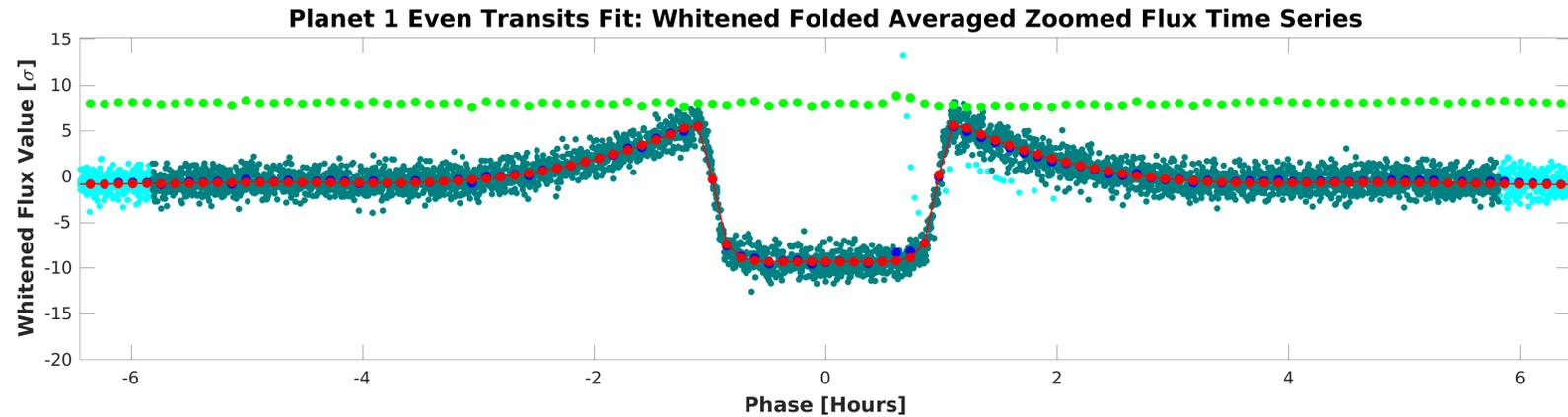
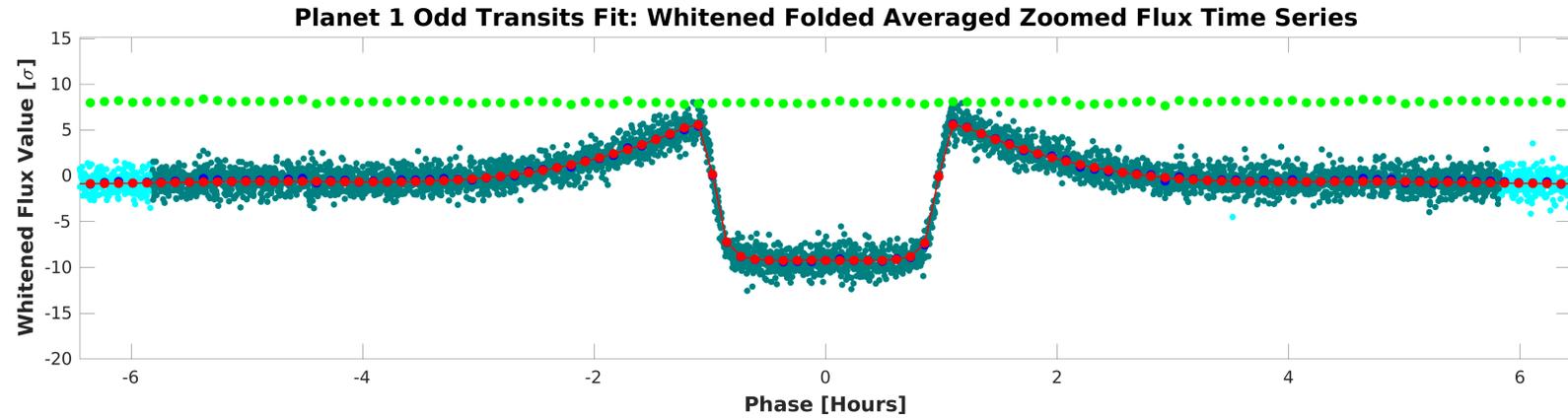
Parameter	Odd Transits Value	Odd Transits Uncertainty	Even Transits Value	Even Transits Uncertainty	Units	$\frac{\text{Difference}}{\ \text{Uncertainty}\ }$
SNR	263.2		249.1			
Orbital Period	0.9414592	5.4355e-06	0.9414528	6.1264e-06	days	7.8609e-01
Transit Epoch	1354.4578587	8.6534e-05	1355.3993901	9.0012e-05	BTJD	5.9719e-01
Impact Parameter	0.0006	3.5404e+01	0.1749	1.0591e-01		4.9236e-03
Planet Radius to Star Radius Ratio	0.0963877	3.7992e-04	0.0970269	3.7747e-04		1.1935e+00
Semi-major Axis to Star Radius Ratio	3.7249	6.9125e-02	3.6659	6.4787e-02		6.2350e-01
Planet Radius	12.9428	5.1015e-02	13.0287	5.0687e-02	Earth radii	1.1935e+00
Semi-major Axis	0.0204	7.8629e-08	0.0204	8.8623e-08	AU	7.8609e-01
Effective Stellar Flux	5449.3681	4.1949e-02	5449.4178	4.7282e-02	Goldilocks	7.8609e-01
Equilibrium Temperature	2191	4.2172e-03	2191	4.7533e-03	Kelvin	7.8609e-01
Stellar Density	0.7834	4.3611e-02	0.7467	3.9588e-02	Solar density	6.2261e-01
Transit Depth	10640	4.1322e+01	10730	4.3724e+01	ppm	1.4985e+00
Transit Duration	2.1488	8.4381e-03	2.1595	8.4029e-03	hours	9.0079e-01
Transit Ingress Duration	0.1932	8.4385e-03	0.2010	8.3944e-03	hours	6.5470e-01
Eccentricity	0.0000	0.0000e+00	0.0000	0.0000e+00		
Peri Longitude	0.0000	0.0000e+00	0.0000	0.0000e+00	degrees	
Model Chi Square Statistic (DoF)	7012.9 (8572.8)		7012.9 (8572.8)			

DoF: Degrees of Freedom



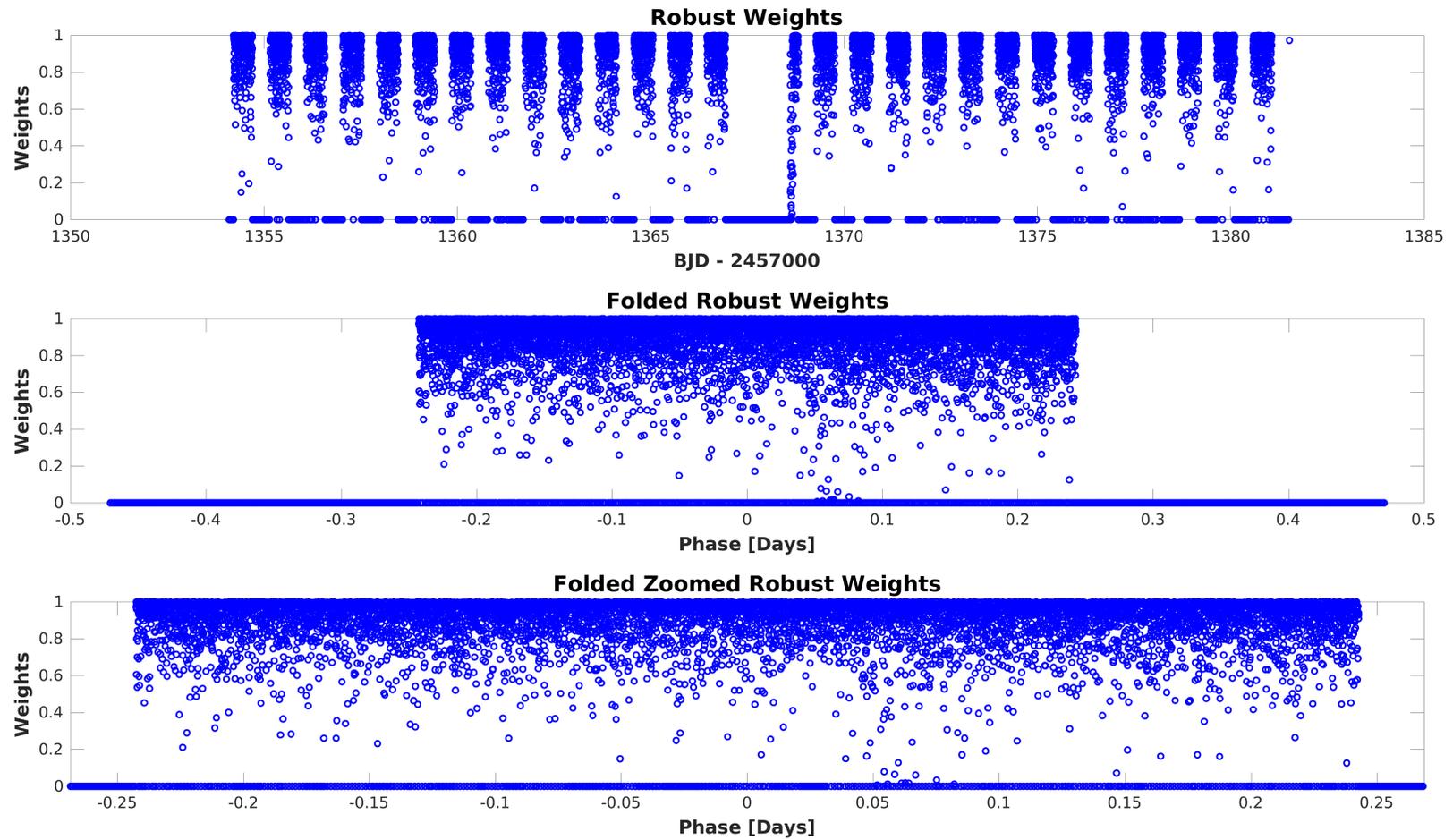
Folded flux time series for CatId 100100827, Planet candidate 1 in the whitened domain is plotted in black dots. Values are averaged into 1 cadence wide bins. The blue dots represent the averaged values of the folded flux time series; the red dots represent the averaged values of the folded model light curve of the odd/even transits fit; the green dots are the averaged folded fit residuals, vertically offset for clarity. Odd-even transits fit completed with full convergence.

Open `./planet-01/planet-search-and-model-fitting-results/odd-even-transits-fit/0000000100100827-01-odd-even-whitened.fig`



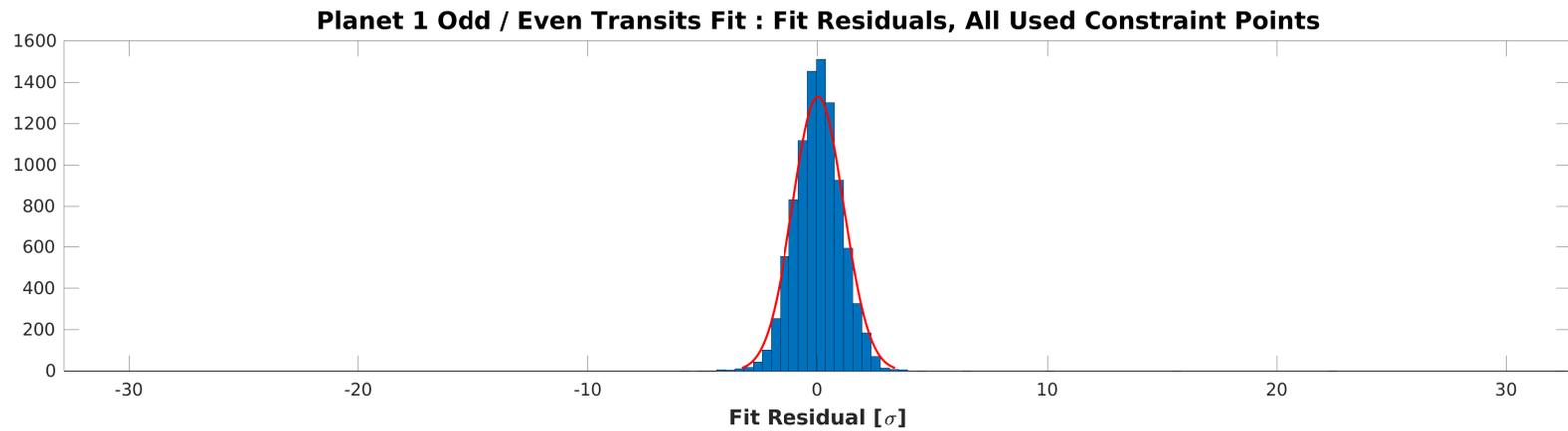
Folded flux time series for CatId 100100827, Planet candidate 1 in the whitened domain, zoomed on the transit. The flux data whose robust weights are larger/smaller than 0.1 are plotted in dark green/cyan dots, respectively. Values are averaged into 1 cadence wide bins. The blue dots represent the averaged values of the folded flux time series; the red dots represent the averaged values of the fitted model light curve of the odd/even transits fit; the green dots are the averaged folded fit residuals, vertically offset for clarity. Magenta dots are the averaged values of the folded flux time series, with a phase shift of 0.5 relative to the blue dots, vertically offset for clarity. Odd-even transits fit completed with full convergence.

Open `./planet-01/planet-search-and-model-fitting-results/odd-even-transits-fit/0000000100100827-01-odd-even-whitened-zoomed.fig`



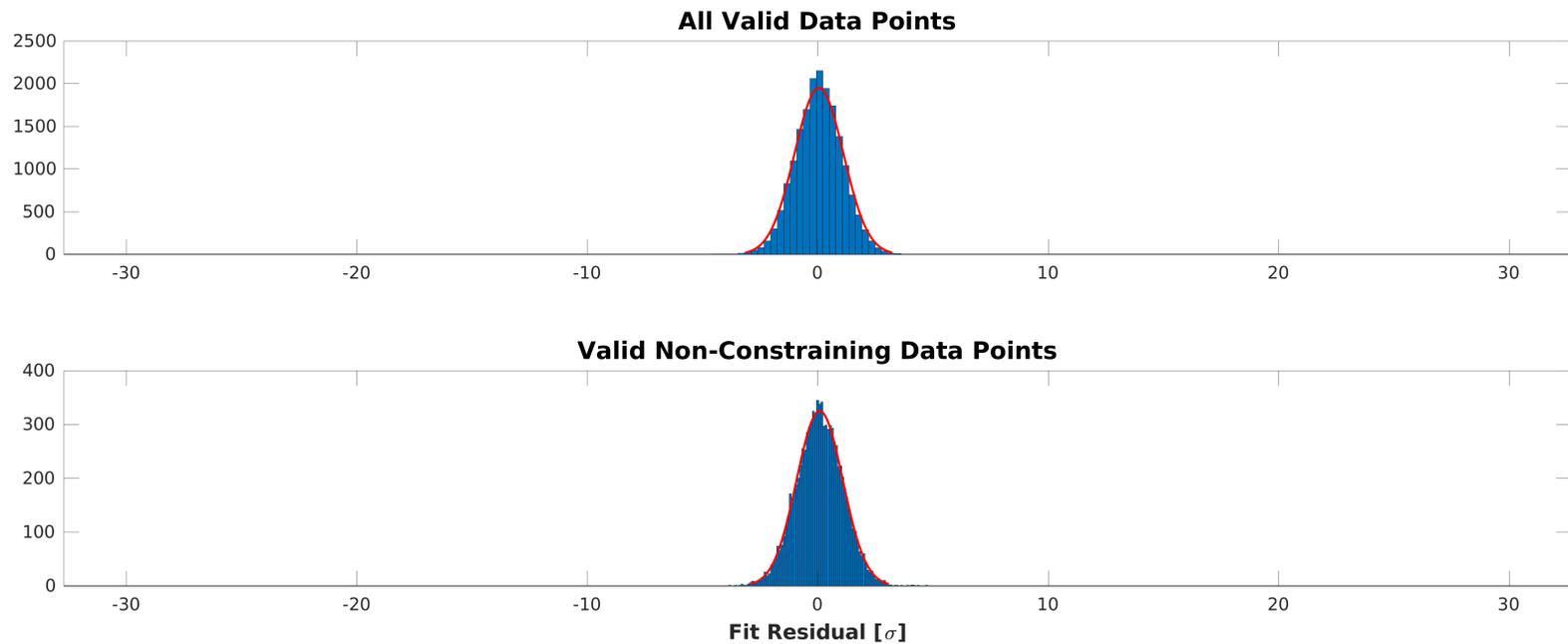
Robust weights distribution for CatId 100100827, Planet candidate 1. Top plot: all data points. Middle plot: all data points, folded per the fitted period and epoch. Bottom plot: all data points, folded and zoomed.

Open `./planet-01/planet-search-and-model-fitting-results/odd-even-transits-fit/0000000100100827-01-odd-even-robust-weights.fig`



Fit residuals distribution for CatId 100100827, Planet candidate 1. Only the valid data points used to constrain the fit are shown here. A Gaussian fit to the histogram is shown in red.

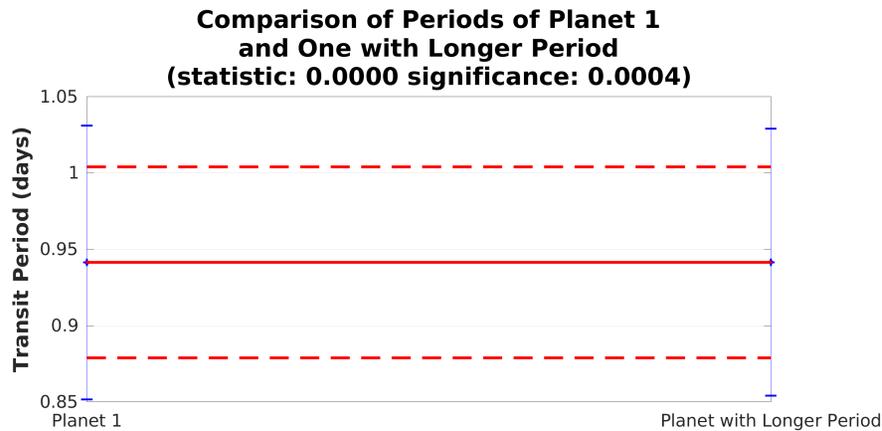
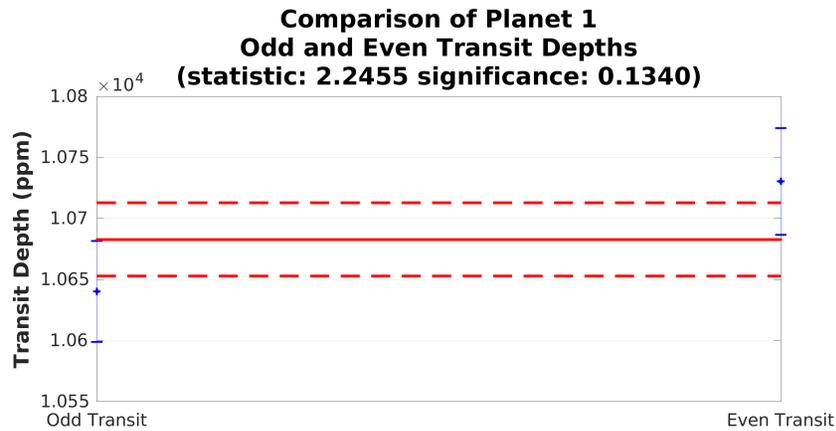
Open `./planet-01/planet-search-and-model-fitting-results/odd-even-transits-fit/0000000100100827-01-odd-even-histo-used.fig`



Fit residuals distribution for CatId 100100827, Planet candidate 1. Top plot: all valid data. Bottom plot: valid data not used to constrain fit (due to distance from a transit). Gaussian fits to the histograms are shown in red.

Open `./planet-01/planet-search-and-model-fitting-results/odd-even-transits-fit/0000000100100827-01-odd-even-histo-all-and-unused.fig`

### A.3 Eclipsing Binary Discrimination Test

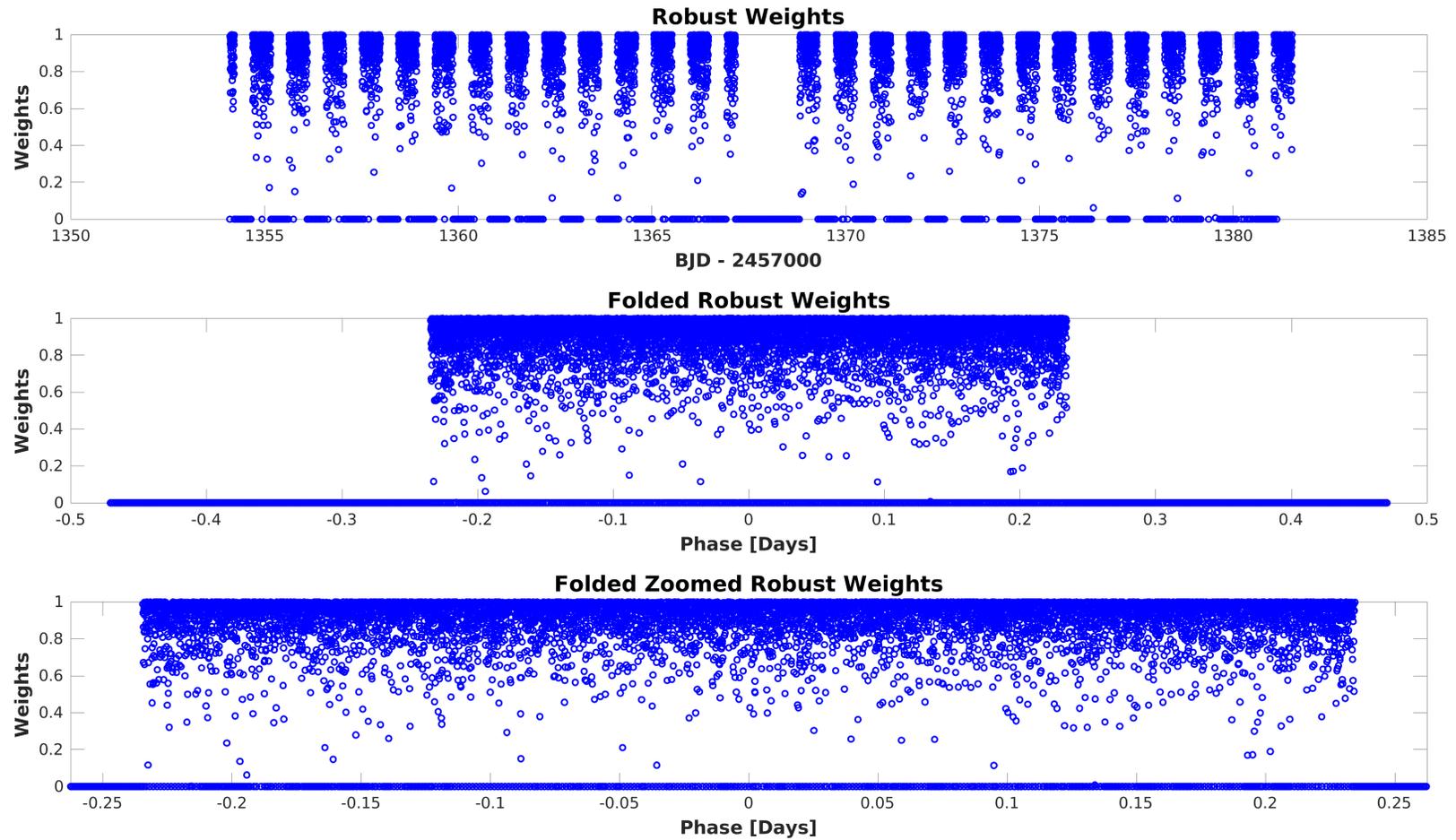


Top-left: Diagnostic plot of Odd/Even Transit Depth Test for catId 100100827, planet 1. A significance level close to 1/0 favors a transiting planet/an eclipsing binary.  
 Bottom-left: Diagnostic plot of Orbital Period Test for catId 100100827. Orbital periods of planet 1 and the planet with longer period are compared. A significance level close to 1/0 favors a transiting planet/an eclipsing binary.

Open `./planet-01/binary-discrimination-test-results/0000000100100827-01-eclipsing-binary-discrimination-tests.fig`

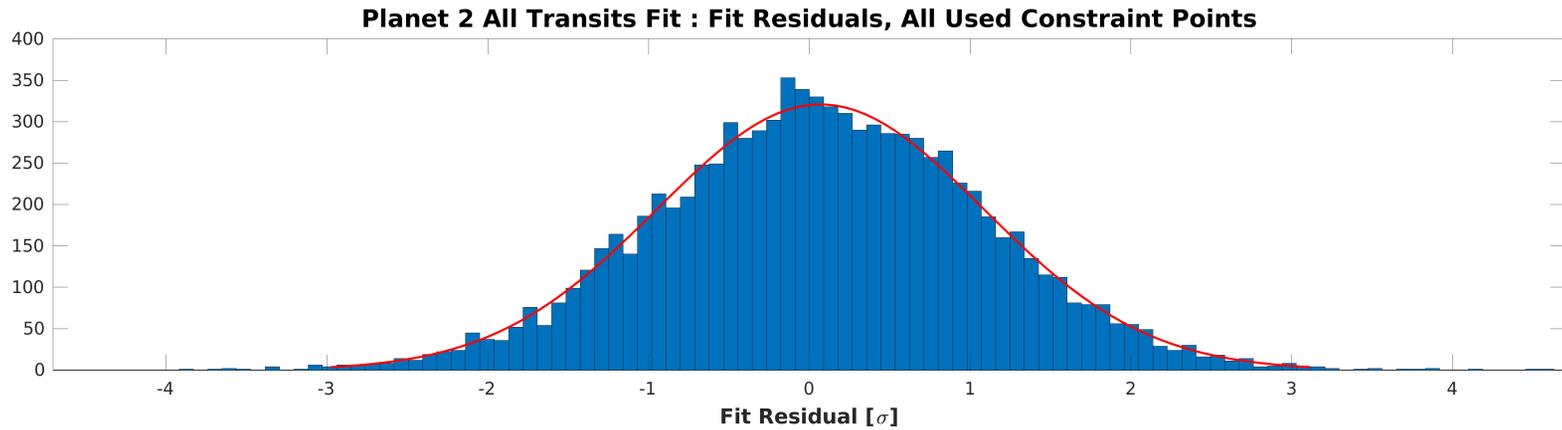
## Appendix B Planet Candidate 2

### B.1 Model Fitter: All Transits



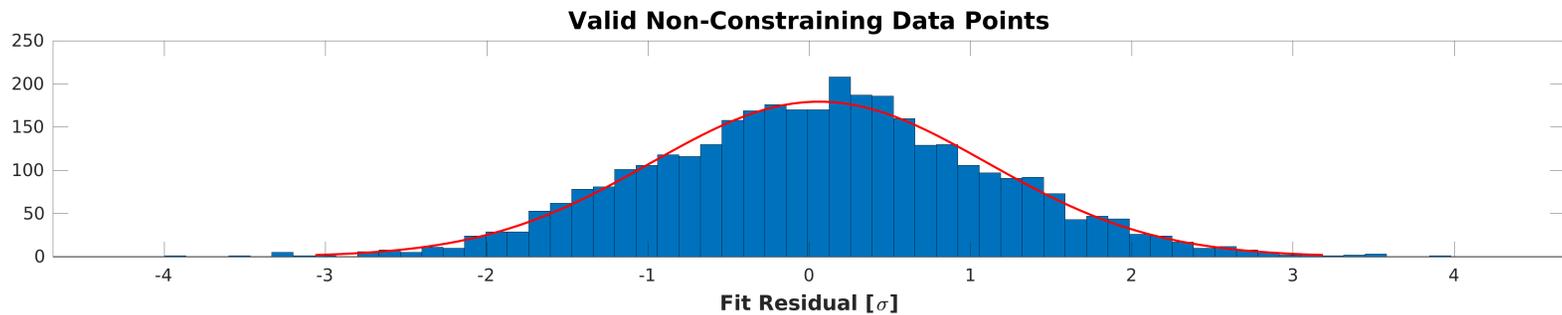
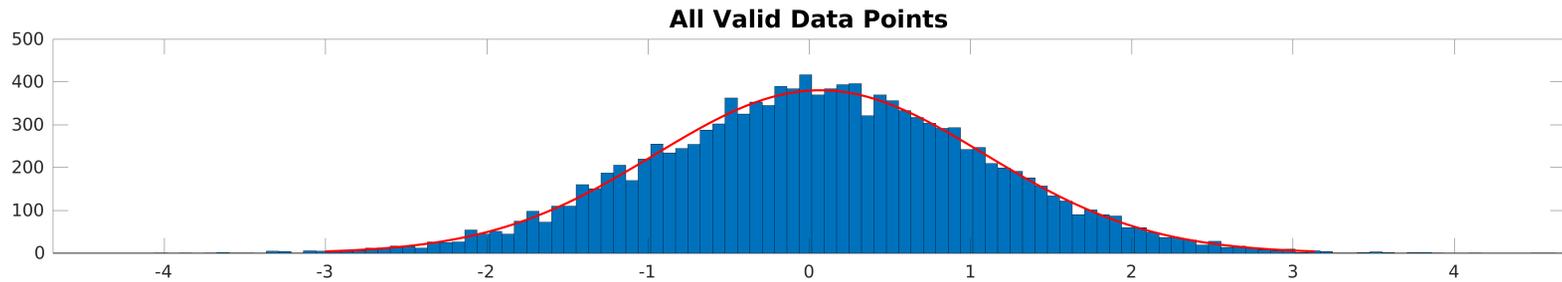
Robust weights distribution for CatId 100100827, Planet candidate 2. Top plot: all data points. Middle plot: all data points, folded per the fitted period and epoch. Bottom plot: all data points, folded and zoomed.

Open `./planet-02/planet-search-and-model-fitting-results/all-transits-fit/0000000100100827-02-all-robust-weights.fig`



Fit residuals distribution for CatId 100100827, Planet candidate 2. Only the valid data points used to constrain the fit are shown here. A Gaussian fit to the histogram is shown in red.

Open `./planet-02/planet-search-and-model-fitting-results/all-transits-fit/0000000100100827-02-all-histo-used.fig`



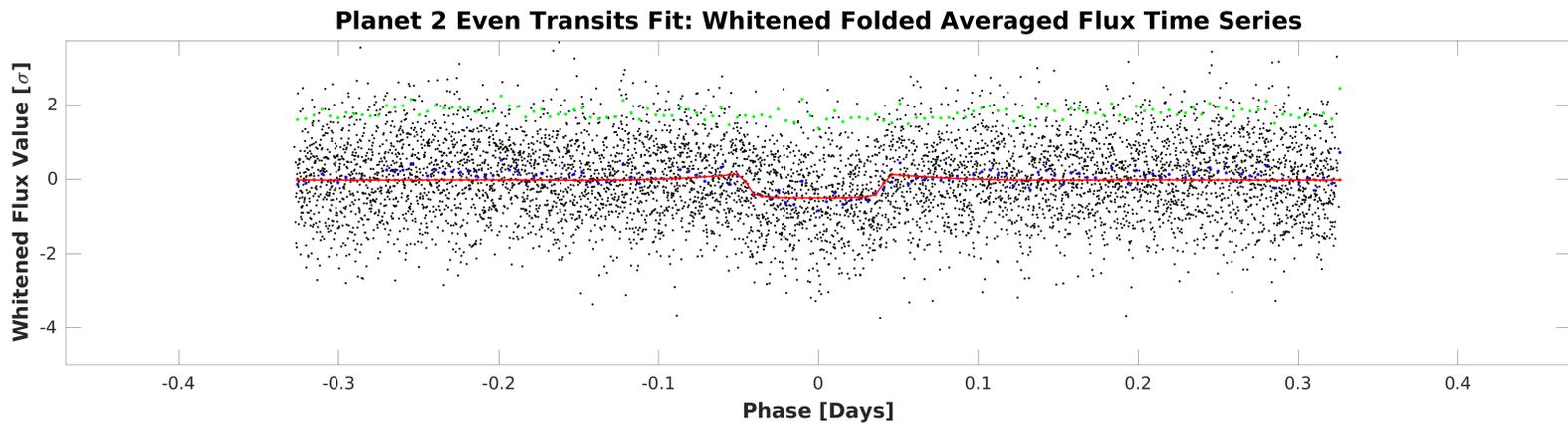
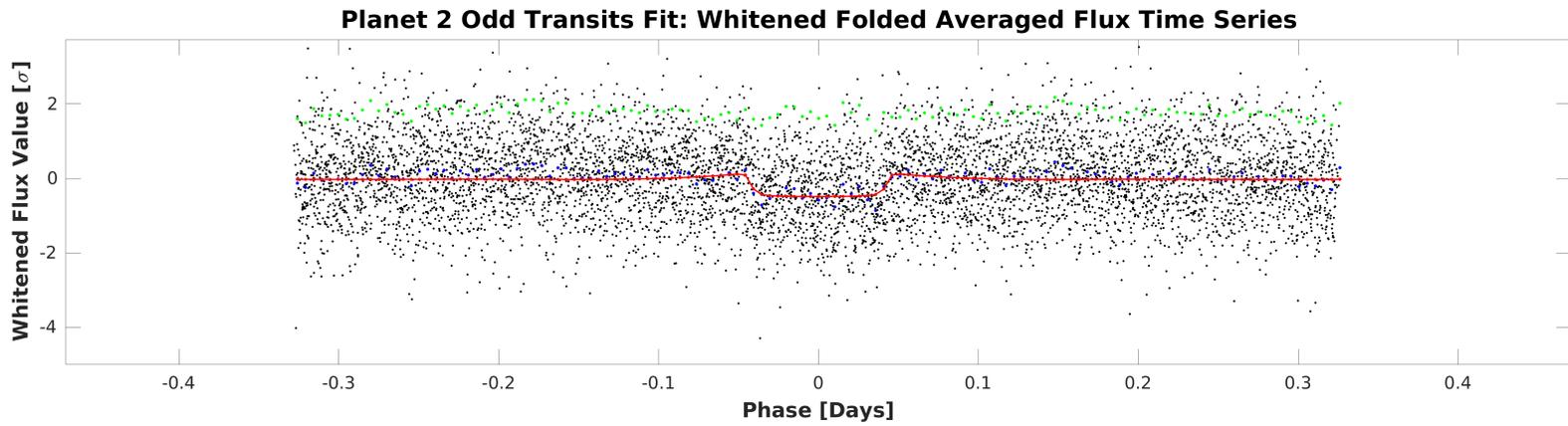
Fit residuals distribution for CatId 100100827, Planet candidate 2. Top plot: all valid data. Bottom plot: valid data not used to constrain fit (due to distance from a transit). Gaussian fits to the histograms are shown in red.

Open `./planet-02/planet-search-and-model-fitting-results/all-transits-fit/0000000100100827-02-all-histo-all-and-unused.fig`

## B.2 Model Fitter: Odd &amp; Even Transits

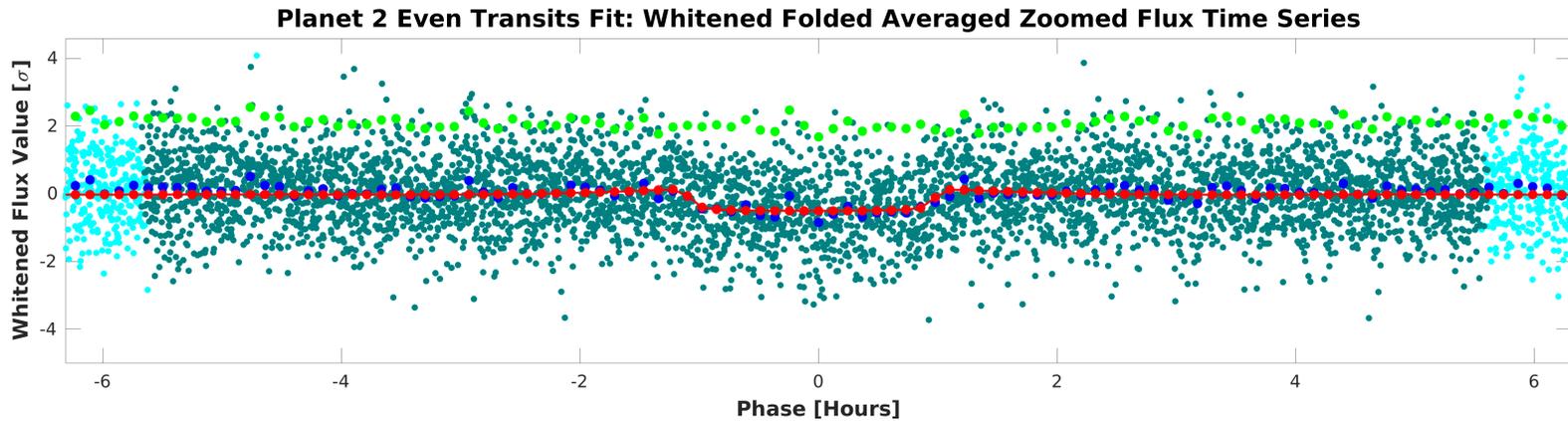
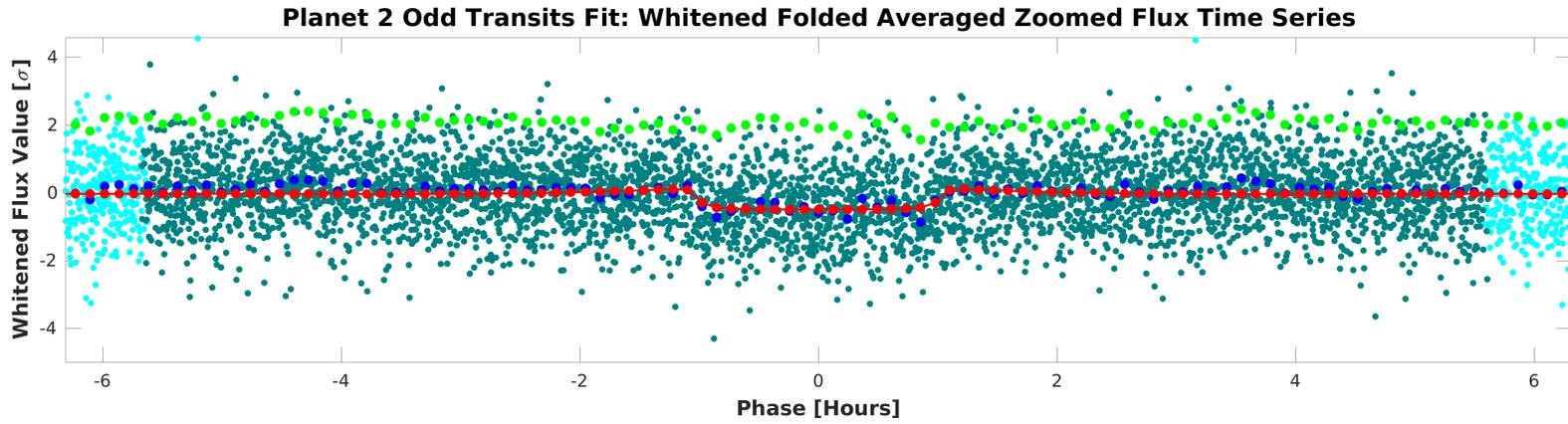
Parameter	Odd Transits Value	Odd Transits Uncertainty	Even Transits Value	Even Transits Uncertainty	Units	$\frac{\text{Difference}}{\ \text{Uncertainty}\ }$
SNR	13.2		13.1			
Orbital Period	0.9415895	1.1153e-04	0.9414677	1.1521e-04	days	7.5903e-01
Transit Epoch	1354.9281031	1.7150e-03	1355.8689879	1.6692e-03	BTJD	2.6491e-01
Impact Parameter	0.3914	8.5683e+00	0.2868	1.5584e+01		5.8818e-03
Planet Radius to Star Radius Ratio	0.0185308	1.1162e-02	0.0187760	1.3901e-02		1.3755e-02
Semi-major Axis to Star Radius Ratio	3.2830	1.1747e+01	3.3908	1.5012e+01		5.6591e-03
Planet Radius	2.4883	1.4989e+00	2.5212	1.8666e+00	Earth radii	1.3755e-02
Semi-major Axis	0.0204	1.6133e-06	0.0204	1.6666e-06	AU	7.5903e-01
Effective Stellar Flux	5448.3630	8.6048e-01	5449.3022	8.8915e-01	Goldilocks	7.5903e-01
Equilibrium Temperature	2191	8.6517e-02	2191	8.9388e-02	Kelvin	7.5903e-01
Stellar Density	0.5362	5.7556e+00	0.5909	7.8486e+00	Solar density	5.6266e-03
Transit Depth	384	3.1405e+01	399	3.2781e+01	ppm	3.3217e-01
Transit Duration	2.1051	3.6307e-01	2.1112	4.1428e-01	hours	1.1116e-02
Transit Ingress Duration	0.0463	3.9410e-01	0.0435	4.5508e-01	hours	4.6798e-03
Eccentricity	0.0000	0.0000e+00	0.0000	0.0000e+00		
Peri Longitude	0.0000	0.0000e+00	0.0000	0.0000e+00	degrees	
Model Chi Square Statistic (DoF)	7071.5 (8347.3)		7071.5 (8347.3)			

DoF: Degrees of Freedom



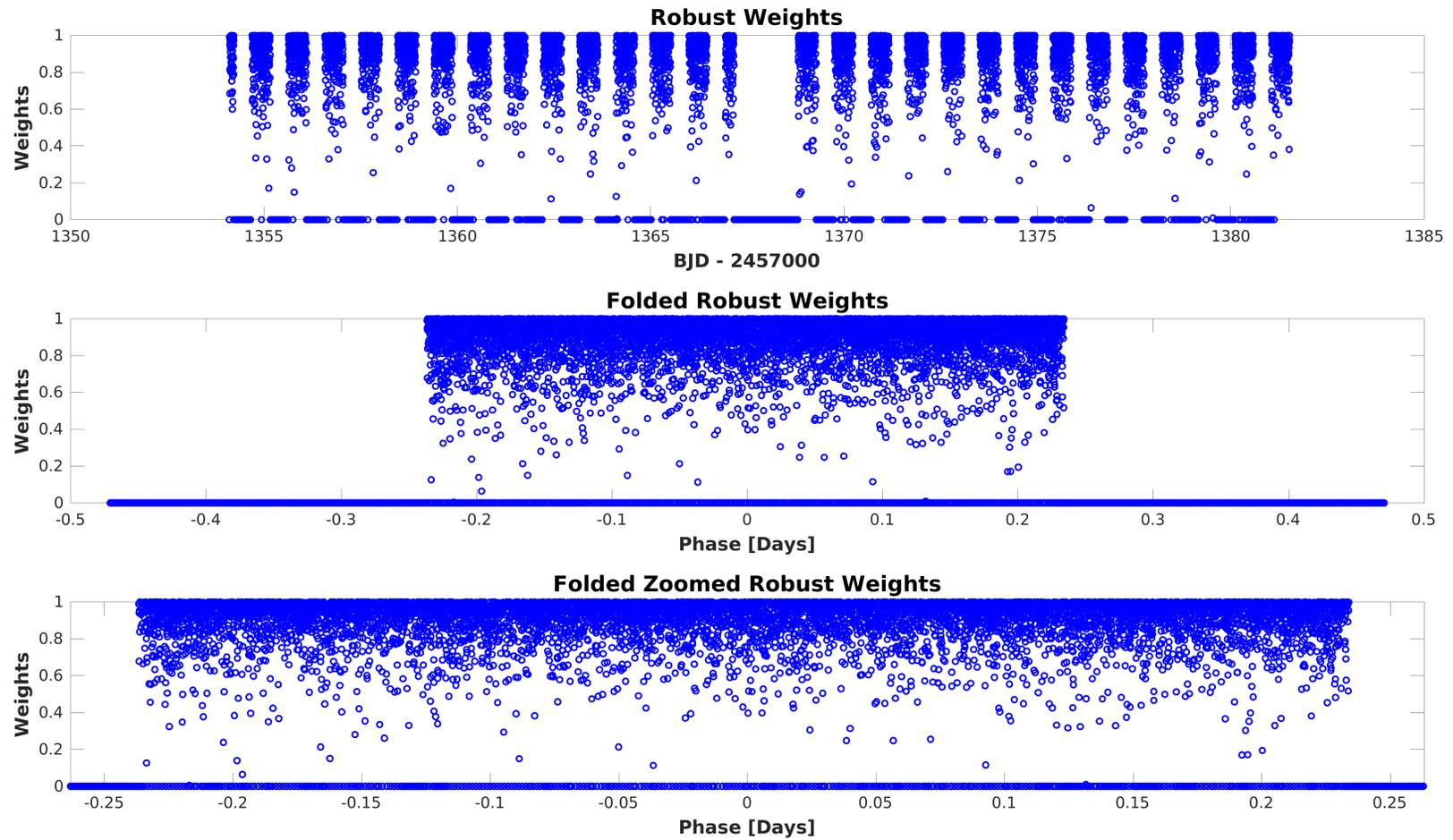
Folded flux time series for CatId 100100827, Planet candidate 2 in the whitened domain is plotted in black dots. Values are averaged into 1 cadence wide bins. The blue dots represent the averaged values of the folded flux time series; the red dots represent the averaged values of the folded model light curve of the odd/even transits fit; the green dots are the averaged folded fit residuals, vertically offset for clarity. Odd-even transits fit completed with full convergence.

Open `./planet-02/planet-search-and-model-fitting-results/odd-even-transits-fit/0000000100100827-02-odd-even-whitened.fig`



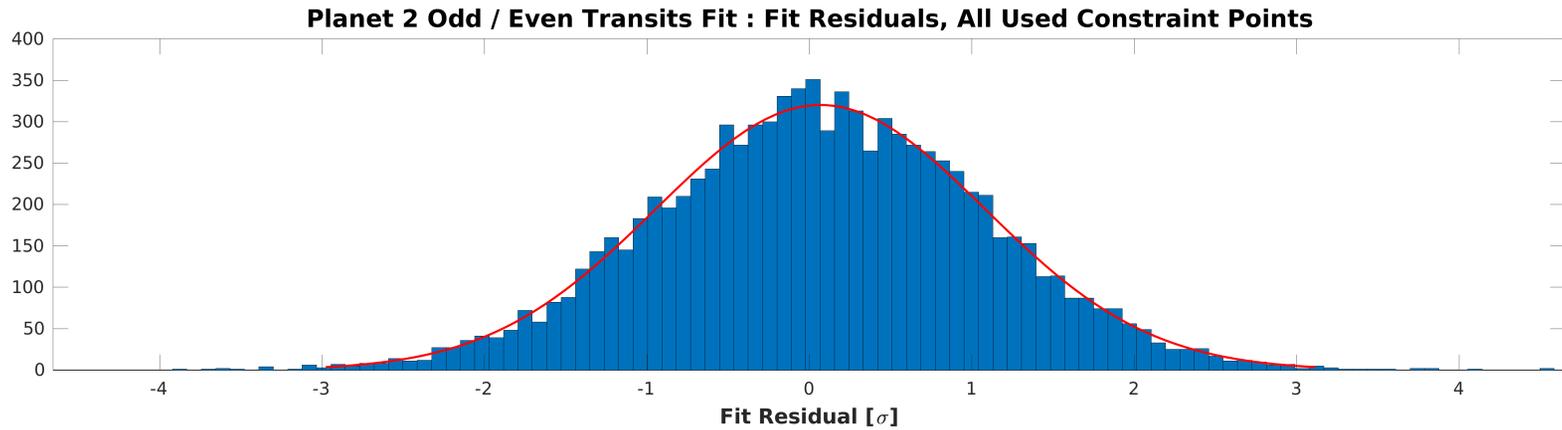
Folded flux time series for CatId 100100827, Planet candidate 2 in the whitened domain, zoomed on the transit. The flux data whose robust weights are larger/smaller than 0.1 are plotted in dark green/cyan dots, respectively. Values are averaged into 1 cadence wide bins. The blue dots represent the averaged values of the folded flux time series; the red dots represent the averaged values of the fitted model light curve of the odd/even transits fit; the green dots are the averaged folded fit residuals, vertically offset for clarity. Magenta dots are the averaged values of the folded flux time series, with a phase shift of 0.5 relative to the blue dots, vertically offset for clarity. Odd-even transits fit completed with full convergence.

Open `./planet-02/planet-search-and-model-fitting-results/odd-even-transits-fit/0000000100100827-02-odd-even-whitened-zoomed.fig`



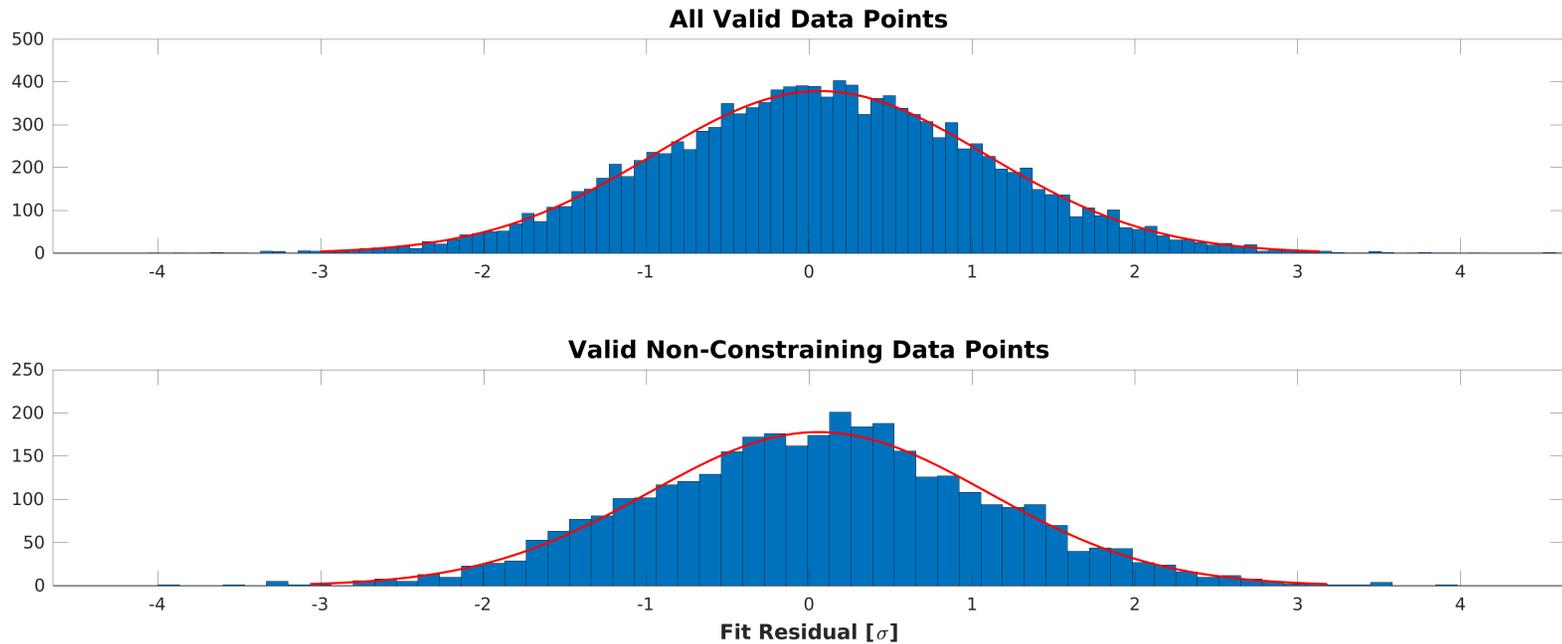
Robust weights distribution for CatId 100100827, Planet candidate 2. Top plot: all data points. Middle plot: all data points, folded per the fitted period and epoch. Bottom plot: all data points, folded and zoomed.

Open `./planet-02/planet-search-and-model-fitting-results/odd-even-transits-fit/0000000100100827-02-odd-even-robust-weights.fig`



Fit residuals distribution for CatId 100100827, Planet candidate 2. Only the valid data points used to constrain the fit are shown here. A Gaussian fit to the histogram is shown in red.

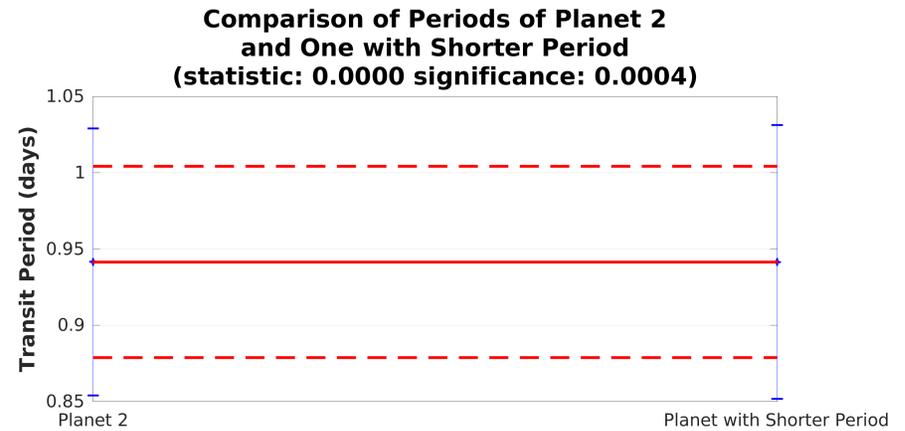
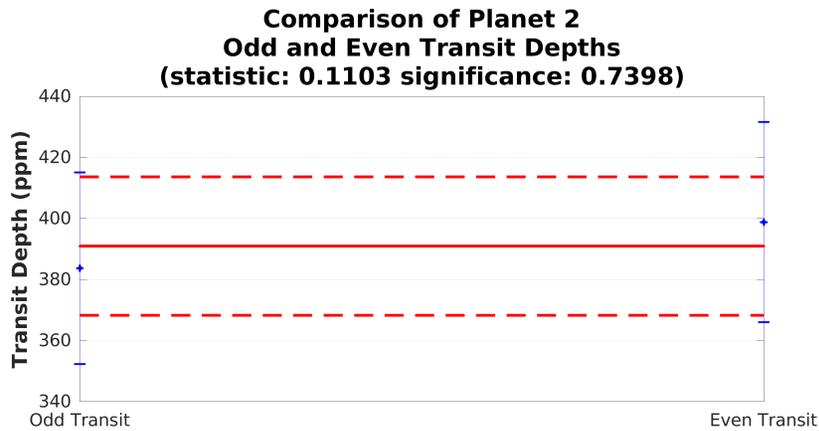
Open `./planet-02/planet-search-and-model-fitting-results/odd-even-transits-fit/0000000100100827-02-odd-even-histo-used.fig`



Fit residuals distribution for CatId 100100827, Planet candidate 2. Top plot: all valid data. Bottom plot: valid data not used to constrain fit (due to distance from a transit). Gaussian fits to the histograms are shown in red.

Open `./planet-02/planet-search-and-model-fitting-results/odd-even-transits-fit/0000000100100827-02-odd-even-histo-all-and-unused.fig`

### B.3 Eclipsing Binary Discrimination Test



Top-left: Diagnostic plot of Odd/Even Transit Depth Test for catId 100100827, planet 2. A significance level close to 1/0 favors a transiting planet/an eclipsing binary.  
 Top-right: Diagnostic plot of Orbital Period Test for catId 100100827. Orbital periods of planet 2 and the planet with shorter period are compared. A significance level close to 1/0 favors a transiting planet/an eclipsing binary.

Open `./planet-02/binary-discrimination-test-results/0000000100100827-02-eclipsing-binary-discrimination-tests.fig`

## Appendix C Alerts

Time	Severity	Message
1396.1816	warning	TOI matching is disabled (target=1, catId=100100827, component=performDvToiMatching)